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Busy people take a newspaper for the news. The world's doings are reported every morning exclusively in The Post by the Associated Press.

The Washington Post.

Today—Cloudy, rain, colder at night.
Tomorrow — Partly cloudy. Fresh south, shifting to west winds.
Yesterday—High, 56; low, 36; 1931, high, 58; low, 53.
Details on back page.

NO. 20,592. ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER, POSTOFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C. WASHINGTON: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1932. COPYRIGHT, 1932, BY THE WASHINGTON POST CO. THREE CENTS.

100,000 CHEER LAVISH PARADE OF HALLOWEEN

44 Floats, 10 Bands and Hundreds of Marchers in Celebration.

RAIN AND THICK JAM MAR DANCE PROGRAM

Police Diligence Prevents Accidents; Prizes to Be Awarded Today.

Parading in honor of Halloween, a stream of lavish floats and elaborately costumed men and women passed through a lane of approximately 100,000 persons last night in Pennsylvania and Constitution avenues.

The second parade ever held in Washington in celebration of Halloween, last night followed last year's example in both color and magnitude. It contained 44 floats, 72 automobiles, 19 animals, 10 bands, 808 marchers and 727 riders.

The climax was reached when the floats and marchers passed the reviewing stand in Constitution avenue. At this point, clowns, Indians, cowboys, mummers and bands summoned all their resources to put on a final and triumphant showing, in an effort to win one of the 30 prizes and trophies.

Jam Balks Dancing.

When the last float passed the reviewing stand, efforts were made to clear two blocks of Constitution avenue for dancing. As was the case last year, the thousands of merry makers milled about the street and the bulk of the crowd converged about the platform occupied by Leon Brusiloff's Orchestra.

Police dived into the crowd to rescue women and young girls who were in danger of being crushed. Good-natured jeers greeted the police when they shouted to the gathering to clear the street. Finally the threat was made that there would be no more music if a space for dancing were not supplied. The crowd then retreated halfway across the broad avenue and the fun went on until rain began falling shortly before 11 o'clock. The dancers soon dispersed.

Judges of floats and marchers also suffered from the general confusion, and they were unable to meet last night to reach a decision on the winners. They will do this today. The prizes will be awarded at 5 p. m. on November 9 in the board room of the District Building.

"Missing Cupola" Float.

The spirit of Halloween and that of the George Washington Bicentennial were contributed in many of the floats and costumes, witches and spooks mingling with the crimson coats and three-cornered hats of colonial soldiers.

Floats that attracted particular attention were those of the Conduit Road Citizens Association depicting a witch by a haunted house fireside, the haunted house of Forest Hills Association, the "missing cupola" of the Taft School, representing the float of the Burroughs Citizens Association, and the colonial tea party pictured in the entry of the Logan-Thomas Circle Citizens Association. An automobile that suffered from a bad case of jitters and threatened to collapse at any moment, created considerable amusement.

Led By Gen. Stephan.

The parade was led by Maj. Gen. Anton Stephan, grand marshal, members of the Greater National Capital Committee and the District Bicen-

Continued on Page 4, Column 6.

Alabama Tornado Kills 1, Hurts 20

Third Twister in Three Years Near Dothan Razes Buildings.

Dothan, Ala., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—A tornado, the third in as many years, swept Cowarts, a village 6 miles east of here today, and killed one person, injured about a score and leveled all buildings in three blocks.

A 6-year-old Negro girl was badly crushed and died in a Dothan hospital soon after the storm passed. Eight of the injured are white persons, who were in such critical condition that they could not be brought here for treatment. Their names were listed as follows:

Mrs. B. R. Forrester, 40; a Mrs. McCartle, 80; B. R. Forrester, Mick Dickerson, 40; Mrs. Mick Dickerson, a small daughter of the Dickersons, Charlie Herrington, 40, and W. D. Watford. A number of Negroes, none of whom was identified, were severely bruised and cut by flying timbers and a number of others received minor injuries.

CAROLINA HOTEL, PINEHURST, N. C.—Opens Nov. 10 for restful days of golf, riding, shooting and outdoor sports in pine-fragrant air. 9-hr. trip.—Advt.

Belin Likely Choice As Envoy to Poland

President Is Expected to Name Former Career Diplomat.

By HAROLD J. T. HORAN.

The appointment of Ferdinand Lammot Belin, former career diplomat as Ambassador to Poland, is expected shortly to be made by President Hoover. The President returns to Washington today from his New York trip and may make the formal announcement at his midday conference.

Mr. Belin will succeed John N. Willys, the millionaire automobile manufacturer, who resigned his post after one year for business reasons. The Polish government has already indicated its acceptance of Mr. Belin by forwarding his agreement which was received at the State Department a few days ago.

The new ambassador to Poland is from Waverly, Pa., but maintains a home in Washington at 1623 Twenty-eighth street. He was playing tennis yesterday when informed of the probability of his nomination and said:

"Well, that's news to me."

Mr. Belin has been in the diplomatic service since 1917, when he was

F. LAMOTT BELIN.

appointed secretary to the American Legation at Peking. Since that time he has been secretary at Istanbul and at Paris and was attached to the American delegation at the London naval conference in 1930.

He has twice resigned from the

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

MADDEN, TURFMAN ENDS LIFE IN STORE

Son of "Wizard" Trainer, in New York, Shops for Gun; Kills Self.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Joseph M. Madden, well-known turfman of Louisville, Ky., committed suicide in a sporting goods store today with a pistol he had a clerk hand him from a showcase.

The reason for his act remained a mystery tonight. The contents of notes to his wife and his attorney, found in his pocket, were not disclosed. He had been staying at a hotel here with Mrs. Madden and their two children, John Edward, 3, and Joseph McKee, 8 months old.

Madden and his brother, Edward, were left an estate of about $2,000,000 by their father, John E. Madden, "wizard of the turf," who died two years ago. It included a horse breeding establishment, which won the elder Madden a world-wide reputation and produced five winners of the Kentucky Derby—Old Rosebud, Sir Barton, Paul Jones, Zev and Flying Ebony.

Nation-Wide Hunt On for Ohio Boy, 8

Two Held in Cleveland for Quiz as Police Grasp at Any Clew.

Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Nine days ago a blue-eyed, sturdy little fellow of 8 said "G'bye" to his "mom" and dropped completely from sight. Today, Ebert Holleron's disappearance has become one of the major mysteries of its kind and his search has grown to Nation-wide proportions.

Admittedly without tangible evidence of his fate, Cleveland detectives are holding two men for questioning. Every rumor, every clew—no matter how faint—has been followed and threshed out by the men hunting Ebert.

Tropical Storm Raging Southeast of San Juan

San Juan, Puerto Rico, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—A Weather Bureau bulletin issued today warned of another tropical storm, apparently 250 to 300 miles southeast of San Juan at 2 p. m. and moving westward with increasing intensity.

Shipping south of the island was warned to prepare for the storm.

FAIRFAX "BAD MAN" CAPTURED BY POSSE

Arrest Ends Reign of Terror and Gun Fights Over Countryside.

Oscar Thompson, who, Fairfax County officials say, is an all-around "bad man" on his own admission, was being held in Fairfax last night in connection with a fight, shooting and reign of terror near Oakton, Va., late Sunday night and early yesterday.

Officials said the affray started with an altercation between Thompson and Amnie German, 23, which developed into a rough and tumble fisticuff. When German attempted to escape, officials said, his car turned over and Thompson, who was in hot pursuit, beat him up again.

Later Thompson is said to have gone to the home of Ben Beckwith and started a fight. When word spread about the countryside concerning the man, neighbors of Beckwith are said to have rallied to Beckwith's assistance and numerous shots were fired, during which Thompson was chased away. Officials report that men, young and old, got their guns and joined in the search.

The pursued man managed to elude the posse Sunday night, but he was found yesterday at noon hidden in a haystack not far from Beckwith's home. It is reported the man had thirteen gunshot wounds in his side and hand, and later examination by a doctor in Fairfax revealed 39 shot wounds, which had healed over.

Sheriff E. P. Kirby said Thompson gave his age as 24 years, and his home as Huntsville, Ky. It is said he

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

9 in Florida Floggings Receive 24 Indictments

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Nine men identified as members of a gang that flogged a score of people here in recent months were indicted today by the Duval County grand jury. Charges set forth included "unlawful assembly to premeditatedly effect death, aggravated assault, false and illegal imprisonment and robbery."

All 24 indictments rendered were in connection with attacks on six persons. Whether indictments would be returned in the other cases could not be ascertained. Those named are J. L. Nettles, W. A. Jackson, Oscar Bessant, J. C. Godwin, E. M. Rabb, C. C. Rabb, Hugh Laseter, L. C. Bowers and Horace Starling.

UNIT MERGING PLAN READIED FOR CONGRESS

Budget Bureau Is Busy Drawing Proposals for Regrouping.

CHANGES EFFECTIVE UNLESS DISAPPROVED

Col. Roop Maintains Silence on Agencies Which Will Be Affected.

By ROBERT C. ALBRIGHT.

The stupendous task of reorganizing the whole Federal service is well under way at the Bureau of the Budget, and recommendations looking to specific regroupings, consolidations and eliminations will be ready when Congress convenes next month.

Col. J. Clawson Roop, Director of the Budget, supervising the investigation at the behest of the President, was silent yesterday on bureaus affected and organization changes planned.

He said he will prepare executive orders necessary for each phase of the realignment in ample time for consideration this session. Lacking congressional disapproval, changes will become effective two months after submission.

May Proceed at Will.

Meantime, the President has authority to proceed at will with consolidations in public health activities, personnel administration, merchant marine, conservation, education, the Mexican Water Commission and "such activities of the War and Navy Departments as may be common to both."

Already he has caused the Federal Radio Commission to be merged with the Radio Division of the Commerce Department and cut down the size of the United States Shipping Board. Two other mergers have been carried out since Congress last met, the Personnel Classification Board with the Civil Service Commission and the Steamboat Inspection Service with the Commerce Department Bureau of Navigation.

Intimations of further groupings planned might be gleaned from reorganization philosophies expressed by the President during the heat of last session's economy debate.

Grouping of Agencies.

Briefly, the President believes:

1. Government agencies should be grouped according to their major purposes, and under "single headed" responsibility.

2. The ten major executive departments and the major regulatory and financial boards and commissions should be maintained.

3. Reorganization should be gradual and systematic.

Applying these principles, the President for example favored consolidating Government construction activities, other than those of a highly specialized character, under one administration. The House revised this recommendation and wrote it into its economy bill. The Senate struck it out.

Under Administrator.

He would like to line up all personnel activities under a personnel administrator, and all public health, merchant marine, educational, agricultural research and conservation

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

Saul Admits He Lied About Lindbergh Case

Madrid, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Jean Saul, arrested in Seville several days ago after he had told acquaintances he knew what happened to the $50,000 Lindbergh ransom, admitted today that all he knew regarding the case he had learned on a train between Toulouse and Bayonne, in France.

Saul said he would talk only to American policemen and declared he was born in the United States on June 26, 1874. The American consulate in Seville had taken no official action in the case when police there said they were sure Saul was not an American citizen.

HOOVER SAYS DEMOCRATIC REGIME WOULD CRUSH AMERICAN SYSTEM; ROOSEVELT, IN BOSTON, ATTACKS FOE FOR "CRACKING WHIP OF FEAR"

Governor States Rival Failed in Promises.

Says Chief Executive Has Brought in Personalities.

The text of Gov. Roosevelt's address will be found on Page 9.

Arena, Boston, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Declaring that some captains of industry were cracking "the whip of fear over the backs of American voters," Franklin D. Roosevelt told Massachusetts voters tonight that President Hoover was abandoning arguments for personalities.

Speaking after a twelve-minute ovation that climaxed a tumultuous reception to the suburban cities of Greater Boston, the Democratic presidential candidate told the crowd of 12,000 that the President had been forced by the response of the people to the Democratic program to recognize that there were two candidates for the White House.

"And then dignity died," he added. "I shall not yield to the temptation to which the President yielded," he said.

Charges Employer Force.

Mr. Roosevelt said a group of industrial leaders were "joining in the chorus of fear initiated by the President, Secretary of Treasury and the Republican national committee."

"They are telling their employes that if they fail to support the administration of President Hoover such jobs as they have will be in danger," he continued.

Again and again the huge arena, well overstuffed with men and women, echoed to shouts, hand-claps and the clatter of bells as Mr. Roosevelt assailed the administration and made occasional references to Alfred E. Smith.

As he pressed down into the heart of his speech, Mr. Roosevelt spoke with a vigor that set the microphones ringing.

Cites Depression Commission.

He charged again that President Hoover had failed to carry out the recommendations of a commission set up in 1921 to study depression, and of which Mr. Hoover was chairman.

"He did not do what in his 1923 report he said ought to be done," the New York Governor said. "And on top of that he did what he said ought not to be done."

"What we need in Washington is less fact-finding and more thinking," he added a few minutes later.

Mr. Roosevelt reiterated various policies on unemployment relief, farm aid, railroad activities and other governmental proposals he has previously outlined.

He stirred clattering applause by an assertion that there had long been overdue a reduction in the hours of work and the number of working days and that the Federal Government should lead the way.

Vacant Gallery Seats.

Before he finished his speech there were many vacant seats in the galleries.

Hours of oratory by the leading Democratic orators of Massachusetts held the attention of the crowd before Gov. Roosevelt arrived.

The speakers included United States Senator David I. Walsh, Gov.

Continued on Page 9, Column 5.

Lancashire Spinners Strike Over Wage Cut

Manchester, England, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Spinners in the Lancashire cotton mills rejected a wage cut of 5 to 8 per cent today and pulled 150,000 men out on strike.

Representatives of the union and the mill owners got together immediately, but they made no headway toward a compromise which might end the walkout. There were no arrangements for further meetings and up to this evening the Ministry of Labor had taken no action.

Highlights on Rivals' Addresses

ROOSEVELT.

Arena, Boston, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Here are some highlights of Gov. Roosevelt's address tonight:

As to "immediate relief:" The first principle is that this Nation owes a positive duty that no one shall be permitted to starve. * * * second, * * * the Federal Government should provide temporary work wherever possible. * * * third, the Federal Government should expedite the actual construction of public works already authorized.

They crack the whip of fear over the backs of American voters. * * * they are willing to throw their country into a chasm to save themselves.

The present leadership in Washington, stands convicted, not because it did not have the means to plan, but fundamentally because it did not have the will to do.

HOOVER.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Some high spots in President Hoover's Madison Square Garden speech tonight:

Our opponents * * * are proposing changes and so-called new deals which would destroy the very foundations of our American system.

Our opponents * * * represent successful pressures of minorities. They would appeal to sectional and group support and thereby impose terrific burdens upon every home in the country.

Men who are going about this country announcing that they are liberals because of their promises to extend the Government in business are not liberals, they are reactionaries.

The protective tariff * * * has been so embedded that its removal has never failed to bring disaster.

STUDENTS MAR VISIT OF HERRIOT TO SPAIN

Officials, However, Aclaim Him; Both Capitals Deny Treaty.

Madrid, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Acclaimed by everyone excepting law students at the University of Madrid who went on strike for the duration of his visit, Premier Edouard Herriot of France was wined and dined today by Spanish officials.

While M. Herriot was visiting the rich Prado Museum and lunching with Premier Azana, the law students broke forth in protest against what they described as "a mission of imperialist war." They decided not to return to their classes until the French premier had departed for home.

The students, taught by Prof. Luis Jiminez Asua, member of the Chamber of Deputies, paraded the streets shouting against war and imperialism. They created such a stir police were forced to disperse them. Immediately afterward they met in a corridor of the university and voted a general strike.

Presumably the strike was brought on by reports that the premier's visit concerned a pact of mutual assistance between France and Spain. These rumors were denied by officials.

London, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Despite official denials in Paris and Madrid, reports persisted in certain diplomatic circles today that France and Spain have negotiated an entente cordiale agreement similar to that between France and England before the war.

The rumor said the Franco-Spanish arrangement was based on extension

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

Several Texans Hurt In Oil District Storm

Henderson, Tex., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—A cyclone struck near Wright City and Turnertown late today, injuring several persons. Eighteen oil derricks were blown down. Two wells, damaged by the high winds, ran wild.

The injured, none believed seriously hurt, were caught by falling timbers. The Methodist Church and a drug store at Wright City were demolished.

UPROARIOUS CROWD OVERFLOWS GARDEN

More Than 21,000 Inside, Several Outside Injured by Pushing Mob.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Thirty minutes after Madison Square Garden's door were opened at 3:25 p. m. for the President's speech, every one of the 21,000 seats was filled, save those held out for the presidential party on the dais. The aisles in the rear and in the balconies held hundreds more, standing and shoving for vantage points.

Outside, hundreds of policemen, mounted and afoot, used nightsticks, horseshoofs and "flying wedges" to keep the crowds away from the entrance.

Every few minutes, the loud speaking system would drone out: "Plenty of seats in Carnegie Hall. You will see the President there."

But the crowds stayed on. On Forty-ninth street a gate was rushed, several heads cracked; but a few managed to get inside.

At 7:30 a song program was started. The arena was a mass of flags and posters. Every woman, it seemed, carried a small flag that waved in time with the songs.

Three tiers of flag-draped balconies reaching to the high roof of the arena were packed and jammed.

At 8:27 p. m. the arrival of Col. William J. Donovan, the Republican nominee for governor, threw the thousands into an uproar that subsided only when Senator Felix Hebert, Eastern chairman of the national committee, was introduced for a few remarks.

Donovan sat beside W. Kingaland

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

Secret Service Agent Seized on Rum Charge

Edwin H. Ingley, 32, of 444 M street northwest, a Secret Service agent attached to the White House, was arrested at Fourteenth and G streets northwest, last night and charged with driving an automobile while drunk.

When taken to the First Precinct Station, Ingley was also charged with failing to change the address on his permit. He was released on a $600 bond. The arrest was made by Policeman R. E. Cross.

President Draws 13 Minutes of Cheering.

Says Churches and School Houses Would Rot.

President Hoover's address is printed in full on Page 8.

Madison Square Garden, New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—President Hoover tonight told a throng which overflowed this huge auditorium that if Franklin D. Roosevelt is elected President of the United States and the Democratic tariff policy adopted "the grass will grow in the streets of a hundred cities."

Cheered to the echo as he climaxed his bid here tonight for the East's electoral votes—after a day of active campaigning along the Atlantic seaboard—the President asserted that "to embark upon this inchoate new deal which has been propounded in this campaign would be to undermine and destroy our American system."

The hall was a wildly waving mass of American flags when Mr. Hoover entered. Cheers and shouts lasted for thirteen minutes.

Heckler Is Ejected.

During his swing today through five States, the Chief Executive was riotously received at many stops, but twice, at Philadelphia and Newark, boos were heard, and tonight a heckler was ejected from the Garden.

Calling upon his audience to "look into the types of leaders who are campaigning for the Democratic ticket," the President listed Senators Norris, of Nebraska; La Follette, of Wisconsin; Cutting, of New Mexico, all Progressive Republicans; Senators Long, of Louisiana, and Wheeler, of Montana, Democrats, and William Randolph Hearst, publisher.

Boos came from the audience as the President named these men, whose zeal, he said, "indicates that they have sure confidence that they will have a voice in the administration of our Government."

Shouts of Approval.

Mr. Hoover said he could "respect the sincerity of these men in their desire to change our form of government and our social economic system, though I shall do my best tonight to prove they are wrong."

Several interpolations by the President evoked shouts of approval. These

Continued on Page 9, Column 7.

New York Heckler Calls Hoover Liar

Ejected by Police; Says He Is Member of Marine Workers' Union.

Madison Square Garden, New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Just as President Hoover started to speak tonight a lone man in the gallery shouted repeatedly, "You are a liar, Mr. Hoover" before he was pulled down and silenced by those nearby.

The Chief Executive paused for many seconds with head bowed until the disturbance ceased.

The man, who identified himself as Jack Baron and said he was a member of the Marine Workers Industrial Union, was ejected by police.

Outside he identified himself and said he wished to make it clear that he was not a Communist. He said he was a member of a delegation which went to Washington recently to call upon the President for assistance in employing idle marine workers.

U. S. Worker Loses Court Fight for "Accrued Leave"

Justice Luhring Virtually Blasts Hopes of Federal Employes in Dismissing Attack on Government's Answer to Navy Yard Man's Suit.

An adverse ruling in District Supreme Court yesterday virtually ended the hopes of Government employes obtaining their "accrued" leave this year, or at least until the present economy law is changed.

Justice Oscar R. Luhring, before whom Attorneys William E. Leahy and William J. Hughes, jr., had argued that their client, Alfred Gregory, an employe of the Navy Yard, was being deprived of a "vested right" when his superiors refused to permit him to take "accrued leave," ended the fight with a ruling that dismissed Gregory's attack upon the Government's answer to his suit.

Through Assistant United States Attorney John J. Wilson, the Government claimed it had the right, under the present law, to refuse the leave, and in its answer challenged the right of Gregory to sue the Government, although the Government was not made a party to the suit.

Secretary of the Navy Adams and officers of the Navy Yard were named as defendants. Another attack by Mr. Wilson upon the suit was the ability of Gregory to seek another remedy. He had brought suit for mandamus to compel the granting of his leave and the Government claimed this was not the proper action to take.

Attorneys for Gregory intimated they would take an appeal to the Court of Appeals. The "accrued" leave clause affects many thousands of Government employes, particularly those abroad who have saved up their leave to return to this country for visits.

Winter Friends . . .

Your local plumber and steamfitter is a valued friend when seasonal problems require his immediate service . . . At all seasons of the year he is a merchant, offering all of the materials and equipment that he is later called upon to service. When you have a plumbing or heating need, call upon this fellow citizen. You can get no better products nor fairer prices from out-of-town concerns and they are not here to aid you when you need them most. . . . Keep your plumbing and heating dollars in Washington—trade with your fellow citizens.

The Washington Post
"The Capital's Greatest NEWSpaper"

Elisabeth Morrow Engaged To Be Wed to Welsh Banker

Fiance Is A. N. Morgan, Not Related to Noted American Financier.

Englewood, N. J., Oct. 31 (U.P.).—Elisabeth Morrow, oldest daughter of the late Dwight Whitney Morrow, United States senator and member of the house of Morgan, is engaged to be married to Aubrey Niel Morgan, a Welsh banker.

The announcement was made by her mother from the Morrow family mansion, Next Day Hill. It was couched in formal language and brought to an end a long series of reports and rumors that in the last three years have had the heiress of the Morrow Wall street millions engaged to various persons, including a minister and Col. Charles A. Lindbergh.

Morgan, a British subject and not

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

Associated Press Photo.
ELISABETH MORROW.

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17—Classified Advertisements.
18—Twenty-six Policemen Shifted.
Man Pulls Dead on Street Car.
Submetering Brief Filed.
Foxhall Site Backed.

24476*

ARGUMENTS CLOSED IN CANNON DISPUTE

Appeals Court Hears Federal Claim Corrupt Practice Act Violated.

(Associated Press.)

Argument was concluded yesterday in the District of Columbia Court of Appeals on the Government's appeal of a trial court's decision holding invalid indictments charging Bishop James Cannon, jr., and Miss Ada L. Burroughs, of Richmond, secretary of the 1928 anti-Smith Democratic committee, with violation of the corrupt practices act.

Counsel for the Southern Methodist churchman and his codefendant attacked the constitutionality of the corrupt practices act on the ground that presidential electors are State officers, while the Government defended it.

Argument Took Year.

Argument was completed almost a year to a day after the indictments, listing ten separate counts, were returned against Bishop Cannon and Miss Burroughs. The appeal court's decision is expected by counsel in a month.

The case had its inception in an investigation by the Senate campaign funds committee. The indictments charged Miss Burroughs violated the act in connection with a contribution of $65,300 alleged to have been made the committee by E. C. Jameson, of New York City, and that Bishop Cannon aided and abetted the charged violation.

Flanked by his attorneys, Robert H. McNeill and Levi David, of Richmond, Bishop Cannon was present and listened to the arguments.

States' Rights Brought Up.

In addition to assailing the constitutionality of the act, the clergyman's attorneys contended the indictment was defective because it did not specifically charge the defendants had knowledge of the contribution, or that it was received or accepted by the committee.

Francis Wilson, assistant United States attorney, argued the word "unlawfully" in the indictment implied "knowingly."

The defense held further that presidential electors are State officers and that the Federal Government can no more require a report of contributions designed to influence their election than campaign expenses of State legislators.

The Government contended that because the electors perform a Federal function that Congress had power to enact the legislation.

Young Democrats Plan Rally for College Men

The Young Democrats Club of Washington will be host to Democratic groups from various colleges and universities of the District of Columbia and vicinity at a mammoth Democratic rally to be held at the City Club tomorrow night at 8 o'clock.

Five-minute talks by several prominent young Democrats will feature the program. The colleges and universities participating are Georgetown, George Washington, Catholic University, American University, Columbus University, Trinity College, National University and the University of Maryland.

Leap for Liberty May Cost Patient His Life

Leaping from a third-story window at Gallinger Hospital yesterday in an attempt to escape, Carl Linberry, 26, colored, 1406 Sixth street northwest, a prisoner, suffered possible fatal injuries.

Policeman W. F. Thornhill, who was guarding the man, said he dived through the window of the washroom, where he had gone to get a drink of water.

Motorist's Eye Hurt When Rock Hits Glass

Joseph Ogden, 3205 Fifteenth street northeast, suffered a serious injury to his right eye last night when someone threw a rock through his windshield at Suitland, Md.

He drove to Casualty Hospital for first-aid treatment, but was advised to see a specialist, as he probably had a splinter of glass embedded in his eye.

STUDENTS MAR VISIT OF HERRIOT TO SPAIN

Continued from Page 1.

of trade advantages by France and agreement to provide protection for Spanish Morocco and the Balearic Islands in time of need.

Paris, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Denying a report that France and Spain have negotiated an agreement of mutual assistance in case of war, the foreign office reiterated tonight that Premier Herriot's visit to Madrid has no political significance and is, as she has said, simply a gesture of friendship.

ELISABETH MORROW ENGAGED TO BANKER

Continued from Page 1.

related to the American Morgans, is heir of the firm of David Morgan, Ltd., founded by his grandfather, of Cardiff, Wales. He will marry into one of America's most distinguished families. The bride-to-be's sister, Anne, is the wife of Col. Charles A. Lindbergh. His future mother-in-law is widely known. The bride's father, a senator and banker, was widely celebrated as a diplomat.

No date for the wedding has been set.

Miss Morrow has interested herself in various educational projects since her graduation from Smith College in 1925. She is a director of the little school of Englewood which she founded.

Miss Morrow accompanied her father to the London naval conference of 1930. There she met Morgan. They have been friends since and it is assumed they met again during Miss Morrow's visit to England this summer.

She is at present in the Morrow Englewood home. Mr. Morgan is in Cardiff. He is a graduate of Jesus College, Cambridge.

Transient Homeless Boys Crime Menace to Capital

Talking things over. The Travelers' Aid Society handles the serious problem of caring for homeless and transient boys. The Community Chest gives these boys an opportunity.

Underworld Lures Them On; Travelers Aid Society Offers Helping Hand.

"With transient boys between 17 and 21 comprising 4½ per cent of the inmates of Washington penal institutions, and with an increasing number of these boys arriving here, this city faces a serious problem," declared Miss Beatrice Hodson, assistant director of the Washington Travelers' Aid Society, at a recent meeting to discuss the Community Chest campaign.

"Our work continues to expand month by month," continued Miss Hodson, "and unless the public realizes the grave danger in not caring for these children—and most of them are not more than children—we shall find our funds insufficient to meet the constant calls upon them. It is an actual protection to Washington people against all forms of crime to look after the boy wanderers who stray into our community."

Miss Hodson further stated that the transient boys now confined in Washington prisons and workhouses are costing the District not less than $35,000 a year, not including the annoyance of the crimes committed. "How much better," said Miss Hodson, "to spend the money before the crimes, instead of after. Then it would be helping the boys and keeping peace in the city at the same time."

A majority of the boys finding their way to Washington at this time, according to Miss Hodson, are directly or indirectly victims of the depression and the unemployment situation. Their homes have perhaps been broken up; and, in many cases, their parents, due to financial stress, have reproached them for not being self-supporting. This reproach seems to be the quickest and surest method of sending a half-grown boy out into the world, to join the constantly ebbing and flowing stream of human down-and-outers.

Hitch-hiking his way to the next city, and then on to the next, the boy soon finds that a job is almost an impossible thing to locate. He spends his last dime for something to eat, goes hungry and cold for a day or two, and then searches out the mission-shelter, along with a horde of older men, some of them stragglers of the lowest type imaginable.

In a short time, the boy has picked up many of the habits of these men and is beginning to learn the life of the underworld. He begins to panhandle, and from panhandling he goes on to petty thievery and crimes of violence. In other words, from an ordinary, normal boy, with high spirits and a love of adventure, he becomes a "delinquent"—a menace to society.

Miss Hodson described one boy, typical of hundreds who find their way into the care of the Washington Travelers' Aid every year, who had been initiated into all sorts of perverted habits before he was finally brought to the attention of the workers here. He had lost all sense of morality, all sense of honor, all ambition, and was rapidly advancing down the road toward a criminal career. In fact, he already had become adept in picking pockets and was rather proud of his accomplishment.

Investigating, through a Travelers' Aid in another city, the home conditions of this boy, it was found that no one wanted him back, or had any desire to care for him. He was, therefore, kept in Washington for months, until in a good physical condition, and during this time the worker devoted much effort to bringing back a desire for schooling and "getting somewhere."

Jimmie responded rapidly to the kindness and care shown him and he was later placed in an excellent industrial school, where today he is learning to be a first-class carpenter—a trade he decided upon.

"If the mothers in Washington could see these boys, they alone would put over the Community Chest drive," said Miss Hodson.

UPROARIOUS CROWD JAMS MADISON SQUARE GARDEN

Continued from Page 1.

Macy, the State chairman of the party, and George Z. Medalie, Republican senatorial nominee opposing the veteran, Robert Wargner, Democratic incumbent.

Outside the crowds stayed on to see the President's arrival. They heard Senator Hebert say:

"The President has come to preach confidence, not despair; he comes with the Stars and Stripes and not the red flag of radicalism."

F. Trubee Davison, Republican nominee for lieutenant governor, and the senatorial nominee, Medalie, then spoke briefly.

President Hoover left the Waldorf-Astoria for the Garden at 8:45. He arrived outside the Garden at 8:52.

Inside, before he arrived, a chorus of boos resounded over the arena as Medalie characterized as a "slur" Gov. Roosevelt's statement in Baltimore that after 1929 the Republicans came into control of all branches of the Government, including the Supreme Court.

Medalie, when he concluded, introduced William J. Donovan, and confetti showered through the air as the crowd cheered him.

Speaking as if the President were present, Donovan welcomed him to New York and said, "the conduct of your office during these troublous days is a simple and complete tale of service to high office."

While Donovan was talking, the President arrived at the Garden, but did not immediately enter the main hall.

The gubernatorial candidate criticized Gov. Roosevelt for "continuing to ignore and neglect the problems of his own State" while he "has offered one glib solution after another" to the farmers of the Nation.

"He has dodged and squirmed and alibied and finally hidden behind the figures of his mentors," Donovan said. "He has shown himself to be the one man who wishes to be the 'forgotten man' in the hope that being forgotten he may be able to slip in on election day."

As Donovan finished, the President entered the hall at exactly 9 o'clock.

The crowd stood and cheered with flags waving and paper floating through the air from the balconies high above.

Shrill whistling combined with ordinary yelling and hand applause to give the President a tumultuous welcome. The hall had the appearance of a solid mass of red, white and blue. President Hoover stood quietly smiling during the ovation, but his smile broadened perceptibly as it continued. Mrs. Hoover joined her husband at the speakers' stand and the din increased.

Outside, the Garden police said thousands were massed. In the immediate area around the presidential car as it came along Fiftieth street to the Garden there was booing which drowned the cheers.

In the crush outside the Garden several persons were injured by the pushing crowds. A patrolman was trampled by a horse and suffered injuries to a leg.

A band, playing "Glory, Glory, Hallelujah," added to the volume and the crowd joined in singing the song.

As the din continued, Mrs. Hoover stood up and turning around, held her hand up to quiet the crowd. But another band joined the tumult and the crowd was off again.

Holding up a watch, Hebert tried to stop the crowd, but it only yelled louder. Hebert tried holding his hand up. But it didn't work, although the demonstration had lasted seven minutes.

Most of the crowd had now sat down, but the yelling did not subside. Hammering a gavel before the microphone, Hebert tried again to quiet the crowd. Members of President Hoover's party watched the crowd and smiled.

Over in one corner a group started yelling "We want Hoover" and the whole crowd took it up. President and Mrs. Hoover, who had been sitting down to rest, got up and turned around so that every one could see him, but the cries continued.

When quiet was restored the demonstration had lasted thirteen minutes.

Hebert introduced Mrs. Roosevelt, as "one we have all loved and revered" and the applause broke out again.

Taking her place before the microphone, Mrs. Roosevelt stood while the crowd sang "Auld Lang Syne."

Standing, the crowd sang "The Star-Spangled Banner" as the President took his place before the microphone.

Mr. Hoover stood with a serious expression during the singing of the song looking straight ahead. When he began to speak he kept his eyes on his manuscript in front of him, occasionally reaching up to turn a page, and once in a while turning his eyes to the audience.

Listening closely to her husband, Mrs. Hoover placed the bouquet of flowers she carried into the hall on the railing in front of her and sat back resting in her chair from the strenuous day she had been through with her husband.

"BAD MAN" IS HELD IN JAIL AT FAIRFAX

Continued from Page 1.

was very voluble about his "bad man" acts, and told the sheriff he was wanted in Greenville, Ky., for the shooting of a deputy sheriff named Wilkerson. He also is said to have declared he shot a girl near Oakton, and it is reported the sheriff had heard of such a shooting which was not a fatality.

Thompson told the sheriff he had hidden a gun and $900 in a haystack near the scene of the affray with Beckwith, but officers doubted his statement.

Pending an answer from queries sent to Kentucky authorities, the man is being held on an open charge in the Fairfax County Jail.

Freight Car Robber at Benning.

Sergt. E. E. Nicholson, of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, reported to police yesterday that cigarettes and candy valued at $168 were stolen from a freight car in the Benning freight yards.

Dramatic Teacher Dies.

Kansas City, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Georgia Brown, Kansas City dramatic teacher who aided a number of her students on the road to stage stardom, including the late Jeanne Eagels, died at a hospital today. Among her students were Mabel Hite, a musical comedy star of the early 1900's; Marie Doro, who won fame as a dramatic actress; Hale Hamilton, stage and movie actor, and Tom Barry, playwright.

HIGHWAY SHOOTING BAFFLING TO POLICE

Holdup Story of Victim's Wife Discounted in Prince Georges.

Discounting his wife's story that he was shot while resisting a holdup between Hyattsville and Laurel early yesterday, Prince Georges County police are working on the theory that Jack Kenneth Smith, of Baltimore, was wounded in that city and brought to Washington to avoid publicity.

Smith is in an undetermined condition at Emergency Hospital, with a bullet near his heart and another wound in his leg.

Smith, who is 22, was brought to the hospital in his own car, driven by his wife, Ruth, yesterday morning about 9 o'clock. She told Washington police that they had visited Washington Sunday and started back to Baltimore about midnight. Growing tired on the road, she said, they pulled into a side road, the location of which she did not know.

They awakened, she said, to find two men menacing them with pistols. They ordered the couple from the car, and Mr. and Mrs. Smith got out on opposite sides. As she started to walk around the front of the machine, the man on her side grabbed her arm, she said. She screamed and her husband struck at his captor. While they exchanged blows, the man near her pulled his gun and shot Smith, near the heart and in the calf of the left leg. She fainted then, she said, and when she recovered consciousness it was day and she drove back to Washington.

Smith was shot by a .38 caliber pistol, and a bullet of this size killed Elmer Bleinberger, who was wounded in a recent Ellicott City, hijacking.

Rev. S. M. McCabe Plans Celebration

To Mark 35th Anniversary Tomorrow of Entry Into Priesthood.

The Rev. S. M. McCabe, assistant pastor of St. Martin's Church, 1908 North Capitol street, tomorrow will celebrate the thirty-fifth anniversary of his entry into the priesthood.

Father McCabe plans to celebrate mass on that day in the same vestments he wore when he performed this ceremony for the first time. The vestments were presented to him when he was ordained. They were given him by his sister, a nun for more than 40 years in the Oblate Order of the Holy Family, in Natal, South Africa.

Born in South Africa, Father McCabe saw active service for three years in the Boer War as a chaplain, serving with various regiments. He is the cousin of the late Mrs. Robert Wynne, wife of the Postmaster General in the Roosevelt administration.

Medical Cost Board Will Report Nov. 29

The report of the committee on costs of medical care will make public its final report and recommendations November 29, it was announced here yesterday by Dr. Ray Lyman Wilbur, chairman. The announcement came after a closed meeting of the committee yesterday at the Mayflower Hotel.

The committee has conducted an exhaustive research lasting five years into the problem of how adequate medical attention may be provided to all. The final report will be offered at a meeting in New York, to which representative citizens from all fields of life have been invited.

Illegal Tactics Denied By Virginia Postmaster

Winchester, Va., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Asserting that numerous inquiries on his part have failed to produce any evidence of illegal distribution of Republican campaign literature by rural carriers here, Postmaster Harry C. Stouffer in a statement demanded that Sheriff Luther Pannett, Frederick County campaign manager, who brought the original charges, offer proof of his statements or retract the charge.

Thorough investigation by postal authorities is also being sought.

F. L. BELIN IS SEEN AS ENVOY TO POLAND

Continued from Page 1.

State Department. His first resignation was reluctantly accepted after the London conference on July 8, 1930, but he was reappointed soon after as chief of the Division of International Conferences and Protocols. His resignation from this position was received on March 14, 1931, and since that time he has been in private business.

Subsequently that division has been divided into two sections. Warren Delano Robbins is now chief of the Protocol Division and supervises all the White House functions, while James Clement Dunn is head of the Division of International Conferences.

Mr. Belin will succeed the former Ambassador Willys, whose great fortune was a decided asset in carrying on the work of the Warsaw Embassy. Nevertheless, Mr. Willys voiced many complaints to the Department of State at the insufficiency of the representation allowance. He was compelled to expend considerable amount of his own personal funds in order to keep the embassy on a dignified plane. Warsaw is one of the gayest capitals in Europe and on account of its familiarity to the Russian climate, the life in Warsaw has often been likened to the celebrated "nights of St. Petersburg."

The parties of Ambassador Willys were celebrated. His daughter, Virginia, was at that time married to an Argentine, Luis N. de Aguirre, from whom she has since been divorced.

The appointment of a career diplomat indicates that the State Department is expecting Poland to figure prominently in international developments in the next few months. With the growing sentiment in Germany against the Polish Corridor, there has been considerable apprehension lest the Germans take the law into their own hands and occupy the Corridor. In addition to that, the United States is constantly reviewing the Russian scene and since American recognition is still withheld, the presence of a trained diplomat on the border line of the Soviets will enable the American Government to keep in close contac there.

Mr. Belin's sister is married to Pierre duPont, of the well-known Wilmington family.

Insect Family Missing Link Is Discovered

The "missing link" has been discovered.

But in this case it happens to be the "missing link" in the fly family. Flies are flies in almost any country, but the Smithsonian Institution believes that a queer little fly found in southwestern Argentina bridges the evolutionary gap between two great insect families.

Discovered by Raymond C. Shannon, a Smithsonian entomogogist, the strange fly is believed to be the long-sought "missing link" between the so-called botflies and those minute flies which are parasites of other insects. The well-known house fly is a distant relative.

The search for rare flies has reached the far corners of the earth. This recent discovery was classed as "the most important oestromuscoid discovery of the twentieth century."

SLEUTH SENTENCED TO ATLANTA PRISON

Private Detective Who Posed as Treasury Agent Gets 20 Months.

Harrisonburg, Va., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—R. G. Kirby, 26, former Staunton private detective, was sentenced to twenty months in Atlanta Penitentiary today by Judge John Paul in United States District Court for Western Virginia when he pleaded guilty to impersonation of a Federal officer.

Kirby, a fugitive for two years, was captured last summer at Denver and returned to Virginia. The indictment charged him with defrauding three Staunton business firms of a total of $240 by posing as a member of the Treasury Department Secret Service.

Ed Page, former Waynesboro, Va., constable, who appeared in the court on crutches, was sentenced to 60 days in jail for selling liquor. The defense maintained that a jail term would be injurious to Page's health. The Government declared that Page used the crutches to arouse the sympathy of the court and that he had not used them before last Saturday.

The grand jury returned twenty indictments, all of them charging prohibition law violations. A number of dry law violators pleaded guilty and received jail terms ranging from 30 days to 8 months and fines from $15 to $250. Several first offenders were placed on probation.

Apartment Brings $190,000 at Sale

Union Trust Co. Buys the John Marshall at Auction.

The John Marshall, eight-story brick, concrete and stone apartment building, at 1910 K street northwest, was purchased at public auction by the Union Trust Co. yesterday for $190,000, officials of that institution submitting the only bid. The Washington Loan & Trust Co., trustees, advertised the sale and Vernon G. Owen was the auctioneer.

The building was erected in 1924 by John L. Barr, original owner, B. Stanley Simmons being the architect. The original cost of the building, depth of which ranges from 84 to 115 feet and width from 48 to 64 feet, was $275,000.

Its current assessed valuation is $219,675, of which $34,675 represents land and $185,000 building. Subsequent owners of the building have been, Emory C. Naylor, trustee, and the Capital Investment & Guaranty Co., Inc.

Takoma Park Resident Hurt in Auto Accident

Miss Winifred Hennington, 36, of 55 Takoma avenue, Takoma Park, D. C., was slightly hurt last night in an automobile collision at Thirteenth street and Florida avenue. She was riding in the car of Miss Blanche Parker, 22, of 53 Takoma avenue.

The driver of the car which struck them fled from the scene. A man who identified himself as Claude Havenner, 22, of 2012 O street northwest, was arrested later by Policeman M. P. Creel.

Heart Attack Is Fatal To Washington Visitor

A heart attack yesterday proved fatal to Miss Emily Baldwin, 55, of Jacksonville, Fla., a visitor at the home of her sister, Mrs. Martha F. Taylor, 715 Longelllow street northwest.

Miss Baldwin was stricken as she walked along Thirteenth street, near Longfellow street. She was pronounced dead by Dr. Raymond Edmunston, of Emergency Hospital. A certificate of death by natural causes was issued by the coroner.

Woman Loses Apparel And Halloween Attire

When Mrs. Alberta Havens, 162 R street northwest, went to the basement of her apartment house late yesterday to get a Halloween costume, she discovered the costume was gone, together with a silver muskrat coat, three dresses and a pair of riding trousers.

She told police the clothing was in a trunk. She valued the coat at $150, the dresses at $20, the trousers at $10 and the costume at $5.

Special Mass to Be Celebrated.

A special mass for today—All Saints' Day—will be celebrated at 12:15 p. m. at the Church of the Immaculate Conception at Eighth and N streets northwest. Masses will also be said at 6, 6:45, 7:30, 9 and 10:15 a. m.

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A&P ESTABLISHED 1859
Sunnyfield FLOUR
12-lb. bag 25c

OHIO POLICE PROBE RAIL SPIKE REMOVAL

Attempt Made to Wreck B. & O. Train on Line That Carried Hoover.

Athens, Ohio, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Sheriff's deputies today were investigating a report that 67 spikes had been removed from a rail on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad track at Allisons Crossing, near here. Reports received by Sheriff Wayne Wingett, said 39 spikes had been removed on a curve from the outside of the outer rail and 28 from the inside of the same rail.

F. B. Mitchell, general manager of the road, said that the spikes were removed Sunday afternoon. He pointed out that the train carrying President Hoover back to Washington from Indianapolis passed over that section Saturday morning. Prior to the passing of the President's train the tracks had been inspected and were found in good condition.

"We don't know who did it," Mitchell said, "but it was done Sunday, and it was evidently malicious."

The discovery was made yesterday by three miners walking along the track. Had the spikes been removed from the inside rail, officers said, passing trains would surely have been wrecked. The damage was repaired by Section Foreman Lora Weinrich, who reported the incident to police.

Capt. E. S. Russell, of the B. & O. Railroad police force, said his investigation showed but one person was involved in the spike pulling. He reported he found but one set of footprints leading down the embankment at the scene. He expressed the opinion that the person who pulled the spikes was intent on wrecking a freight train, with robbery as a motive.

Hoover Engineers To Visit Baltimore

Band and Police Escort to Feature Motorcade of President's Boosters.

More than 350 automobiles of the Local Engineers National Hoover Committee Motor Corps, decorated with Hoover banners and Motor Corps stickers, and accompanied by a band and motorcycle police escort will leave this morning at 9:45 o'clock from Fifteenth street and Constitution avenue for a trip to Baltimore.

Under the slogan "Rolling Up Votes for Hoover," the motorcade will swing out Sixteenth street to Rhode Island avenue, thence to Bladensburg road and over the District line to Baltimore. At the Maryland line the District police escort will give way to an escort composed of Maryland State police, which will accompany the corps to the Baltimore outskirts.

At the same time, similar units all over the country are starting a Nation-wide demonstration. The committee in charge of the local organization is composed of Mrs. Charles H. Tompkins, Mrs. Mason M. Patrick, Mrs. Henry C. Morris and Mrs. Sarah K. Duvall.

Safe-Blowers Obtain $2,000 in Ohio Robbery

Wilmington, Ohio, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Robbers who apparently used nitroglycerin blew up the interior of the bank at Port William, 8 miles north of here today, and escaped with $2,000.

They first cut one of the two telephone lines leading to Wilmington, but residents of Port William, awakened by three explosions, were able to use the other line to call county officers. The robbers had fled, however, before the officers arrived.

REGROUPING PLANS ARE BEING READIED

Continued from Page 1.

work under assistant secretaries for each activity. He so advised Congress. Congress did little about it. Some critics charged the President with attempting to create new jobs.

His Cabinet officers stood squarely against any merging of Army and Navy Departments into a Department of National Defense. Congress sustained them when this Democratic-sponsored project was put to a vote.

Discharges Recalled.

Federal employes rightly look askance at any broad reorganization plan. They recall that fifteen persons were droped after the Radio Commission merger and that three others lost out in the Civil Service Commission consolidation. It follows that sweeping cuts in personnel might accompany any wholesale reorganization.

But campagin stress on expenditure cutting makes it inevitable that reorganization will be a major issue, regardless of who wins at the polls. To save $1,000,000,000, as he promises, Candidate Roosevelt can ill afford to overlook this field. President Hoover, attempting to save half that amount, has not overlooked it.

Buck Jones Has Pneumonia.

Hollywood, Calif., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Buck Jones, player of Western film roles, was a pneumonia patient in a hospital today. His physician, Dr. T. S. Regan, said Jones' fever broke last night and unless complications arise he will recover. Before the pneumonia set in, Jones had been ill of influenza.

SPECIAL NOTICES

DAILY TRIPS, FULL AND PART LOADS: Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Richmond, and all way points; unexcelled service. Phone Nati. 1460. NATIONAL DELIVERY ASSOC., INC., 1317 New York ave. Local Moving Also.

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Other Outstanding Features in the NOVEMBER ISSUE:
MAJ. GEN. SMEDLEY D. BUTLER • *"The Soldier Asks for Pay"*
Attention:—2nd Div. Post American Legion, Dept. of District of Columbia
NEWTON D. BAKER • *"Human Factors in a Depression"*
F. H. LaGUARDIA • *"The Business of Going Out of Business"*
GEORGE E. SOKOLSKY • *"Communism Under Four Flags"*
OUT TODAY
AT ALL NEWSSTANDS

POLICEMAN SHOT IN $35,000 HOLDUP

Michigan Machine Gun Bandits Make Escape Amid Hail of Lead.

Monroe, Mich., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Six bandits held up the First National Bank of Monroe today and escaped with between $35,000 and $40,000 after shooting a policeman in the head and arm. The victim was William Lynch, who met the bandits as they were leaving the bank.

Four or five of the bandits, armed with submachine guns and revolvers, dashed into the bank shortly after noon and ordered eighteen employes to lie on the floor beside the vault. Meanwhile, William Gutman, bank president, who saw the men entering, ran to his private office and called police.

The bandits forced Roy Meter, an employe, to open the vault, and gathered up currency from all but one of the cash tills. Ordering the employes not to move until they departed, they ran toward the door.

Lynch, responding to the call in plain clothes, met them at the door. They opened fire and he fell with a bullet in his head and one in his arm.

The bandits entered an automobile with the sixth man at the wheel, and, still firing at pedestrians and in the general direction of the bank, sped away just as a squad of police arrived.

Sheriff's officers and State police were notified and started in pursuit of the bandit car, which bank employes said bore an Illinois license.

Swing to Hoover Seen In East and Midwest

(Associated Press.)

Just back from a speaking tour trough New England and the Middle West, Secretary Mills said yesterday:

"Everywhere I have been I have found a tremendous swing toward the President. The only question left is whether it will have reached its maximum by election day."

Farm Borrowers Get $829,118 From R.F.C.

(Associated Press.)

The Reconstruction Corporation announced yesterday that up to last Saturday the Regional Agricultral Credit Corporation had disbursed $829,118 to 281 borrowers.

DIED

BAKERSMITH—On Monday, October 31, 1932, at his residence, 1335 Kearney street northeast, RUDOLPH, beloved husband of Matilda Bakersmith (nee Lauer). Funeral from the above residence on Thursday, November 3, at 8:30 a. m., thence to St. Anthony's Church, Brookland, D. C., where mass will be offered at 9 a. m. for the repose of his soul. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment at Mount Olivet Cemetery. Services by W. W. Chambers Co.

BEALL—On Monday, October 31, 1932, at Episcopal Hospital, JAMES MONTGOMERY, the beloved husband of NONA (Hogan) Beall, of 5317 Sixteenth street northwest, and father of Florence Beall Kendrick. Funeral services at Hysong's, 1300 N street northwest, on Wednesday, November 2, at 1:30 p. m. Interment Union Cemetery, Rockville, Md.

DEMPSEY—On Monday, October 31, 1932, at Sibley Hospital, MARY J., beloved wife of the late Thomas J. Dempsey. Remains resting at the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin street northwest. Notice of funeral later. Interment at Parker, Va.

FENTON—On Monday, October 31, 1932, SOPHIA PHILLIPS, beloved wife of Jeremiah J. Fenton. Funeral from her late residence, 54 Adams street northwest, on Wednesday, November 2, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment in Cedar Hill Cemetery.

FURBERSHAW—Suddenly, on Sunday, October 30, 1932, JOSEPH A., beloved son of the late James H. and Mary F. Furbershaw. Funeral from the residence of his sister, Sara A. Furbershaw, 4814 Illinois avenue northwest, on Thursday, November 3, at 8:45 a. m. Requiem mass at St. Gabriel's Church at 9 a. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment at Mount Olivet Cemetery.

GARNER—Suddenly, on Friday, October 28, 1932, WALTER R., beloved husband of Marie E. Garner. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. southeast branch parlors, 517 Eleventh street southeast, on Tuesday, November 1, thence to M. E. Church, Waldorf, Md., at 1 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Waldorf, Md.

GODEY—On Saturday, October 29, 1932, at her residence, 3006 Thirty-second street northwest, CATHERINE W., wife of the late Edward Godey and mother of Countess de Thiene. Services at the chapel of Joseph Gawler Sons, 1754 Pennsylvania avenue northwest on Wednesday, November 2 at 9:30 a. m. Thence to Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, Woodley road northwest, where mass will be offered at 10 a. m. Interment Oak Hill Cemetery.

HOLSON—Suddenly, on Monday, October 31, 1932, at his residence, 20 Bates street northwest, JAMES L., beloved son of Mrs. Julia M. and the late Thomas P. Holson. Funeral from his late residence on Thursday, November 3, at 11 a. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment in Congressional Cemetery.

HOWARD—Suddenly, on Sunday, October 23, 1932, OLIN B., beloved husband of Sallie Howard, of 224 Eighth street southwest. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin street northwest, on Tuesday, November 1, at 10 a. m. Interment at Arlington National Cemetery at 10:45 a. m.

JONES—On Monday, October 31, 1932, at her residence, 2715 Fourteenth street northwest, SUSANNAH, wife of the late John W. Jones. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin street northwest, on Wednesday, November 2, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Glenwood Cemetery.

KOSACK—Suddenly, on Sunday, October 30, 1932, at his residence, 937 Longfellow street northwest, GUS D., beloved husband of Nellie Maloney Kosack. Funeral from the above residence on Tuesday, November 1, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited.

LAMSON, JENNIE L.—On Monday, October 31, 1932, at 4:45 a. m., at Congregational Home, LUCRETIA JANE LAMSON, sister of J. Wm. Palmer, in the ninety-third year of her age. Funeral services at the residence of her niece, Mrs. Frank Carden, 3576 Thirteenth street northwest, on Tuesday, November 1, at 2 p. m. Interment at Glenwood Cemetery.

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C.A. Baker Retires As U. S. Engraver

Plate Printing Superintendent, in Service 50 Years, Given Gifts.

Charles A. Baker, superintendent of plate printing of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, retired yesterday after 50 years service in the bureau.

Born in New York 70 years ago, Mr. Baker came to Washington when 20 years old and received an appointment in the bureau. He worked on the cross handle press with gas stove attachments until 1912, when he was appointed foreman of plate printing. In 1926 he was made superintendent.

Mr. Baker was presented with a wrist watch and traveling bag by fellow workers in his office yesterday noon. He plans a visit to Europe within the next few months. George J. Cleary, his assistant, will assume his duties temporarily.

REPUBLICANS SCORE RIVALS' CASH PLEAS

Declare Roosevelt Leaders Are Soliciting Funds on Election Futures.

(Associated Press.)

The Republican national committee last night issued a statement saying that groups with special interests in policies and legislation, "which would be promulgated or enacted if Gov. Roosevelt is elected President, are being petitioned for funds by the Democratic national campaign committee."

"Under date of October 27, 1932," the statement continued, "an official of that committee wrote to importers, exporters and custom house brokers, asking them for funds and promising them that:

"'There is help for your group in Gov. Roosevelt's tariff program. He must be elected if foreign trade is to be started back to normal quickly.'

"These particular letters soliciting funds are signed by Mantin M. Wyvell, who styles himself "former counsel to the Foreign Trade Advisor, Department of State."

"'Messrs. Lamb and Lerch,
"'25 Broadway,
"'New York, N. Y.

"'Dear Friends:

"'Perhaps no group has suffered from the iniquities of the tariff act as have the importers, exporters and custom house brokers. There is no hope for relief in President Hoover's policy, which defends and agrees to maintain the present tariff.

"'But there is help for your group in Gov. Roosevelt's tariff program. He must be elected if foreign trade is to be started back to normal quickly.

"'In order to maintain the present trend to Gov. Roosevelt and to insure his election, additional campaign funds are urgently needed. Will you help, and help immediately, with as large a contribution as possible? Such contribution will be greatly appreciated.

"'Checks should be sent to treasurer, Democratic national campaign fund, Hotel Biltmore, New York, N. Y. The enclosed envelope may be used for this purpose.

"'Yours very sincerely,
"'(Signed) Manton M. Wyvell.'

"This letter is on a par with those written by A. P. Homer, chairman of the Marine committee of the finance division of the Democratic national campaign committee, and sent to steel manufacturers and shipbuilders. These letters were made public yesterday by the Republican national committee, as was a previous letter by Mr. Homer, to a Chicago business man, asking him to contribute to the Roosevelt fund on the basis of past favors by Roosevelt," said the statement.

DIED

McGRAIN—On Sunday, October 30, 1932, at United States Navel Hospital, JOHN J., beloved husband of Mary F. McGrain, of 1368 Euclid street northwest. Funeral from V. L. Speare Co., 1009 H street northwest, on Tuesday, November 1, at 2 p. m. Interment at Glenwood Cemetery.

MESS—On Monday, October 31, 1932, at his residence, 1503 Harvard street northwest, MICHAEL A., beloved husband of Anna K. Mess. Notice of funeral later.

MOTHERSHEAD—On Saturday, October 29, 1932, at her residence, 1206 Four-and-a-half street southwest, MAY VIRGINIA, beloved wife of the late Robert H. Mothershead, and mother of Harry R. Mothershead, Mrs. Mabel Tippett, Mrs. Rhoda Sheaffer and Mrs. Evelyn Deavers. Funeral from the above residence on Tuesday, November 1, at 2:30 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Congressional Cemetery. Services by the W. W. Chambers Co.

STOUT—On Saturday, October 29, 1932, at Children's Hospital, DOLORES E., beloved daughter of Robert H. and Evelyn Stout. Funeral from her parents' residence, 532 Shepherd street northwest, on Tuesday, November 1, at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery. Services by the W. W. Chambers Co.

TOTTEN—Suddenly, on Sunday, October 30, 1932, MARGARET T. TOTTEN (nee Nolan), wife of Robert A. Totten and youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Nolan, and sister of Mrs. Joseph Gulis. Funeral will be held from the residence of her sister, 5719 Thirteenth street northwest, on Wednesday, November 2, at 10 a. m. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery.

UPTON—On Saturday, October 29, 1932, at Sibley Hospital, ROBERT E., beloved husband of Elizabeth Upton, of 1214 Thirteenth street northwest. Funeral services at Hysong's funeral parlors, 1300 N street northwest, on Tuesday, November 1, at 2 p. m. Interment at Cedar Hill Cemetery.

WARFIELD—Suddenly, on Sunday, October 30, 1932, at Garfield Hospital, LORENZO G. WARFIELD, age seventy-five years. Services from the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2901 Fourteenth street northwest, Wednesday, November 2, at 2 p. m. Interment Congressional Cemetery.

WEEKS—Suddenly, on Sunday, October 30, 1932, at his residence, 1730 M street northwest, EDGAR M., beloved husband of Beulah B. Weeks. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin street northwest, on Wednesday, November 2, at 11 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment in Cedar Hill Cemetery.

WILLIAMS—On Sunday, October 30, 1932, at her residence, 449 Park road northwest, NELL C., beloved wife of R. S. Williams. Funeral services at the above address, on Tuesday, November 1, at 2 p. m. Interment at Glenwood Cemetery.

A Complete Funeral for $75.00

Or even LESS. The $75 funeral includes: Casket, any color; plate engraved with name. No. 1 outside pine case, embalming by competent men, washing, dressing and shaving, if necessary; advertising of notices, hearse, 2 Cadillac limousines, rugs, chairs, scarf for the door, removing from hospitals or home and all necessary services that are so well known at the DEAL FUNERAL HOME. NO EXTRAS.

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SCHREINER TO MAKE GOOD BANK LOSSES

President of Brightwood Institution Pleads Guilty to $15,000 Larceny.

The Bank of Brightwood will suffer no losses through the defalcations of its former president, Raymond L. Schreiner, it was disclosed in the District Supreme Court yesterday when Schreiner, accompanied by Harvey Cobb, his attorney, entered a plea of guilty to a charge of embezzling funds of the institution.

Mr. Cobb declared that property of Schreiner's, together with the bond that he posted as president of the bank, will make up the losses sustained through Schreiner's activities. Schreiner plans to turn over his property to the bank.

At the request of the attorney, Justice Daniel W. O'Donoghue permitted Schreiner to remain at liberty on a bond of $5,000 while Probation Officer Amos A. Steele makes a report on the facts in the case.

Schreiner has never been in trouble before, the court was told. His shortage, as alleged in the indictment returned against him two months ago, was $15,000. The Bank of Brightwood closed its doors when an investigation showed a shortage and it is still shut.

Ozark Lake Costs Three More Lives

Officials Plan Safety Measures to Reduce Death Toll of Reservoir.

Kansas City, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Eighteen men in six boats combed in vain today the 8-foot deep waters of Grand Glaize Bay, Lake of the Ozarks, for the bodies of Dr. William H. Schutz, of Kansas City; his sister, Mrs. Paul L. James, and her husband, of Springfield, Ill. They drowned Saturday during a sudden windstorm.

Meanwhile State officials and directors of the Lake of the Ozarks Protective and Improvement Association were pondering measures to curb loss of life in an inland sea which, in less than two years of existence, has claimed 17 lives and caused scores of narrow escapes from its lashing waves and treacherous currents.

The lake, formed by a $30,000,000 hydroelectric power development, sprawls like a Chinese dragon in central Missouri. From nose to tip it stretches 130 miles, but so irregular is its contour that its shore line of forest, cliff and rolling hills is 1,300 miles long. Its waters cover 69,000 acres. It is the largest artificial lake between the Great Lakes of the North and the Gulf of Mexico.

Minister Claims Ineligible Jurors

Oklahoman Declares Two Expressed Guilty Belief Before Trial.

Muskogee, Okla., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The Rev. S. A. Berrie fought back today at his conviction on a charge of murdering his first wife with testimony intended to show that two jurors expressed belief in his guilt even before they tried him.

However, the outcome of the unfrocked Cumberland Presbyterian pastor's plea for a new trial was delayed a few days. The hearing was continued until Thursday by District Judge W. J. Crump, to allow prosecutors to present rebuttal testimony.

Today, Jess Doyle, the jury foreman, was quoted by Herman Turner as declaring "that man is guilty as hell and so is that woman," during a restaurant discussion prior to the preacher's trial. Berrie, looking wan and considerably thinner, sat during the hearing with his 19-year-old bride, whom he married two months after the first Mrs. Berrie died, allegedly of poison, last Mrach 21. The jury which convicted him last week assessed life imprisonment, but formal sentence has been withheld pending disposition of the new trial motion.

Admiral Brinser Named Director of Navy Yards

Appointed yesterday by Assistant Secretary Jahncke as director of Navy Yards at the Navy Department, Rear Admiral Harry Lerch Brinser, now a member of the General Board, will take the place vacated by Rear Admiral Yancey Williams, who is now commanding the Yangtze patrol of the Asiatic Fleet. Capt. Charles Willis Fisher, jr., was appointed as assistant director.

The new director, a native of Middletown, Pa., served through the Spanish-American War and the World War, the latter service as commanding officer of the U. S. S. Mercury and later the U. S. S. Columbia, engaged in transport service. He received the Navy Cross for this duty. Capt. Fisher, a native of New York, served at Puget Sound, Wash., and at Brest, France, during the World War.

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Warfield Services Will Be Tomorrow

Pioneer District Resident Is Survived by Four Children.

Funeral services for Lorenzo G. Warfield, 75, of 1214 Massachusetts avenue, who died Sunday of injuries received in an accident on October 17, will be held tomorrow at Hines' funeral parlors, 2901 Fourteenth street.

Interment will be in the Congressional Cemetery.

He was a member of the Oldest Inhabitants of the District and is survived by four children—Mrs. James M. Locknane, Miss Anne L. Warfield, Richard D. and Howard Warfield, all of Washington.

RITES TOMORROW FOR COMDR. CARR

Naval Officer's Burial to Be ta 11 o'Clock in Arlington Cemetery.

Funeral services for Lieut. Comdr. George Philip Carr, 43, Medical Corps, U. S. N., who died Sunday at his home, 4707 Connecticut avenue, following a long illness, will be conducted tomorrow morning, at 11 o'clock, in Arlington Cemetery. Capt. Evans, U. S. N., will lead the services.

Commander Carr, who was one of the few surviving regular Navy officers who served on the western front during the World War with the 14-inch Naval Battery, had been on active duty in the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery here since September 30, 1929, until he was forced to withdraw from active service last year because of illness.

Born in Bridgeport, Conn., he joined the Medical Corps of the Navy in May, 1917, serving, prior to his duty in France, with the destroyer division at Queenstown, Ireland. He received a special letter of commendation from the Navy Department for his war duties.

Besides his widow, Mrs. Allison Carr, Commander Carr is survived by his mother, Mrs. Martha Carr, of Hamden, Conn., and two brothers, John W. and Leon Carr, also of Hamden.

ROLFE FUNERAL TOMORROW

Remains of Officer Who Died in Texas to Rest in Arlington.

Funeral services for Col. Robert H. Rolfe, U. S. A. retired, who died at San Antonio, Tex., Thursday, will be held at Fort Myer Chapel tomorrow afternoon at 1 o'clock followed by interment in Arlington National Cemetery.

Born in Concord, N. H., in 1863, Col. Rolfe graduated from Dartmouth College in 1884 and was first commissioned in the Army February 2, 1901. Besides his wife he is survived by a son, Capt. O. S. Rolfe, National Guard instructor at Madison, Wis., and a daughter, Grace, wife of Capt. Davis Jones, stationed at Governors Island, N. Y.

Honorary pallbearers will be Brig. Gen. A. E. Williams, Brig. Gen. Charles R. Krauthoff, retired; Brig. Gen. William E. Horton, retired; Col. Charles G. Mortimer, retired, and Col. Courtland Nixon, retired.

RITES FOR ISADORE KAHN.

Funeral at Home and Burial in Washington Hebrew Cemetery.

Isadore L. Kahn, head of the Kahn Optical Co., who died night before last at his home, 5709 Sixteenth street northwest, was buried yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the Washington Hebrew Cemetery. Funeral services were held at the family home.

A resident of this city for about 37 years, Mr. Kahn was well known as a member of the Washington Chamber of Commerce, and prominent in Masonic circles as a member of the Chevy Chase Lodge of the Scottish Rite Masons. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Kahn; two daughters, Lillian and Charlotte; two sons, Joseph and Franklin, and a brother, Adolph Kahn.

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Cold Nights *on the way*

It's time to prepare for cold nights ahead. Blustering cold winds, snow and cold rains are bound to come. The new all-wool Blankets at Mayer & Co. will keep you warm. Lovely qualities, double spun, with satin binding. Solid pastel colors—blue, rose, orchid, gold, green, peach and apricot. The new Pelaze finish for more warmth.

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Size 72x84-inch

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Seventh Street Between D and E

MICHAEL MESS, 80, DIES AT RESIDENCE

Former Land Office Official to Be Buried Tomorrow in Forest Glen.

Michael A. Mess, 80, of 1503 Harvard street northwest, formerly manager of the W. E. Moses Land Scrip & Realty Co., and former official of the United States General Land Office, died yesterday at his home following a short illness.

Born in Strassburg, Alsace, Mr. Mess came to this country when a young boy. He attended Otterbein College, in Ohio, from 1870 to 1875, and came to Washington in 1885 to attend the National University Law School, from which he was graduated with high honors. He was admitted to the District Supreme Court bar in 1890, and taught German and literature at Georgetown University in 1891 while serving with the United States General Land Office, to which he was appointed in 1890.

In 1919 he resigned from the Government service to accept the managership of the W. E. Moses Co. and continued in that position until a few years ago, when he retired.

He was a member of the Catholic Knights of America, and was at one time grand knight of the Potomac Council, Knights of Columbus.

He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Anna K. Mess, eight children and 22 grandchildren. Funeral services will be held at 9 a. m. Thursday at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, followed by interment in Forest Glen Cemetery.

JOSEPH A. FURBERSHAW RITES

Drowned Commerce Clerk Will Be Buried Thursday Morning.

Funeral services for Joseph A. Furbershaw, 40, of 4814 Illinois avenue northwest, Department of Commerce clerk, who was drowned Sunday in the Shenandoah River near Overall, Va., will be held at 9 a. m. Thursday at St. Gabriel's Church, followed by interment in Mount Olivet Cemetery.

Mr. Furbershaw, who owned a cottage jointly with some friends at Overall, left Washington Saturday to spend the week-end at the cottage. Sunday afternoon he and his friends went fishing, and a short time later the clerk decided to swim to shore with his clothes on. Before any one could reach him he sank.

Germany Silent On Arms Policy

Reply to League Depends on Recognizing Claim to Equality.

Berlin, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Indications that Germany may be willing to return to the world disarmament conference at Geneva are continuing, although today brought no concrete developments in that direction.

Everything depends upon recognition by the other powers of Germany's demand for arms equality, the issue which caused her withdrawal from the conference some weeks ago. Until the powers are willing to recognize that claim, it was said today, the government will not reply to a query from the League of Nations, as to whether Germany will participate in an extension of the one-year arms holiday which expires tomorrow.

This afternoon the semiofficial weekly Diplomatisch Politische Korrespondenz printed an editorial warmly praising the work of Norman H. Davis, American disarmament representative, whose activities have been followed with keen interest by the German press.

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WE ARE NOW SHOWING NEW FURS, AND WE HAVE AMONG THEM MORE OF THOSE REMARKABLE COATS THAT HAVE CREATED A SENSATION AMONG THOSE WHO KNOW FUR VALUES.

Some more of those HUDSON SEAL (dyed muskrat) Coats . . . quite the most unusual ones to be had at $175.00

Another small assortment of those famous MINKS, and very fortunate we are to have even a few more at this unheard of price . . . $650.00

Just finished, more of those glorious SQUIRREL COATS, of natural color blue Siberian skins, extraordinary, at $175.00

Mrs. C. W. Godey Rites Tomorrow

Pioneer Capital Woman to Be Buried in Oak Hill Cemetery.

Funeral services for Mrs. Catherine W. Godey, 75, who died Saturday in her home at 3006 Thirty-second street northwest, will be held at 10 a. m. tomorrow at the Church of St. Thomas, the Apostle. Burial will be in Oak Hill Cemetery.

Mrs. Godey, whose father was a law partner of Jefferson Davis, in Mississippi, came to Washington as a child, her family living in old Georgetown. Shortly after the Civil War she was married to Edward Godey, a member of the family which started the old Godey limekilns in Rock Creek Park. He died in 1899.

Countess de Thiene, of Chateau de Vouzan, Charente, France, a daughter, is the only survivor. She was in Washington at the time of her mother's death.

Edgar Murray, Actor, Dies.

Hollywood, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Edgar Murray, 67, once a prominent stage actor in New York, died here today. He had been on the stage 30 years, making his last appearance in "The Champion" here last year. His widow and two sons survive.

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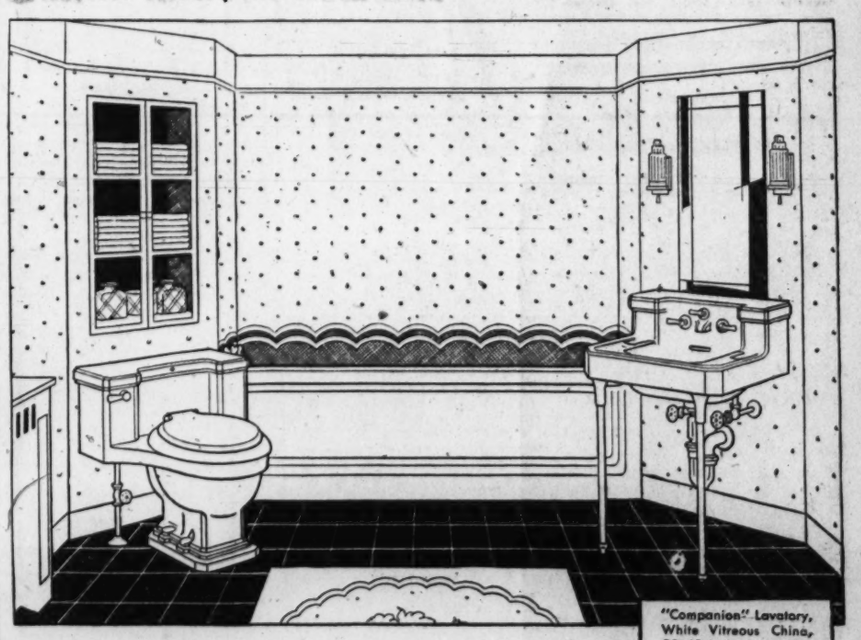


THE NEW *"Companion Ensemble"*

You need not pay a premium for really smart, distinctive bathroom fixtures.

The new "Companian" Lavatory with its modern lines, convenient top shelf and graceful metal legs combines beauty with utility. It measures only 18 inches from wall to front yet has wash bowl of generous size, and soap dishes in the slab. Its fittings are in the back—convenient—out of the way.

See how perfectly the "Companion" Lavatory harmonizes with the new "Standard" One-Piece Closet, which is one-third lower in height than the overage closet and operates so quietly that it cannot be heard outside the room.

The "Companion" Lavatory and One-Piece Closet are ideal for a downstairs washroom, and with the "Pembroke" Bath, make the "Companion Ensemble" beautiful for the large bathroom and almost essential for the small one.

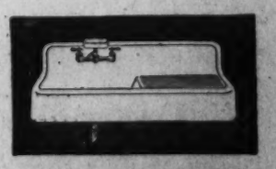
Now is the time to install that new bathroom, an extra one or a downstairs toilet. You can, by acting now, save real money on fixtures, material and labor.

To modernize now definitely relieves unemployment.

"Companion" Lavatory, White Vitreous China, 22x18 inches.
"One-Piece" Closet, White Vitreous China.
5 foot Neo-Classic "Pembroke" Bath, White
Each Complete with All-Metal Chromard Finish Fittings ALL FOR **$117.30**
Plus Installation by any Qualified Master Plumber

HIGHEST QUALITY
"Standard" high quality remains as it was at higher prices. Only the cost has been reduced to the lowest ever known.

TIME PAYMENTS
Enjoy modern plumbing as you pay. Convenient time payment plan is available with small down payment and as long as two years to pay.



42 x 22 inch "Glenmere" White "Three-Eights" Sink. Complete with Chromard Finish Fittings. **$38.25**
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Visit the "Standard" showroom where you can see the complete line, in white and beautiful colors, also other bathroom sets at lower prices. If unable to call, write for catalogue.
Showroom open Wednesday Evening.

FARLEY SAYS G.O.P. COERCES WORKERS

Government Officeholders Asked for Party Cash, Democrat Charges.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—James A. Farley, Democratic national chairman, issued a formal statement at his headquarters tonight, in which he said "Republican organizations have been soliciting contributions from Government employes, in absolute violation of a statute forbidding it."

The statement quoted a letter addressed to a Federal employe and signed with the name of "James F. Dewey, treasurer, Republican State committee of Vermont."

Farley held the original letter in his hand, he said, as he gave out his statement.

Quotes Letter.

The letter, as quoted by Farley, read:

"An unusual situation confronts the Republican party this year. You hold a position under this party. There is great need of money, to tell the people the facts regarding President Hoover's ability, his past record, and the need of his reelection. It must come from a lot of people if this money is to be raised, and the time is short.

"Fifty per cent of your contribution will go to the Republican State committee and 50 per cent will be credited to the Republican national committee. Will you please send me at once whatever you can afford?".

Against the Law.

Farley said "a statute forbidding such solicitations provides a penalty of a fine of not more than $5,000, or imprisonment for three years, or both."

"It is obvious," Farley's statement continued, "that nothing could be gained by turning over the letter to the Department of Justice as it is constituted at present.

"However, on the assumption that a Democratic administration will be in office after March 4, the communication is being preserved. The statute of limitations will not run for three years, hence Republican political officials may anticipate having to explain their violation of the law before a grand jury or trial jury, or both."

HALLOWEEN PRIZES AWARDED

Post Staff Photo.

Prizes for the best costumes worn at the children's Halloween party given at Kennedy-Warren apartments by Mrs. Elizabeth B. Coleman, manager, were presented by Mrs. Coleman to, left to right, little Jane Adams, Thomas Hopper and Christine Asserson.

REDS SET TO MARCH ON COMMONS TODAY

Agents to Demand Hearing Without Petition for Aid to Jobless.

London, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Communist agents directing a campaign for increased unemployment benefits announced today that they intend to march up to the House of Commons tomorrow night and demand a hearing of their case without going through the formality of presenting a petition.

V. A. L. Hannington, one of the leaders of the hunger march of unemployed into London last week, said he would take 50 men with him and present a demand with 1,000,000 signatures for abolition of the means test from the dole system and restoration of cuts in government aid to the jobless.

John McGovern, left wing Labor member of Parliament, was rebuffed when he offered to present a petition in the traditional manner and to assist in obtaining a hearing for the idle at the bar of the House of Commons.

Tonight there had been no reply from the government to a letter from unemployed leaders asking that their case be heard in the House. Last week the House decided to begin discussion of the unemployment problem on Friday, three days earlier than had been intended.

This was another day without disorder. This morning the magistrates' courts heard testimony against several men arrested as a result of yesterday's rioting in Trafalgar Square Most of the cases were adjourned.

Every telephone in Washington is a branch agency for Post Classified Ads. Just call National 4205 and pay later.

VIRGINIA RANKS HIGH IN EMIGRATION LOSS

503,531 Net Decrease Is Noted; Movement Is to Other States.

Charlottesville, Va., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Virginia is shown in an analysis of census figures to rank fifth among the States in net loss of population by emigration to other States.

The analysis, prepared by William Edgar Byrd, jr., and published in the University of Virginia News Letter, showed that on the basis of 1930 census returns the State sustained a net loss of 503,531 population in balancing Virginia's emigrants to other States against immigrants from other States to Virginia.

The census showed the total population born in Virginia as of the census date was 2,898,132. The total born in Virginia and living in Virginia was shown to be 2,394,601; the total born in Virginia but living in other States was 834,442, and the total born in other States but living in Virginia, 330,911.

Pennsylvania was shown to lead the entire Nation in net loss from interstate migration, losing thereby 750,569. Other States exceeding Virginia in this respect were Kentucky, with a net loss of 671,113; Iowa, with 587,581, and Georgia, with 583,652.

A majority of the States—28 in number, were shown to have sustained net losses of varying amounts, while 20 States and the District of Columbia showed net gains.

California led all the States in net gains, showing a plurality of immigrants over emigrants of 82,401,288, a figure even greater than its native born population.

The study, which showed that one-fourth of the total native population has moved from one State to another, ascribed the situation to search for economic advantage

100,000 CROWD AVENUES TO SEE HALLOWEEN MARCH

Continued from Page 1.

tennial Commission, sponsors of the celebration, and other distinguished guests. They were followed by the 121st Engineers, District of Columbia National Guard Band, and a coterie of Indians and cowboys. This comprised Section One.

The second section was made up of citizens and parent-teacher associations' floats, led by the Elks' Boys' Band, with the American Legion Drum and Bugle Corps following midway betwen the long line of floats. More associations came in the third section, with the Veterans of Foreign Wars Overseas Band.

Most Elaborate Floats.

The immense red-coated Fox Theater Cadet Band escorted the floats of other associations and schools in the fourth section. The blue-cloaked band of George Washington University made a fine showing in this unit.

The fifth section was led by the Drum and Bugle Corps of the Vincent Costello Post of the American Legion, 32 marchers and delegations from civic clubs.

John V. Davis, a blind man, led the final section, which was composed of floats entered by local business establishments. These floats included some of the most elaborate ever seen in Washington in any parade.

Only One Child Lost.

When the parade was over, thousands of the celebrants, finding Constitution avenue too crowded for dancing, spread throughout the downtown area, blowing horns and other noisemakers and throwing confetti. Absence of accidents at intersections and in the jostling crowds on curbs was attributed to the diligence of the 1,200 Metropolitan and park policemen detailed for Halloween duty. The police were frequently faced with the task of swiftly clearing a street of children when fire engines and ambulances dashed through the city.

Out of the thousands of tots on the street, only one—4-year-old Ela Lott, of 224 G street northwest—was reported lost. Dressed as a boy, little Ela slipped away from her mother, Mrs. Rosa Lott, at Ninth street and Pennsylvania avenue, when the parade was passing by. She was found a short time later by traffic policemen.

Colored residents celebrated with an outdoor community dance on T street, between Eleventh and Thirteenth streets northwest.

Numerous parties were held in hotels, clubs and in homes.

(Photographs of incidents in Halloween celebration will be found on the last page.)

Couple Hurt in Plunge From District Building

Miss Georgia Long, 17, 523 F street northeast, a student at Business High School, and Corbin Thompson, 18, 1734 Potomac avenue northeast, were seriously hurt last night when they fell from the coping of the District Building where they were sitting watching the Halloween parade.

It was reported that Thompson started slipping and when Miss Long attempted to catch him they both fell. They were taken to Emergency Hospital, where Miss Long was found to have suffered a possible skull fracture and Thompson injuries to his feet.

Dahl, Famous Composer, Dead.

Los Angeles, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Anton Luis Dahl, 57, internationally known composer and once premier pianist in the Court of the Czar, died of a heart attack on a street corner here today. He was born at St. Petersburg in 1875 and received his musical education in Europe. He had lived here 21 years.

REPUBLICANS REPLY TO BYRD CHALLENGE

Garber and Wise Continue in Vehement Criticism of Wilson War Loans.

Bristol, Va., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Preceded by their music box, the six Republican candidates for Congress cut a path through a large part of the "Fighting Ninth" today, denouncing the State redistricting act and State and national Democratic leadership, and praising the Smoot-Hawley tariff bill.

Former Gov. Harry F. Byrd, who opens the Ninth District campaign for the Democrats tomorrow, was brought into the speeches frequently by Jacob A. Garber, of Harrisonburg, and Henry A. Wise, of Accomac.

Wise, at Wytheville, referring to newspaper reports saying Byrd accused him of making a "veiled charge" that President Wilson used the Nation's money to "bribe or intimidate delegates to the world peace conference," said:

"Mr. Byrd will force no apology from me for a statement manufactured by him and never uttered by me. My statement, which can not be truthfully contradicted, was that the Wilson administration, during the World War, loaned approximately $8,000,000,000 to our allies; that these loans were not made in compliance with laws of the United States; that after the armistice further loans aggregating approximately $2,000,000,000 were made without warrant of law, and that $100,000 was used to pay expenses of Russian delegates to the peace conference.

"All of which, I stated, was to make the world safe for democracy.

"For statements made by me, I offer no apology. For his deductions of 'vieled charge,' let him apologize or shut up."

Boise Bank Reopens With Eight Branches

Boise, Idaho, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The First National Bank of Idaho opened its doors today along with its string of eight banks in southern Idaho and eastern Oregon, making available to depositors $10,000,000 in deposits, tied up for two months since the closing on August 20.

The money may be withdrawn only partially at present under waiver agreements, signed by a large proportion of the depositors. Bank officials predicted withdrawals would be limited primarily to current needs. At a stockholders' meeting Saturday afternoon the bank was described in very liquid condition, due to funds secured from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

Woman's Screams Balk Home Holdup

Cruising Police Hear Cries and Capture Bandit as Pals Escape.

Los Angeles, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—An attempted robbery of the home of Mrs. Robert J. Hart, in the fashionable Brentwood Heights District, failed today and one of three holdup men was captured when screams of Mrs. Hart routed them.

Two officers in a passing radio police car, hearing the woman's cries, saw two men flee from the house and, with the aid of neighbors, cornered Charles Liggers, 28, in an alley and forced him to surrender after threatening him with shotguns. His two companions escaped in a motor car.

A police report said two of the men encountered Mrs. Ida Gafner, a maid, at the back door and demanded money and other valuables. Mrs. Hart saw them through a window and ran screaming for help.

Reports that the men had told Mrs. Gafner they intended to kidnap Mrs. Hart's 2-year-old son, John, were denied by Hart. "It was just an attempted holdup," Hart said. "They didn't say anything about wanting our boy."

The Mode Says

Anniversary Specials

"Evening Clothes"

that are modeled in strict conformity to the fashion of the hour—tailored with Mode care and marked at special Anniversary Prices.

Glenbrook

Full Dress Suits

Every well-equipped wardrobe should have a full dress suit and the Glenbrook gives you the proper weave, properly designed and properly made.

$40 Value

In the Anniversary Sale

$26.75

Glenbrook

Tuxedo Suits

There are many occasions when the dinner coat is the only proper dress and these occasions are so varied that the tuxedo becomes a necessity in the wardrobe.

$35 Value

Coat and Trousers

$21.75

Full Dress Accessories

Anniversary Specials

Dress Vests $5

Opera Hats $10.75

Krementz Sets—consisting of buttons, studs and links. A $7.50 value $4.95

The Mode—F at Eleventh

Eleventh & F streets

"Nature in the Raw is seldom MILD"

THE JUGGERNAUT OF THE JUNGLE

"Nature in the Raw"—as portrayed by the famous animal painter, Paul Bransom...inspired by the savage charge of the African rhinoceros crashing through the untamed jungle. "Nature in the Raw is Seldom Mild"—and raw tobaccos have no place in cigarettes.

No raw tobaccos in Luckies —that's why they're so mild

WE buy the finest, the very finest tobaccos in all the world—but that does not explain why folks everywhere regard Lucky Strike as the mildest cigarette. The fact is, we never overlook the truth that "Nature in the Raw is Seldom Mild"—so these fine tobaccos, after proper aging and mellowing, are then given the benefit of that Lucky Strike purifying process, described by the words—"It's toasted". That's why folks in every city, town and hamlet say that Luckies are such mild cigarettes.

"It's toasted"

That package of mild Luckies

Copr., 1932, The American Tobacco Co.

PAYMENT OF WATER NOTES AUTHORIZED

Board in Arlington Votes to Hold Another Zoning Hearing.

ARLINGTON COUNTY BUREAU OF THE POST.
Tel. Clar. 509. Clarendon, Va.

The Arlington County Board at a special meeting yesterday authorized payment of $50,000 water notes due today in addition to interest amounting to $1,250. It also authorized renewal of notes totaling $150,000 and approved the pay roll for October totaling $15,696.36.

Acting upon the request of William C. Gloth, former Commonwealth's attorney, the board voted to hold another hearing on the question of zoning at Ballston and Clements avenues.

Pointing out that actions of the board are not final until the minutes have been signed, Gloth asked that the board reconsider its decision in permitting the rezoning of the lot in Ballston from residential to commercial to permit erection of a store by Harry Stewart. The board recently had reversed the action of the Board of Zoning Appeals.

Ashton C. Jones, president of the Virginia Real Estate Board; Charles W. Smith, president of the Arlington-Alexandria-Fairfax Real Estate Board, and Louis C. Carl, president of the Arlington County Chamber of Commerce, appeared before the board and asked appointment of a board of equalization, claiming that many assessments in the county are too high and many too low, making it difficult to sell property.

Despite an opinion from Commonwealth's Attorney Lawrence W. Douglas that the time allowed for such an appointment had passed, the board adopted a resolution requesting the judge of the Circuit Court to appoint an equalization board "if such action is now authorized by existing statue."

With several hundred automobiles promised in line, a Republican parade will traverse all of the main highways in Arlington County tomorrow night.

The parade will be a preliminary to an Eighth District Republican rally in Alexandria, at which Henry W. Anderson, candidate for Governor of Virginia in 1921, will be principal speaker. After passing through all sections of Arlington County, the parade will connect with another in Alexandria.

L. C. McPherson, county chairman, and Edgar W. Pumphrey, marshal of the parade, announced last night the parade will form on Key boulevard in Lyon Village at 6:45 o'clock. Each car will be decorated with a brief campaign slogan and the occupants will carry red railroad signal torches.

The parade will proceed from Lyon Village to Cherrydale, thence to Ballston, Clarendon, Lyon Park, Arlington, Virginia Highlands and Alexandria.

Funeral services for Mrs. Edgar Copeland, 36, who died at her home in Lyon Park early Sunday, will be held at the funeral parlors of C. J. Ives, Clarendon, at 2 p. m. today, conducted by the Rev. Perry L. Mitchell, pastor of Clarendon Baptist Church. Burial will be in Columbia Gardens Cemetery at Clarendon.

Besides her husband, Mrs. Copeland is survived by one daughter, Kathleen, and one son, Robert.

Herndon 4-H Club Receives Banner

Societies in Fairfax County Will Seek 1,000 Members.

The annual 4-H Club championship banner for Fairfax County, Va., was won by the Herndon 4-H Club at the annual County Club Achievement Day, held recently at the Annandale School. This banner is awarded each year to the 4-H Club making the highest number of points for club work and marks the end of the club year.

Blue ribbons for a 100 per cent completion of the year's work were presented to the 4-H Club at Fairview, Forestville grade, Forestville High, Burke, Clifton, Lorton, Potters Hill, Oakton and Franconia.

Miss Sarah E. Thomas, Fairfax County home demonstration agent, stated that during the past two years a total of 31 clubs enrolled a membership of 694 girls. This is an increase from 21 clubs with 446 members. A goal of 1,000 members was set for next year. Among the speakers were Edmund H. Allen, of Newington, member of Virginia House of Delegates from Fairfax County; J. A. Evans, assistant chief of the United States Agricultural Extension Service; County Agricultural Agent H. B. Derr; Mrs. Mason Hirst, club leader of Herndon Club, Ruth McGuire, Fairfax County All-Star 4-H club member, and Katherine Edwards, of Oakton.

Boy Severely Hurt When Hit by Auto

Son of Rockville Insurance Agent Suffers Broken Hip in Accident.

Harry Beall, jr., 5-year-old son of Harry Beall, Rockville, Md., insurance agent, was injured seriously last night when he was struck by the automobile of E. Davis Clagett, also of Rockville, on Montgomery avenue near Potomac road, Rockville.

Mr. Clagett took the boy to Dr. C. E. Hawks. Dr. Hawks found that he had a fractured hip and ordered him removed to the Montgomery County Hospital at Sandy Spring, for X-ray examination.

According to eyewitnesses, the boy and two companions were on the sidewalk when a street car passed. The tracks are next to the curbing and automobile traffic must pass to the left of street cars. The boy darted out from behind the street car into the path of the automobile, which passed over him, but he is not believed to have been hit by the wheels.

Sergt. Roy Bodmer, of the Montgomery County police headquarters at Rockville, investigated the accident and decided it was unavoidable.

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ESCAPES INJURY

Post Staff Photo.

MRS. HELEN CALLAWAY,
of the Conrad Apartments, who narrowly escaped injury yesterday at the National Foxhunters Association hunt in Rockville when her saddle slipped and caused her horse to throw her. One other woman rider was thrown in the course of the hunt.

100 RIDERS IN FIRST FOX HUNTING EVENTS

National Association Trials Get Off to Successful Start at Rockville.

Reynard found an enthusiastic pack of 70 hounds and approximately 100 riders in his wake yesterday on the occasion of the first field trials of the National Foxhunters Association six-day meet at Rockville, Md. A dozen young hounds particularly distinguished themselves in the first day's trials.

The early morning hours found the enthusiastic hunters and the judges listening to the words of Master of Fox Hounds Herman C. Page, of New Jersey. The hounds strained at their leashes while the early rays of the sun gleamed on the golden habit of the master and the pink array of the judges. The early morning hours were fruitless of traces of Reynard, the dogs passing across the trail several times without picking up the scent because of the weather conditions. Later, however, the dogs found one brief trail with a young fox taking cover and about an hour's chase of a red fox also driven to cover.

Nine judges, knowing the dogs only by number, scored them on speed, endurance, trailing and hunting. The hounds were 2 years old, running in the first division for the $1,000 twelfth chase futurity.

The high scorers were Randy, owned by A. G. Rolfe, Washington, scoring 120; Dancing Grace, by Hunt & Bland, Washington; Hampstead Rodes, owned by H. L. Small, Esmont, Va., and Lou Taylor, Hunt & Bland, all of which scored 100 each; Jim K., Kelleher & McClure, Richmond, Ky., 80; Stir Up, Tyrart Valley Kennels, Clarksburg, W. Va., and Red Flower, J. H. Starr, Blairsburg, Iowa, each scoring 60.

The following scored 50 points each: Music Forney, Benton Forney, Unionville, Md.; Clarke's Depression, D. E. Clarke, Washington; Sibley Dorton, Golden Valley Kennels, Forest City, N. C., and Hope K. and Charity K., Kanatzar and Baker.

A second section will be run this morning from Holland Farm, 2 miles from Olney, Md., and an eight class horse show will be held at the Rockville Fair Grounds, at which silver trophies and ribbons will be awarded in each class. Post entries will be accepted. The foxhunters and their guests will attend the annual ball at the Wardman Park Hotel at night.

Mt. Rainier Democrats Will Hold Rally Tonight

Mrs. Harry Nally, of Mt. Rainier, Md., is in charge of arrangements for a Democratic rally to be held at Democratic headquarters in that town tonight under the auspices of the Women's Democratic Club of the Seventeenth District.

Speakers will include Mrs. Lester J. Pollock, Mrs. Mary E. Browning, former county commissioner, State Senator Lansdale G. Sasscer and J. Enos Ray, chairman of the State Central Committee.

Meetings Opened By Farm Chemists

Papers Are Presented at Session; Officers to Be Named Tomorrow.

Agriculture from the chemist's viewpoint is being given an exhaustive study by the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists at a three-day meeting which opened yesterday at the Raleigh Hotel. Officers will be elected tomorrow.

Dr. F. E. Denny, of the Boyce-Thompson Institute of Plant Research, discussed "Chemical Stimulants and their Effect Upon the Growth and Metabolism of Dormant Plants" at the morning session.

Dr. P. B. Dunbar, of the Food and Drug Administration, will address the association today on "The Never Ending Problems of the Regulatory Chemist." Dr. A. F. Woods, director of scientific work of the Department of Agriculture, will speak this afternoon. Washington chemists who presented papers yesterday included J. J. T. Graham, R. T. Balch, C. F. Snyder, S. Lyall, R. F. Jackson, G. C. Smith, H. J. Wichmann, A. E. Mix, R. M. Mehurin, B. J. Hartmann, L. H. McRoberts and V. B. Bonney.

Virginian Jailed In Assault Case

Man Held in Fairfax on Statutory Charges of Woman.

Paul Shatzley, 32, Lorton, Va., formerly of Chambersburg, Pa., was arrested yesterday and held in the Fairfax County jail on a statutory charge.

Police said the man went to the home of a 60-year-old woman near Lorton several days ago while her husband was away. When he made improper advances, the woman is said to have locked herself in a bedroom.

The man tried to break the door in, and failing, later gained entrance by breaking a window in the door and attacked her, it is charged.

ALEXANDRIA TO HOLD COLLEGE FOR POLICE

Students Are Expected to Attend From All Over Northern Virginia.

THE WASHINGTON POST BUREAU.
907 Prince St., Alexandria, Va.
Phone Alexandria 323.

A police school of instruction, under the direction of Capt. John Arnold, will be opened at the Alexandria Police Station at 7:30 o'clock Thursday evening for police in what is designated as the Ninth District, which embraces Alexandria, Fredericksburg, Clifton, Colonial Beach, Dumfries, Fairfax, Falls Church, Haymarket, Herndon, Manassas, Occoquan, Quantico, Remington, Vienna, Wakefield, Wiehle and the Counties of Arlington, Prince William, Fairfax, King George and Stafford.

At the Thursday night meeting, organization plans will be mapped out, students registered and a definite hour set for classes. The tentative plans call for two classes, one night and the other day. Twelve lessons constitute a course and each lesson will require three hours.

The curriculum includes instruction in police and street conditions, traffic regulations, laws and arrest procedure, crime and its classification, homicide and assault, burglary and larceny, investigation, evidence and court procedure, fires and accidents, first aid, juvenile delinquency, deportment and general contact with the public. The school is being conducted under the auspices of the Virginia League of Municipalities and the Police Chiefs Executive Association. Policemen attending the classes and passing the required tests will be given certificates.

The Woodrow Wilson Public Speaking Club of the Alexandria High School has been organized under the auspices of Miss Mary Waller Dickinson, with Miss June Padgett as president; Miss Mildred Astryke, vice president, and Miss Virginia Ellis, secretary. The purpose of the club is to promote an interest in public speaking, debate and reading.

The first undertaking will be to hold a sham national election, with members of the civic classes participating. Miss Marjorie Mankin is chairman of the Democratic committee and Conway Brawner, of the Republican.

The Mary Custis Lee-Seventeenth Virginia Regiment Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, will hold a meeting tonight at 8 o'clock in Lee Camp Hall, when reports from the Fredericksburg State convention in October will be given. Mrs. C. W. Howell, the president, urges a full attendance.

Columbia Engine and Motor Company, No. 4, Alexandria Fire Department, has established a record of 42 consecutive days without an alarm in the section of the city served by that company. Stephen Taylor, veteran driver of the Columbia engine, states that the longest previous record was 41 days.

Halloween was celebrated by masked and costumed merrymakers parading the streets until a late hour, but no disorders were tolerated by police. Traffic policemen were stationed at every intersection of King street and kept the crowds moving on.

A dance was given by the Drum and Bugle Corps of the Alexandria Post, No. 24, American Legion, in the Virginia Public Service auditorium, which attracted a large crowd. This was the first of a series of entertainments to be staged during the winter, to raise funds to carry the organization to the annual Virginia legion convention to be held in Bristol next August.

District Gov. Ed. R. Johnson, fifty-sixth district of Rotary International, will pay his official visit to the local Rotary Club at 12:30 o'clock today at the George Mason Hotel.

Mrs. Johnson, her daughter and daughter-in-law, will be entertained at luncheon by the Rotary Anns at the Anchorage.

Elliott F. Hoffman, clerk of the corporation court, has announced the fines in prohibition cases for the past month totaled $794, a decrease of $574.50 compared to September.

Persons desiring to vote by mail will have to do so not later than midnight Thursday. The registrars of each ward are prepared to arrange the absentee vote.

Court Clears Motorist Of Blame in Death of 2

James Jones, colored, of Baltimore, was relieved of responsibility for the death in an auto accident of two colored women when he was dismissed in Laurel police court yesterday on charges of reckless driving, failing to keep to the right of the road, and manslaughter.

Jones told Judge J. Chew Sheriff that something went wrong with his car, causing it to swerve across the road and strike a truck near Muirkirk on the Baltimore boulevard. Lenora Smith and Ida Carroll, passengers in the car, were killed and Jones was injured.

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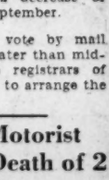

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Telegraphic Dispatches

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Don Marquis, humorist, author and at one time columnist on the New York Sun, was stricken blind last Thursday night and today his condition had improved only to the extent that he can distinguish between red and black? Marquis is 54 years old.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Michael Hausbeck, 60, failing to effect a reconciliation with his family, shot and killed his wife and one of their daughters and then committed suicide in their Buffalo home today. His victims were Mrs. Elizabeth M. Hausbeck, 57, and Mrs. Margaret Cowan, 30.

Jackson, Miss., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Two suicides climaxed a week-end party in a suburban bungalow, a coroner's jury decided today after the bodies of Howard N. Evans, 40, Jackson cotton oil mill executive, and Miss Ruth Kirkpatrick, 28-year-old divorcee, were found in the house.

Charleston, W. Va., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Louise Holder, a 19-year-old college student, is in technical custody of State police today while they investigate the fatal shooting of her father, Andrew J. Holder, 42, at their home at Burning Springs Sunday. The girl told police she fired four shots through the door while her father was attempting to break into her bedroom after threatening to kill her and her mother, Mrs. Eliza Holder.

Baton Rouge, La., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Convicts at the Angola State Penal Farm engaged in an outbreak today, but a guard wounded two prisoners, and the uprising was soon quelled.

Green Bay, Wis., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Fearing reprisal from robbers whom he recently frustrated, Henry Gomand, a farmer, last night mistook a group of relatives for the gunmen and opened fire, killing a cousin and seriously wounding two others.

Mooresville, N. C., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Two men and a woman were killed near here today when their airplane crashed in a heavy fog. They were identified as Earl Padgett, of Lincolnton, N. C., and his wife, and E. L. Byars, Charlotte automobile dealer.

Lansing, Mich., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The Halsey Stuart Co., brokerage concern, today again was authorized to do business in Michigan. For the second time, the company's license has been reingtated by the State Securities Commission. George F. McKenzie, commissioner, said there was insufficient evidence to maintain suspension of the license.

Sturgis, Mich., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Mrs. William Ochs, 45, wife of a farmer residing northeast of here, shot and killed her two daughters and ended her own life after setting fire to the farm home this morning. The bodies of the children, Laura Jean, 15, and Alvina Yvonne, 7, were found by the husband in a bedroom.

Chillicothe, Ohio, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Fire of undetermined origin destroyed the woodworking department at the United States Reformatory near here early today. More than 200 chairs and a similar number of combination chair desks were burned. Officials estimated the loss at $10,000.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Allan Dinehart, motion picture actor, was directed in a supreme court order filed today to pay $1,200 in back alimony to his wife, Louise. Mrs. Dinehart, who was awarded $150 a week, obtained the order when her husband allegedly refused to pay it.

CITIZENS WIN POINT IN POWER PROTEST

Maryland Merger Litigation Goes to Court and U. S. Trade Board.

The fight of the Federation of Citizens Associations of Prince Georges County, Md., to prevent the sale of the Annapolis & Chesapeake Bay Power Co. to the Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co., of Baltimore, has resulted in the ordering of an investigation by the Federal Trade Commission and of a hearing in United States District Court at Baltimore on the sale ratification, it was learned last night.

The citizens' group has fought the sale because it was effected, they say, through a "gentlemen's agreement," by means of which the Baltimore concern was the only bidder for the Annapolis company. It is their desire that the Prince Georges County portion of the company be sold to the Potomac Electric Power Co.

United States District Judge William C. Coleman has assured the federation that they will have every opportunity to present their allegations at a hearing shortly. John Lord O'Brian, assistant to the Attorney General, yesterday indicated to John R. Riggles, chairman of the citizens' committee, that its complaint about the gentlemen's agreement had been referred by the Department of Justice to the Federal Trade Commission.

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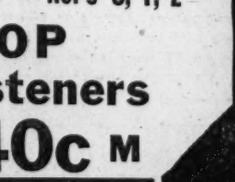
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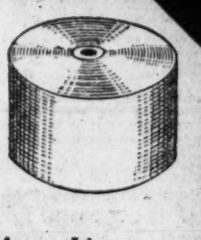
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Tuesday, November 1, 1932.

WILL FRANCE DISARM?

Premier Herriot's latest plan to convert the armies of Europe into defensive militias is the most important contribution to disarmament which France has made for many years. Interest in the plan is lagging in the United States because of the presidential campaign, but when this country once more turns its thoughts toward disarmament, the French scheme is certain to attract much interest and support.

The outstanding feature of the French proposal is that it would be applied only to European armies. It is not contemplated that the United States should join in the substitution of conscripted militias for a regular army, because this country has already cut its armed forces to a minimum. Nor is the French plan incompatible with President Hoover's suggestion that all armed forces throughout the world be reduced by one-third. Premier Herriot's plan could probably be fitted into the Hoover program, if the powers find it agreeable.

Apparently the French government has given up the idea of drawing the United States into a security pact. Secretary Stimson has indicated a willingness on the part of the present administration to discuss world peace with other powers when the Kellogg-Briand pact seems to have been violated. Premier Herriot has given assurance that his plan would not commit the United States to go further than that. It would, however, bind European powers to unite against an aggressor.

Germany seems to be delighted with the proposal, for it would give that country equality of arms once more. It seems almost incredible for a French premier to be sponsoring a plan that would free Germany from the disarmament restrictions of the Versailles treaty. But M. Herriot realizes that Germany has already circumvented the provisions of the treaty and that Germany will not return to the disarmament conference unless there is hope of abolishing the existing legal disparity of armaments.

At any rate the Herriot plan suggests an European solution for an European problem. Nine-tenths of the plan, the premier says, is independent of the United States. That is just what the United States wants. It has no desire to dictate the terms of disarmament to Europe. The American plea is for European countries to reduce their huge armies in their own way. So far as the Herriot plan is understood in this country, it seems to offer a method by which that achievement can be brought about.

Premier Herriot may expect the most formidable opposition from his own people. It is questionable whether the French are ready to extend to Germany the privilege of equal armaments and to substitute a militia for the present army. Several French newspapers are bitterly assailing the plan as a surrender of French security, and others are carefully scrutinizing its provisions. If Premier Herriot does not lose his own political head for this proposal, it will undoubtedly have a far-reaching effect upon the future course of the disarmament conference at Geneva.

PRIMROSE, AID TO SCIENCE.

The most expensive single scientific project of Princeton University is a garden of primroses. Dr. George H. Shull, professor of botany and genetics, has cultivated nearly half a million evening primroses in this seven-acre laboratory. By classifying, interbreeding and inbreeding them he has made genetical discoveries that have won him world-wide recognition. Over a period of 27 years Dr. Shull has been studying these plants and recording individual characteristics on his extensive field charts.

Prior to his work on primroses, Dr. Shull was engaged in research on corn production and made discoveries which established definite principles subsequently used in breeding rats, pigs, poultry and silkworms. The discovery of a method of breeding pure lines of corn, an incidental by-product of his research, has been of great commercial significance.

The old saying that "Like produces like" was found by investigation to be only a half truth. Many inherent, undeveloped attributes exist in an organism, which have no expression in the outward appearance, only to be revealed in a subsequent generation. A genetical analysis, admirably adapted to primroses, made possible the identifying of these strains, and so illustrated in what proportion the characteristics are transmitted to children and grandchildren.

A Dutch botanist, Hugo De Vries, discovered the primrose to be an ideal laboratory plant in 1886. He advanced the mutation theory of heredity, and showed that problems of both evolution and heredity should be attacked experimentally as well as by observation. As a result of De Vries' studies some of the present day species of primroses under observation have pedigrees 50 years old.

NAVAL PREPAREDNESS.

A vigorous appeal for adequate national defense was made by Rear Admiral W. A. Moffett on Saturday at the third annual reunion of the American Legion Naval Post in Chicago. He deplored the fact that more American citizens and voters do not take a more active interest in preparedness, too often leaving consideration of policies to interested groups for manipulation. Lamenting the decadence of American preparedness, Admiral Moffett finds Uncle Sam a Rip Van Winkle, sound asleep so far as defense goes.

The country should hope and pray, the admiral says, that Uncle Sam will awake some day before it is too late, and not be rudely awakened by a club at his head. The President's Navy Day announcement, to the effect that if present peace and disarmament negotiations should fail the United States must build a Navy equal to the most powerful in the world, are cheering words to every man who loves his country. One thing that should not be forgotten, in the admiral's opinion, is that money expended in the building up of the Navy has a far-reaching effect in relieving unemployment.

While deploring the lack of preparedness and the handicaps of reduced appropriations, Admiral Moffett was able to render good report of progress of Naval areonautics, particularly under his own direction. There has been steady advance in the power and efficiency of aircraft engines and an increase of about 20 per cent in their reliability. American types of planes are at least the equal of any and American naval aviators are unexcelled. If falling behind in the strength of the Navy, in the merchant marine and in the air force, Admiral Moffett holds that there is no doubt of America's lead in the field of dirigibles. Here he shows that the Navy has developed a new industry, demonstrating possibilities of using this craft not only for naval but for commercial purposes.

UNITY FOR BANKS.

Bank failures during the depression have brought forth a substantial demand for a unified banking system. In many States depositors have been inadequately protected because State banks have not been held to strict regulations. Thousands of weak and poorly-managed institutions have been swept under by the tide of deflation. Bankers as well as the public agree that improvements are essential to strengthen the faith of the people in the banking system and to provide a more impregnable source of credit.

Many observers have been led to the conclusion that all commercial banks should be taken into the national banking system, leaving the States control over only savings banks and related institutions. Such a plan would undoubtedly provide better supervision and a more coordinated banking service, and would allow all commercial banks to be regulated and controlled in the national interest. It would eliminate competition between the Federal and State governments in granting charters. Practical bankers seldom attempt to deny the advantages of a unified banking system under Federal control.

There is another angle to the problem, however, which can not be easily disposed of. The States are jealous of their right to charter banks. They will not relinquish that right without a struggle. Even though the unified system may be the ideal arrangement, it is hardly to be attained within the near future. In the meantime the banking situation demands attention. If it can not be strengthened in the most logical way, then some other course must be followed.

The economic policy commission of the American Bankers' Association has just issued an interesting report on this subject in which it concludes that the solution lies in extension of the Federal Reserve system to include more State banks. While recognizing the advantages of unification, the commission thinks that the dual system has virtues of its own that are worthy of preservation. Chief among these is the maintenance of "local financial independence and credit sympathies free from the domination of over-centralized Federal government".

The commission points out that the ratio of deposits, loans and investments in Federal Reserve member banks is steadily increasing, and that banks in the system fared considerably better than banks outside during the financial crisis. It concludes that "the system constitutes the most promising instrumentality for building up the kind of banking structure that is to be desired."

Certainly this is a step in the right direction, and one that may be taken without revolutionary changes. Even those bankers who look forward to a unified system can join in a movement to bring banks under the wing of the Federal Reserve system.

WOMEN CANDIDATES.

It is a curious fact rather hard to explain that American women take a much more prominent part as candidates nominated by the minor parties than they do among the two major organizations. In the present campaign there are 101 women seeking important positions, but among them only 18 are Democrats and 17 Republicans. Of the others 23 are Socialists, 22 are Communists, 6 are Prohibitionists, 4 are Farm-Laborites, 3 are independents, and 8 are attached to purely local organizations.

Can it be that the men are generous in their consideration of the fair sex only when it comes to forlorn-hope nominations? Certain it is, of course, that very few of the radical nominees have any chance of election, and probably not more than half of those named by the old parties; so it seems evident that not more than 20 per cent of the total number of women nominated will at best reach office. This is not a very fair showing when it is considered that today it is possible, if they would register, for the female vote to exceed that of mere males.

Among the women candidates three would don a senatorial toga, while 27 would be content to enter the House of Representatives. Of the former Mrs. Hattie Caraway, of Arkansas, in all probability will return to the next Senate as the first woman to be elected to that body. In the House list of candidates there are four women standing for reelection: Mrs. Florence Kahn, of California; Mrs. Edith N. Rogers, of Massachusetts; Mrs. Ruth Pratt, of New York, and Mrs. Mary T. Norton, of New Jersey, all of whom are considered to have a good chance of continuing their legislative careers.

FOR TRAFFIC HARMONY.

In line with recent examples of intelligent action on the part of various industries to solve their own difficulties rather than await government initiative, the traffic interests are getting together for practical consideration of means to reconcile conflicting conditions due to changes in modern transportation. The primary issue is the relation of motorized traffic to the railways. A new organization, the National Highway Users' Conference, which has established headquarters in Washington, including in its membership some fifty units, provides a representative body to present the claims of the motor interests.

With such representation possible a Joint Committee of Railroads and Highway Users has been formed to begin a series of round-table conferences early this month with a view to reaching agreement upon many of the issues which should be definitely settled for the welfare of both sides. On this committee there will be six railway presidents, headed by Gen. W. W. Atterbury, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad, while Alfred H. Swayne, vice-president of General Motors, will act as chairman for the highway users' delegation. The committee is fortunate in having secured Dr. W. J. Cunningham, professor of transportation at Harvard, to serve as executive secretary.

It can not be questioned that motor traffic, both passenger and freight, has expanded to an extent in recent years that railroad earnings in certain lines and certain sections have been adversely affected. Conflicting State laws have endeavored to remedy local situations, often to the handicap of inter-state traffic. All attempts at more general regulatory measures have suffered from a complete lack of agreed facts, and there exists a heterogeneous assortment of arguments and proposed remedies. The new joint committee can render valuable service by harmonious, expert consideration of the vast amount of factual material which will be placed before it and in preparing practical recommendations fair to both railway and highway transportation.

The joint committee expects to place the results of its study and such data as may be desired before the National Transportation Committee, the non-partisan group headed by Calvin Coolidge. The National Highway Users' group is to be commended for inaugurating this highly important work. The interests of the users of more than 26,000,000 automobiles must be properly represented and conserved, but it must be done without crippling the indispensable services of the railway systems. The new organization representing motor interests includes such groups as the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, the A. A. A. and various organizations of both the bus and trucking interests.

Out of this cooperative movement there should develop much more rational proposals than have heretofore been available covering recommendation for national, State and municipal legislation relative to motor vehicle regulation and taxation, as well as supplying a competent body to work out equitable plans to conserve the rights and business of railways and highway users.

YANKEE SPOKEN HERE

From the New York Times.

There will soon be much ringing of doorbells in New England. The ringers will not be persons in search of work, but of Yankee dialect. Collectors for the New England part of the "Linguistic Atlas of the United States and Canada," undertaken by the American Council of Learned Societies and certain colleges and universities, will soon be on the road. Three eastern Massachusetts counties will be gone over with a fine-tooth comb. There are no more country stores. They have been driven out by the chain stores. The old settlers and sitters that used to abound in them have to be hunted up. Will "the old resident," not talking informally in the free-and-easy society of the cracker barrel, be as natural and expressive in presence of the hunters as he would by the side of the big cheese under its cover on the counter? Let us hope so.

Sometimes one feels that dialect is the best speech, though the canned written stuff is so artificial and tedious. The Eastern excavators have already dug out words of power. A writer in the Boston Transcript tells us that a thunderstorm is called a "tempest" in some parts of Maine, on Cape Cod and here and there in Rhode Island. "Pantry" and "buttery" are rival usages. Too knowing youth on the Cape prefers the former; the latter is dearer to the Berkshires. Fishermen generally say "angle worm." That seems queer, since "bait" is still in use; and "worm," "dirt worm," "fish worm" are also found. Central and western Connecticu tare more poetical.

In the Bay State a "doughnut" has a hole in it; in Nutmegia the hole is in a "fried cake." Connecticut bears the palm alone in clinging to "green." The rest of New England is content with "common." "Headcheese" or "souse" is curiously called "minister's face" or "minister's snout." The poetry of corn is admirably expressed in "tossels out." Along the coast is heard a nobler metaphor. There corn "topgallants out." Infant onions are called "rare ripes."

YOU BROKE YOUR BACK RAISING HOGS THIS SUMMER— WHAT DO YOU GET?
THIS $6,297,820,000 CAME OUT OF YOUR POCKET!
TAKE YOUR FOREIGN BONDS DOWN TO YOUR BROKER TOMORROW MORNING AND SEE WHAT YOU GET.
OUT HERE IN THE PEACEFUL VALLEYS AND TEMPLED HILLS, YOU PEOPLE THINK!

Confusions of a National Hook-Up. —Detroit News.

POST HASTE

A fortnight from today it will be possible to consider a week back less seriously.

Arturo Alessandri has been elected president by Chilean votes, but has not yet been accepted by Col. Marmaduke Grove.

Kaiser Bill, Jimmy Walker and Perennial Venizelos are again all standing close by so as not to miss a call.

With those complicated new rules for scoring contract it is easy to see that for some time fifty million bridgers will be wrong.

The United States has this edge on Germany: We are not going to hold a popular election to prove again that a dictatorship cannot be dislodged.

Senator Borah has found a positive issue at last—he comes out strongly in favor of feeding the unemployed.

Premier Herriot is for a "wide measure of disarmament"—wide but not too thin.

A regular schedule has now been arranged so that reports of peace settlements between Bolivia and Paraguay alternate with news of fighting in the Chaco.

Campaign orators have not yet decided whether to hold the United States tariff, the Wall street crash, or the bonus army responsible for the riots in London.

It is going to take Europe a little while to recover from the surprise, or suspicion, of France's sudden conversion to arms reduction.

PAUL HUDSON.

TASTE WITH THEIR LEGS.

Butterfly legs are 1,200 times better at tasting sugar than the most sensitive human tongue, says the Pathfinder. According to experiments conducted by Almeda L. Anderson, of the University of Minnesota, butterfly races and even individual butterflies differ in the taste sense in their legs, just as human palates do. Miss Anderson used a method used by previous students of butterfly senses, in which the sign of tasting is taken to be an uncoiling of the insect's long, flexible nose, a tube-like arrangement through which it drinks the sugary nectar of flowers. When visiting a flower the butterfly's forelegs dip into the drop of nectar or dew which the flower contains. If the legs taste sugar in the liquid the long nose is uncoiled to drink it. But if the sugar is absent it is immediately abandoned as just plain dew which has no appeal to Mme. Butterfly.

ANCIENT CIVIC OATH.

How many of us, asks the Seattle Times, have ever read the civic oath administered to the young men of Athens? "We will never bring disgrace to this, our city, by any act of dishonesty or cowardice, nor ever desert our suffering comrades in the ranks. We will fight for the ideals and sacred things of the city, both alone and with many; we will revere and obey the city's laws, and do our best to incite a like respect and reverence in those above us who are prone to annul or set them at naught; we will strive unceasingly to quicken the public's sense of civic duty. Thus, in all these ways, we will transmit this city not only not less, but greater, better and more beautiful than it was transmitted to us."

JUST FOLKS

By EDGAR A. GUEST

THE GENEROUS GOLFER.

If shirt or coat you chanced to lack
He'd give the one that robed his back.
He'd give you food; he'd give you drink;
He'd never pause of cost to think;
To any volume on his shelf,
He'd gladly let you help yourself;
He'd give you many a good cigar;
Buy tickets to your church bazaar;
To help some poorer man to live
He'd never hesitate to give;
He'd give to missions, clinics, schools,
To public playgrounds, bathing pools
And all there is to give to, but
He wouldn't give a twelve-inch putt.

(Copyright, 1932.)

Standing in the Snow With a Cat Is a Poor Way to Freeze the Cat

By ROBERT QUILLEN

THIS is a fable concerning an ordinary or average man named Smith who lived in a free country and resented the good fortune of the rich.

One day Smith and his cronies hatched a plot to get even with a certain rich man who lived in a castle. They went to the home of a sorcerer called a politician and obtained a botle of tax germs. Then they waylaid the rich man and overpowered him and rubbed the germs in his hair.

"This will serve you right," they told him, "for being rich. You deserve to suffer."

Well, suffer he did—he and all of his household. But the matter didn't end there. The germs were passed on, from the rich man to his foreman and thus to the laborers on his estate and at last to Smith and his cronies, who suffered much and wondered why such hard luck should befall them.

This should have been a lesson to Smtih, but it wasn't.

Some days later a band of evil men attacked the castle and carried away a great quantity of grain from the storehouse, and when Smith heard the news he said: "Goody! I hope the police don't catch them."

But when next he went to the castle to buy flour, he discovered that the price had been doubled.

"You see," the foreman explained, "we must collect just so much money to pay the overhead. When thieves take half of the grain we must charge twice as much for what is left in order to come out even."

Still Smith failed to get the big idea, and again he guffawed in glee when another disaster came. This time it was a disease called graft that appeared under cover of darkness and destroyed a large part of the crops.

"Haw, haw," said Bill. "Missed me again. I ain't got no crop."

"No, you poor sap," said a wise man who overheard him, "but you must eat. And now you'll eat less and sweat more for the privilege of eating at all."

"But how come I must suffer," Bill demanded. "When I don't own anything?"

"Because," said the wise man, "you are the ultimate consumer. No matter who owns the property, anything that happens to it is finally added to your bill. You can't feed poison ivy to the cow without getting your share of it when you consume the milk."

(Copyright, 1932.)

PRO AND CON

Press Comment Upon Acts and Actors in the Great American Show, "Politics."

Where Women Campaigners Fail.

Christian Science Monitor.

Women this year are proving their ability to take the stump for their candidates, but in one political speaking art they have shown themselves no match for some of their brother campaigners. They show comparatively little talent as adjective-slingers.

Searing criticism of their opponents' oratory has, for the most part, been noticeably lacking from their talks. What feminine voice has been heard to pronounce the broad statements of the other side "glittering generalities" and "meaningless mouthings," or to characterize the opponents' diplomatic arguments as "fiddle-faddling," "pure hokum," "buncombe," or "weasel-worded half-truths," to pick a few choice phrases of the male campaigners? Has any feminine pen brought forth such a solemn charge against the other side as that made by men in one camp who deplored the program of their opponents as "a stupendous mistake," and who thundered against their position on a certain issue as one of "abysmal hypocrisy?"

Very Few Sitting Right Now.

Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

"The number of telephone poles now in use would permit the erection of a 30-foot fence across the continent from New York to San Francisco."—Christian Science Monitor. What a nice arrangement for candidates to sit on.

Supreme Court in Politics.

Baltimore Sun.

James M. Beck, along with a number of other defenders of the Hoover faith, is seriously disturbed because in Baltimore Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt ventured to suggest that when President Hoover came into office the Republican party controlled the Supreme Court as well as all the other agencies of Government.

Just why Mr. Beck, who is too good a lawyer to attach great importance to a mere obiter dictum, should get excited about a casually interjected phrase is difficult to understand.

Explained.

Wheeling Register.

The politicians are said to be puzzled over the heavy registration. It's simple enough. There are so many people who will have nothing to do on November 8, and voting will help to pass the time.

Verdict Will Be Right.

Topeka Capital.

Today the campaign has laid the prohibition question on one side and partisan questions along with it. It has focused sharply on the question of recovery, recovery of business, of credit and of jobs. That makes it a universal issue. The self-interest of the man who clings to a job as well as of the unemployed is the self-interest of the nation. There is a growing distate for political hokum. The presidential election will be determined by the judgment of 38,000,000 employed and 11,000,000 unemployed.

Voters have attended all political meetings because they want all the light that is available. There is a sincerity and conscientiousness in coming to a decision seldom seen to such a degree in political contests. Partisanism is swept aside, and all irrelevancies. It is a question of what is the best thing to do. When 40,000,000 voters have reached their decision individually, the verdict will be right.

But We Can Say It.

Daily Oklahoman.

Let those who are so fond of asserting that democracy has failed in America bear in mind that a democracy is the only form of government on earth that permits its citizens to assert that it has failed. It is not strange that Italians are never heard to say that Mussolini has failed and that Russians are not heard charging that the iron rule of Stalin is a failure. They are not permitted to say so. If the Italian or the Russ should follow the free and easy way of the American critic, they would speedily face a firing squad or begin a long trek to arctic Siberia. The very fact that any American born of woman can say that American democracy is a failure is pretty convincing proof that it is not a failure. At least it has not failed to preserve the constitutional privilege of free speech.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Doesn't See How Beer Tax Could Yield Such Huge Revenue as Is Claimed by Wet Enthusiasts.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Approximately $754,000,000 could be raised by a Federal tax on beer, according to a report adopted by the Investment Bankers' Association of America in annual convention at White Sulpher Springs. There are eager young wet propagandists who estimate the probable beer-tax revenue at from one to one and a half billion dollars.

It would please me very much if I felt certain that these magnificent sums—if as much as $500,000,000—could be raised by the proposed beer tax. But even if the so-called non-partisan movement to modify the Volstead law should succeed its budget-balancing outcome will fall far short of the wet estimate. This is so for the reason that under the modification as planned, the flow of beer would be too restricted to satisfy the reasonable requirements of the beer-drinking public.

Within the limits of the beer-legalizing measure to which the wets say they will confine themselves it does not look sensible to base beer-tax estimates on the figures of the drys when the sale of beer was free from unpopular restrictions. At present there are not a great number of regular beer drinkers, and it would take quite a long while for the general public to acquire the daily habit of buying beer in sealed packages, with rules as to where and how it shall be drunk.

There is only one way in which a sizable revenue can be at once produced by a tax on beer, and that is through the return of the licensed saloon with which we were once familiar, or something like it.

W. T. T.

Timely Action Should Be Taken to Preserve Peace if "Hunger Marchers" Come Here.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: In making arrangements to control any situation which may arise in connection with "hunger marchers" this winter I assume that the local authorities will keep in touch with the proper Federal officials. To permit another invasion like that of the bonus "army" last spring and summer would be inexcusable. It is a sure thing that the mob contingent of this winter's petitioners will be subject to Communist influence. That means that as a civic menace they will be far more dangerous than the bonus marchers. The slightest indication of contempt for ordered government on their part should be met at once by a display of force such as will make them fully realize that this is what Gen. Washington liked to call the Federal City. It is to be feared that this year will not see the last of mob petitioning. Stern measures now will undoubtedly save us from much lawlessness in the future. One of the first acts of the coming session of Congress should be to provide for the formal presentation of grievances in accordance with the intent of the fathers of the Constitution, under the clause which guarantees the right of peaceable assembly nad petition.

FEDERALIST.

Indignant Virginian, Speaking for the People, Demands Bonus—"We Need More Money."

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: To redeem the Nation and save our homes we demand a change in our Government. It has become so oppressive and selfish that we cannot and will not stand for it.

The men in charge who advocated economy have raised postage 50 per cent, placed a tax of 2 cents on every check that is written as well as placing a tax on many other necessities.

We people had faith in our highly paid servants but they have failed to take care of us. So we have continued operating and investing while the price of meat, bread and all other necessities has dropped from 25 to 100 per cent and over. There are plenty of farmers who have marketed their money crops and did not bring transportation charges, so they had expense bills presented them.

We demand that you make enough new money and put it in circulation by paying the soldiers' bonus in full in the year 1933. We need more money in the hands of the people.

THE PEOPLE, by T. J. C.
Bryant, Va.

Maryland Woman Voter Will Mash "Old Potato" on November 8 for Slurring Supreme Court.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The G. A., Democrat, who says in The Post of October 28, that Gov. Roosevelt did not make the slurring remark about our Supreme Court, which was plainly heard by all who "Listened-in"—your humble servant being one of the many—evidently does not possess either a radio, or a keen sense of vision. I heard it and I read it, and what I think about it would not be fit to print, so I refrain from giving my thoughts on the subject. But here is hoping "the old potato" will be so thoroughly mashed on November 8 that he will only be fit for a pancake. I will help to do the smashing.

MRS. E. L. W.
Bethesda, Md.

Roosevelt Certainly Said Supreme Court Was Controlled by Republican Party.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: G. A., Democrat, writing in The Post of October 28, says he read Roosevelt's speech and that he did not read anything about a reference to the Supreme Court, but G. A. should have listened to the "raddio." He certainly would have heard the reference to the Supreme Court made by the ill-informed presidential candidate of the Democratic party.

MRS. A. D., SUBSCRIBER.

10,000 OF CHICAGO'S IDLE CRY FOR BREAD

Communist Banners Appear, Despite Police; Mayor Promises Relief.

Chicago, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Chanting "We want bread," Chicago's unemployed surged through the Loop today in a giant, orderly parade and joined in a mass demonstration at downtown Grant Park on the lake front to protest diminished relief allowances which had been cut in half during October for lack of funds. Full allowances are provided for November.

Traffic was snarled and thousands lined sidewalks as marchers, flanked by 1,000 policemen, snaked over streets in a drizzle of rain.

Defying police orders against red flags and "inflammatory" banners, marchers held aloft crimson banners, the hammer and sickle of communism, placards protesting against authorities and signs demanding additional relief.

Cross-Section of Jobless.

Chicago newspapers variously estimated the number of marchers from 10,000 to 13,000.

There were old men, young men; old women, young women; university students, grade school students; white men, black men to the line of march—a cross-section of the city's unemployed.

The signs and banners flared against the dull drizzle of the loop. Some of them read:

"Less cops, more bread;" "national student league of the University of Chicago?" "the new deal, what is it?" "we want work, not charity;" "millions will never work again."

Trek to Grant Park.

While the marchers trekked to Grant Park, a committee representing various organizations of the unemployed conferred with Mayor Anton Cermak and presented demands for an allowance of $7.50 weekly for each family of two; $5.50 for each single man; free car fare for unemployed and school children; free gas, water and electricity; release of unemployed under arrest; a public works program to build homes for the idle, and no distinction between white and Negro workers.

The mayor assured the representatives he would do all in his power to improve the status of the unemployed and promised to name any person they suggested to the Chicago Emergency Commission whose members we are charged with investigation of persons withholding taxes. He said if taxes were forthcoming much aid could be extended.

FOREIGN NEWS IN BRIEF

Paris, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Considerable damage was caused today by a tempest which lashed the French coast. Small craft were driven to shelter and all shipping delayed or stopped at Havre, Cherbourg and Brest. One death from exposure was reported at Roule, near Cherbourg. Waterfronts along the northern coast were inundated.

London, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Princess Ingrid of Sweden, who spent the week-end with her grandfather, the Duke of Connaught, at Sidmouth, returned to London today and went to Kensington Palace to visit Princess Alice, the Countess of Athlone.

Dublin, Irish Free State, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Governor General James McNeil, who submitted his resignation early this month, retired today, transferring the functions of his post to the Free State officer of works until a successor is appointed.

Gibraltar, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Alain Gerbault, French yachtsman who is making his second trip alone around the world in a small craft, arrived here today from Marseille. He sailed secretly from Marseille on September 28, heading for the South Seas.

Moscow, Oct. 31 (U.P.).—Two girls from Atlanta, Ga., Alva Christenson and Mary Degive, returned to Moscow today after a two-month, 5,000-mile tour filled with adventures. In Tiflis they sold their broken-down automobile, then had trouble with authorities, foreigners being required to have a special permit to travel in Turkestan. They spent a fortnight in the "forbidden land," and finally were requested to leave by Tashkent authorities.

Hamilton, Ont., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Police charged a group of unemployed who today attempted to march on the city hall. Two or three persons were knocked down in the melee, but no one was injured and the disorder ended quickly. Leaders of the parade were arrested, while banners were taken away from some of the jobless.

Istanbul, Turkey, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Zaro Agha, who says he is 158 years old, came home unexpectedly here today after two years of wandering about America and Europe. His octogenarian wife hid behind her veil before she would let her stylishly dressed husband enter their shack. Finally, she relented and gave bread to all the neighborhood street dogs as a token of thanksgiving for his return.

Berlin, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Until the European powers acknowledge Germany's claim for equality in armaments, the government will not reply to a query from the League of Nations as to whether Germany will participate in an extension of the one-year arms holiday, which expires tomorrow. Germany, it was said, desires to avoid expressing any opinion on any measure proposed by the world disarmament conference until the question of equality is settled.

Canton, China, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Three young women and 22 young men, members of the Communist Youth Corps, were executed today. The authorities have been waging a bitter campaign against Communist influence.

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EVENTS IN CAPITAL SOCIETY

Ambassador of Cuba on Short Visit in New York.

THE AMBASSADOR OF CUBA AND SENORA DE CINTAS went to New York Sunday evening for a brief visit. They will probably return to Washington tomorrow.

The Ambassador of Brazil, Senhor R. de Lima e Silva, entertained at luncheon yesterday in honor of the former Spanish Ambassador to the United States and Senora de Riano.

The United States Ambassador to Italy and Mrs. John W. Garrett have issued invitations for a dinner dance November 15, at their residence in Baltimore in honor of their debutante niece, Miss Katherine B. Garrett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Garrett.

The Minister of Australia and Mme. Prochnik will entertain at dinner this evening in honor of Saengerknaben, the "Singing Boys of Vienna," who will give a concert this afternoon in Constitution Hall.

The Minister of Denmark, Mr. Otto Wadsted and Mme. Wadsted, are guests at the Shoreham until their new house is ready for them.

Senator Daniel A. and Mrs. Hastings of Delaware, are spending a few days at the Shoreham.

Representative Ross Collins, of Mississippi, spoke at the forum luncheon the Woman's National Democratic Club gave yesterday. After luncheon he talked about the Democratic candidate for the Presidency, Franklin D. Roosevelt. Mrs. Edward Keating introduced the speaker, who was accompanied by Mrs. Collins. Others at the speaker's table were Mrs. Samuel Herrick, Mrs. James T. Newton, Mrs. Isabel McCoy Jones, Mrs. Claude R. Porter, Mrs. William D. Sterrett and Mrs. A. Ward Evans.

Among others at the luncheon were Mrs. Charles Warren, Mrs. Winifred Artaud, Mrs. M. A. J. Markey, Mrs. Bates Warren, Mrs. J. Clinton Tribby, Mrs. Samuel C. Major, Mrs. Thomas Armat, Mrs. Edward S. Stuart, Mrs. Edward Campbell Shields, Mrs. R. M. Mulcare, Mrs. Rufus W. Weaver, Mrs. Pierre M. Bealer, Mrs. Josephus C. Trimble, Mrs. W. C. Landson, Mrs John A. Wells, Mrs. C. I. Hendrickson, Mrs. Hamilton Lamar, Mrs. Nelson P. Webster, Miss Evie Morris, Mrs. Ernest Daniel, Mrs. Frederick Young, Mrs. Edward R. Martin, Mrs. Moncure Berg, Mrs. William S. Conant, Mrs. Dumas Malone and Mrs. Gardner Jackson.

Dr. Kiesselbach Returns To Capital From Germany.

Dr. Wilhelm Kiesselbach, of Hamburg, Germany, has returned to Washington and is again at the Mayflower, where he lived when he first came to Washington in 1927 as German commissioner of the Mixed Claims Commission, United States and Germany. For the last two years he has been in Germany, and his duties with the same commission have again brought him back to Washington.

Miss Agnes Mary Claudius, of Alexandria, Egypt, daughter of former Senator Salib Claudius Pasha, is a guest at the Mayflower. Since her arrival in the United States in 1927 Miss Claudius has divided her time between New York and California, having been the guest of her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Richard, in Berkeley, Calif., for the last few months. She will sail from New York in December for Egypt.

The Right Rev. William Gascoyne Cecil, Lord Bishop of Exeter, and Lady Cecil, who have been the guests of Canon and Mrs. G. Freeland Peter for several days, left Washington yesterday for Springfield, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Halstead, formerly of Washington, recently arrived in New York from England, where Mr. Halstead has been United States consul general in London for some years. They were met in New York by their daughter, Miss Margaret Halstead, who will sing with the Metropolitan Opera Company through the coming season, being a soprano of ability.

Mrs. Halstead, as Miss Aline Wilcox, was a belle in Washington during the Cleveland administration and, with Mr. Halstead and their family, has come to Washington, where Mrs. Halstead's brother, Mr. Walter D. Wilcox, makes his home, whenever Mr. Halstetad had leave from London.

The judges for the national field trials which are being held this week here are Mr. C. C. Dorsey, of Glenarm, Md.; Mr. D. W. Billingslea, of Franklin, Ky.; Mr. L. N. Jeter, of Richmond, Va.; Mr. J. H. Maupin, of Richmond, Ky., and Mr. Hugh Moore, of Doyle, Tenn. They are at Wardman Park Hotel for the duration of their visit here.

Mrs. Herrick to Entertain In Honor of Miss Field.

Mrs. Samuel Herrick will entertain at the dinner dance at the Shoreham Wednesday, November 23, for the debutantes of the season and in honor of Miss Laura Katherine Field.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Frelinghuysen Dumont have returned to Washington from their home in Lancaster County, Pa., and will be guests at the Mayflower for a few days before going to Havana, Cuba. Mr. Dumont has been consul general to Havana for the past three years and prior to that time was on duty in the State Department.

The halloween dinner dance at the Shoreham last evening was a scene of unusual gayety and everyone entered into the carnival spirit. Among those who made reservations were Mr. P. D. McDonald with a party of eight, Mr. Francis C. Buchanan with six guests, Mr. J. F. Moody and a party of six, Mr. C. L. Schmid with twelve guests, Mr. William M. Lubose and ten guests, Mr. Fred G. Dietrich with six guests, Mr. K. M. Griffith and six guests, Mr. George B. Scharp and ten guests, Mr. George Simpkins and ten guests, Mr. D. S. Brady with ten guests, Mr. L. E. Remington with six guests and Mr. S. Singer and a party of eight.

Mrs. John Bond Cochran and Mrs. James F. Mitchell are spending some time in Philadelphia at the Warwick.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles A. Cronan, of Milford, Mass., have come to Washington to attend the National Field Trials this week, and during their stay they will be at Wardman Park Hotel.

The House of Mercy will hold their annual apron and food sale from 11 until 6 o'clock tomorrow morning. The apron sale is in charge of Mrs. Cabell Moore and the food sale is in charge of Mrs. John Howard, assisted by Mrs. Ord Preston, Mrs. William P. Sowers, Mrs. Hewett Well and Mrs. George Barnett.

The marriage of Mrs. John D. Barnhill, of New York, to Count Raoul d'Adhemar took place in St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Hot Springs, Va., on Saturday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Gist Blair will not open Blair House, 1651 Pennsylvania avenue, this winter. They are at the Hay-Adams House for a few days and will sail on the Rex November 12 to spend the winter in Cannes, France.

Mrs. J. Rosa Cannon, of York, S. C., has arrived in Washington to spend the winter here, and she has leased an apartment at Wardman Park Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dwight Kendall entertained at the Halloween dinner dance at the Shoreham last evening, their guests including Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Hooper, Miss Emily Miller and Senor Ricardo Torres.

Col. and Mrs. Kenyon A. Joyce, of Governors Island, N. Y., are guests at the Mayflower.

Mrs. William A. Slade To Speak on England.

Mrs. William Adams Slade, president of the Young Women's Christian Association, will speak tonight at 6:30 o'clock at the business and professional women's meeting and dinner to be held on the fourth floor of the Y. W. C. A. Building at Seventeenth and K streets. Mrs. Slade will speak on "Come With Me to the Country in England" and she will be introduced by Miss Elizabeth Haney, chairman of the business and professional women's department of the Young Women's Christian Association.

This will be the second regular monthly dinner-meeting of the present season, the dinners being scheduled for the first Tuesday in each month throughout the winter months. All business and professional women are invited to take an active interest in these popular events and to attend the dinners, making their reservations in advance if possible.

Music will be a feature of the occasion, with group singing and playing by Miss Evelyn Scott, violinist, assisted by Miss Marjorie Davis, pianist.

The alumnae of Phi Mu Fraternity were entertained Saturday evening by Mrs. Russell Shelk and Miss Margaret Black in Mrs. Shelk's apartment in the Westchester.

This was the first meeting of the year and the following officers were elected: Miss Eva Pope, president; Miss Louise Hickman, vice president; Miss Mari Morhart, recording secretary; Miss Katherine Bannerman, corresponding secretary, and Mrs. Charles Eckles, treasurer. Following the business meeting, bridge was played.

Mr. Eben F. Comins has returned to his Connecticut avenue studio for the winter.

Lieut. Comdr. F. Ulen entertained at tea on Sunday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Elena Murdock Skaith, of Ottawa, Canada.

Mrs. Alicia du Pont Glendening entertained at dinner last evening at her residence in Massachusetts avenue in honor of Mr. and Mrs. James Moran. The other guests were Mrs. Suzanne Smith, Miss Rebecca Alfaro, Miss Emily Maddox, Mrs. Charlotte Warfield, Mr. Raoul de Medina, Capt. Eugene Regnier, Mr. Fernando Pisa, Mr. Ben Cohen and Mr. John Richter.

Miss Janet Richards has returned from her annual visit to Europe, where she enjoyed unusual privileges for observation in all the countries visited. Her impressions of the September sessions of the League of Nations at Geneva and of her interviews with the leading statesmen of Austria and Hungary, and of the reconstruction of agricultural Italy will be reviewed in her lecture course this season at the Willard.

The first talk will be on next Monday morning.

Engagement Announced

Underwood & Underwood.

MISS MARGARET JANE CRANFORD, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Cranford, whose engagement to Mr. Louis Joseph Rauber has been announced. The wedding will take place December 1..

Historic Residence Burns in Virginia

Old Carroll House, Built Century Ago, Razed by Mystery Blaze.

Lynchburg, Va., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The old Carroll house, formerly the country home of the family of the late John W. Carroll, pioneer tobacconist here, which was built a century ago, was burned early this morning, the fire being of unknown origin. The house belonged to S. H. Stewart, of this city, who estimated the loss at $10,000.

The family of J. C. McDaniel, which occupied the dwelling, escaped, one of the members being aroused by the flames.

Two fire companies from the city responded to a telephone call and saved an adjacent five-room cottage. The house was located south of the city near Candler's Mountain.

Married Women Ruled Having Contract Right

Holding that married women have the same right to make contracts, become sureties, or sign accommodation promissory notes as have single women, the District Court of Appeals yesterday affirmed a decision of the Municipal Court, which had entered a judgment of $498.28 against Mrs. Lula E. Jett. The verdict was in favor of the Montague Manufacturing Co.

Mrs. Jett signed the note of her husband in 1928. In her trial she contended that the law did not permit married women to become "accommodation indorsers." This law, said Chief Justice George E. Martin, of the Court of Appeals, had been repealed by an act of Congress in 1926. The indorsement, therefore, was good at law, and the decision went to the manufacturing company.

Attorneys Frank J. Hogan and William H. Donovan appeared for the company.

Frank B. Warren Named To Assist W. A. Roberts

The Public Utilities Commission yesterday appointed Frank B. Warren, an attorney examiner at the Interstate Commerce Commission, an assistant to William A. Roberts, special assistant corporation counsel. His appointment is of a temporary nature at a salary of $300 a month.

Because of pressing public utility matters, Mr. Roberts requested another assistant recently. J. B. Smith recently held the post, but he resigned last summer. Mr. Warren lives at 3331 Quesada street.

Churches Will Observe All Saints' Day Today

A special open-air memorial service conducted by Dr. James E. Freeman, Bishop of Washington, in Rock Creek Cemetery, will be held this morning at 10:30 o'clock in observance of All Saints' Day.

Being a holy day of obligation in the Catholic Church, all schools and universities of that church will suspend classes today. Special masses have been arranged in all Catholic churches.

Indiana and Ohio Counties Get Aid

R. F. C. Lends $247,200 and $565,040, Respectively.

(Associated Press.)

The Reconstruction Corporation yesterday made available $247,200 for relief in St. Joseph County, Ind., and $565,000 for Stark County, Columbus and Dayton, Ohio.

Stark County, Ohio, is to receive $170,540; Columbus, $282,000, and Dayton, $112,500. South Bend, Ind., is located in St. Joseph County. The Governor of Indiana in asking relief had said the county was unable to sell its bonds, and that this had caused the immediate emergency. This is the first loan to Indiana. The Ohio loan will be administered by the State relief commission. The corporation previously has made available to Ohio and various political subdivisions a total of $5,049,222.

Reserves of Y. W. C. A. To Open Doll Hospital

Washingtonians possessing outgrown or worn-out dolls and accessories are invited to send or bring them to the Girl Reserves of the Y. W. C. A. at Seventeenth and K streets to be placed in the Christmas toy shop, after reconditioning, for distribution to the hundreds of little girls who otherwise would be forgotten by Santa Claus.

The doll hospital will officially open today under the direction of Mrs. Harry H. Blee and the entire seventh floor of the "Y" building has been given over for the next two months to the project.

Missionary to Lecture On Indians of Amazon

F. A. Stahl, a missionary to the wild tribes of the great Amazon River Basin of Peru, will deliver a lecture on his activities among the Indians at the Takoma Park Seventh Day Adventist Church tonight at 8 o'clock, it was learned yesterday.

Mr. Stahl has been in attendance at a convention of Seventh Day Adventist leaders in Battle Creek, Mich., which closed last week, as a delegate from Iquitos, Peru. Following his lecture and short stay in Washington he and his wife plan to start back for another seven-year stay in the Amazon River region.

ALESSANDRI NAMED PRESIDENT OF CHILE

Gen. Carias Is Victorious in Honduras, While Mera Leads in Ecuador.

Santiago, Chile, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Arturo Alessandri, former president and senator, was assured of the presidency of Chile when practically complete official returns tonight gave him 183,744 votes, well over the majority necessary for election.

The champion of "practical socialism," as differentiated from the military-sponsored radical socialist regime of the last summer under Carlos Davila, had at least 30,000 more votes than four opponents combined.

Radical Poor Second.

Col. Marmaduke Grove, Socialist extremist, who returned to Chile after four months' exile on election day, Sunday, was second with 60,261 votes. He did not know he was a candidate until a ship arrived at Easter Island, far out in the Pacific, to bring him home and he was unable to make a preelection speech in his own behalf.

Demonstrations accorded him yesterday and today and his statement that he "has returned to win now or later" had government officials worried.

Hector Rodriguez de la Sotta, president of the Conservative party, had 45,267 votes on the latest count. Enrique Zanartu, Agrarian candidate, had 42,273. Elias Lafertte, Communist, ran a poor fifth with 4,621.

Lafertte was elected senator from the Province of Tarapaca. Chilean election laws permitting his candidacy for both offices.

Andino Wins in Honduras.

Tegucigalpa, Honduras, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Gen. Tiburcio Carias Andino, Nationalist-Conservative candidate, was assured election as President of Honduras today.

Returns from yesterday's election gave him a lead of 20,000 votes over Angel Zuniga Huete, the Liberal party nominee. The defeated candidate issued a statement asking his party to accept defeat gracefully and to contribute to the continued maintenance of peace.

Notwithstanding generally current fears of armed strife, the whole country was orderly during the voting.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, Oct. 31 (A.P.). Martinez Mera, who resigned as minister of the treasury last summer to become the Liberal candidate for president, was leading the race for that office today on the basis of early returns. He opposed Manuel Sotomayor Luna, Conservative candidate and former ambassador to Chile.

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TEXT OF PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS AT MADISON SQUARE GARDEN

WARNS OF DISASTER IN LOWERED TARIFF

Democrats' Philosophies Are Assailed as Contrary to American Tradition.

Madison Square Garden, Oct. 31 (A. P.).—Following is the text of President Hoover's address tonight in New York:

This campaign is more than a contest between two men. It is more than a contest between two parties. It is a contest between two philosophies of government.

We are told by the opposition that we must have a change, that we must have a new deal. It is not the change that comes from normal development of national life to which I object, but the proposal to alter the whole foundations of our national life which have been builded through generations of testing and struggle, and of the principles upon which we have builded the Nation. The expressions our opponents use must refer to important changes in our economic and social system and our system of government, otherwise they are nothing but vacuous words. And I realize that in this time of distress many of our people are asking whether our social and economic system is incapable of that great primary function of providing security and comfort of life to all of the firesides of our 25,000,000 homes in America, whether our social system provides for the fundamental development and progress of our people, whether our form of government is capable of originating and sustaining that security and progress.

This question is the basis upon which our opponents are appealing to the people in their fears and distress. They are proposing changes and so-called new deals which would destroy the very foundations of our American system.

Our people should consider the primary facts before they come to the judgment—not merely through political agitation, the glitter of promise, and the discouragement of temporary hardships—whether they will support changes which radically affect the whole system which has been builded up by 150 years of the toil of our fathers. They should not approach the question in the despair with which our opponents would clothe it.

Strong Measures Taken To Prevent Disaster.

Our economic system has received abnormal shocks during the past three years, which temporarily dislocated its normal functioning. These shocks have in a large sense come from without our borders, but I say to you that our system of government has enabled us to take such strong action as to prevent the disaster which would otherwise have come to our Nation. It has enabled us further to develop measures and programs which are now demonstrating their ability to bring about restoration and progress.

We must go deeper than platitudes and emotional appeals of the public platform in the campaign, if we will penetrate to the full significance of the changes which our opponents are attempting to float upon the wave of distress and discontent from the difficulties we are passing through. We can find what our opponents would do after searching the record of their appeals to discontent, group and sectional interest. We must search for them in the legislative acts which they sponsored and passed in the Democratic-controlled House of Representatives in the last session of Congress. We must look into measures for which they voted and which were defeated. We must inquire whether or not the presidential and vice presidential candidates have disavowed these acts. If they have not, we must conclude that they form a portion and are a substantial indication of the proposed changes.

And we must look still further than this as to what revolutionary changes have been proposed by the candidates themselves.

Philosophies of Norris And La Follette Attacked.

We must look into the type of leaders who are campaigning for the Democratic ticket, whose philosophies have been well known all their lives, whose demand for a change in the American system are frank and forceful. I can respect the sincerity of these men in their desire to change our form of government and our social and economic system, though I shall do my best tonight to prove they are wrong. I refer particularly to Senator Norris, Senator La Follette, Senator Cutting, Senator Long, Senator Wheeler, William R. Hearst, and other exponents of a social philosophy different from the traditional American one. Unless these men feel assurance of support to their ideas they certainly would not be supporting these candidates and Democratic party. The zeal of these men indicates that they have sure confidence that they will have voice in the administration of our Government.

I may say at once that the changes proposed from all these Democratic principals and allies are of the most profound and penetrating character. If they are brought about this will not be the America which we have known in the past.

Let us pause for a moment and examine the American system of Government, of social and economic life, which it is now proposed that we should alter. Our system is the product of our race and of our experience in building a nation to heights unparalleled in the whole history of the world. It is a system peculiar to the American people. It differs essentially from all others in the world. It is an American system.

It is founded on the conception that only through ordered liberty, through freedom to the individual, and equal opportunity to the individual will his initiative and enterprise be summoned to spur the march of progress.

It is by the maintenance of equality of opportunity and therefore of a society absolutely fluid in freedom of the movement of its human particles that our individualism departs from the individualism of Europe. We resent class distinction because there can be no rise for the individual through the frozen strata of classes, and no stratification of classes can take place in a mass livened by the free rise of its particles. Thus in our ideals the able and ambitious are able to rise constantly from the bottom to leadership in the community.

New Conception Cited In Acts of Cooperation.

This freedom of the individual creates of itself the necessity and the powerful willingness of men to act cooperatively in a thousand ways and for every purpose, as occasion arises; and it permits such voluntary cooperations to be dissolved as soon as they have served their purpose, to be replaced by new voluntary associations for new purposes.

There has thus grown within us, to gigantic importance, a new conception. That is, this voluntary cooperation within the community Cooperation to perfect the social organization; cooperation for the care of those in distress; cooperation for the advancement of knowledge, of scientific research, of education; for cooperative action in the advancement of many phases of economic life. This is self government by the people outside of government; it is the most powerful development of individual freedom and equal opportunity that has taken place in the century and since our fundamental institutions were founded.

It is in the further development of this cooperation and a sense of its responsibility that we should find solution for many of our complex problems, and not by the extension of Government into our economic and social life. The greatest function of Government is to build up that cooperation, and its most resolute action should be to deny the extension of bureaucracy. We have developed great agencies of cooperation by the assistance of the Government which promote and protect the interests of individuals and the smaller units of business. The Federal Reserve system, in its strengthening and support of the smaller banks; the Farm Board, in its strengthening and support of the farm cooperatives; the home loan banks, in the mobilizing of building and loan associations and savings banks; the Federal land banks, in giving independence and strength to land mortgage associations; the great mobilization of relief to distress, the mobilization of business and industry in measures of recovery, and a score of other activities are not socialism—they are the essence of protection to the development of free men.

Points to Responsibility Of Local Government.

The primary conception of this whole American system is not the regimentation of men, but the cooperation of free men. It is founded upon the conception of responsibility of the individual to the community, of the responsibility of local government to the State, of the State to the National Government.

It is founded on a peculiar conception of self-government designed to maintain this equal opportunity to the individual, and through decentralization it brings about and maintains these responsibilities. The centralization of government will undermine responsibilities and will destroy the system.

Our Government differs from all previous conceptions, not only in this decentralization but also in the separation of functions between the legislative, executive and judicial arms of government, in which the independence of the judicial arm is the keystone of the whole structure.

It is founded on a conception that in times of emergency, when forces are running beyond control of individuals or other cooperative action, beyond the control of local communities and of States, then the great reserve powers of the Federal Government shall be brought into action to protect the community. But when these forces have ceased there must be a return of State, local and individual responsibility.

The implacable march of scientific discovery with its train of new inventions presents every year new problems to government and new problems to the social order. Questions often arise whether, in the face of the growth of these new and gigantic tools, Democracy can remain master in its own house, can preserve the fundamentals of our American system. I contend that it can; and I contend that this American system of ours has demonstrated its validity and superiority over any system yet invented by human mind.

It has demonstrated it in the face of the gretest test of our history—that is, the emergency which we have faced in the past three years.

No Constructive Program Proposed by Democrats.

When the political and economic weakness of many nations of Europe, the result of the World War and its aftermath, finally culminated in collapse of their institutions, the delicate adjustment of our economic and social life received a shock unparalleled in our history. No one knows that better than you of New York. No one knows its causes better than you. That the crisis was so great that many of the leading banks sought directly or indirectly to convert their assets into gold or its equivalent with the result that they practically ceased to function as credit institutions; that many of our citizens sought flight for their capital to other countries; that many of them attempted to hoard gold in large amounts. These were, but indications of the flight of confidence and of the belief that our Government could not overcome these forces.

Yet these forces were overcome—perhaps by narrow margins—and this action demonstrates what the courage of a Nation can accomplish under the resolute leadership in the Republican party. And I say the Republican party, because our opponents, before and during the crisis, proposed no constructive program; though some of their members patriotically supported ours. Later on the Democratic House of Representatives did develop the real thought and ideas of the Democratic party, but it was so destructive that it had to be defeated, for it would have destroyed, not healed.

In spite of all these obstructions we did succeed. Our form of government did prove itself equal to the task. We saved this nation from a quarter of a century of chaos and degeneration, and we preserved the savings, the insurance policies, gave a fighting chance to men to hold their homes. We saved the integrity of our government and the honesty of the American dollar. And we installed measures which today are bringing back recovery. Employment, agriculture, business—all of these show the steady, if slow, healing of our enormous wound.

I, therefore, contend that the problem of today is to continue these measures and policies to restore this American system to its normal functioning, to repair the wounds it has received, to correct the weaknesses and evils which would defeat that system. To enter upon a series of deep changes to embark upon this inchoate new deal which has been propounded in this campaign would be to undermine and destroy our American system.

Last Generation Brought Unprecedented Progress.

Before we enter upon such courses, I would like for you to consider what the results of this American system have been during the last 30 years—that is, one single generation. For if it can be demonstrated that by means of this, our unequaled political, social and economic system, we have secured a lift in the standards of living and a diffusion of comfort and hope to men and women, the growth of equal opportunity, the widening of all opportunity, such as had never been seen in the history of the world, then we should not tamper with it or destroy it; but on the contrary we should restore it and, by its gradual improvement and perfection, foster it into new performance for our country and for our children.

Now, if we look back over the last generation we find that the number of our families and, therefore, our homes, have increased from 16,000,000 to 25,000,000, or 62 per cent. In that time we have builded for them 15,000,000 new and better homes. We have equipped 20,000,000 homes with electricity; thereby we have lifted infinite drudgery from women and men. The barriers of time and space have been swept away. Life has been made freer, the intellectual vision of every individual has been expanded by the installation of 20,000,000 telephones, 12,000,000 radios, and the service of 20,000,000 automobiles. Our cities have been made magnificent with beautiful buildings, parks and playgrounds. Our countryside has been knit together with splendid roads. We have increased by twelve times the use of electric power and thereby taken sweat from the backs of men. In this broad sweep real wages and purchasing power of men and women have steadily increased. New comforts have steadily come to them. The hours of labor have decreased, the twelve-hour day has disappeared, even the nine-hour day has almost gone. We are now advancing the five-day week. The portals of opportunity to our children have ever widened. While our population grew by but 62 per cent, we have increased the number of children in high schools by 700 per cent, those in institutions of higher learning by 300 per cent. With all our spending we multiplied by six times the savings in our banks and in our building and loan associations. We multiplied by 1,200 per cent the amount of our life insurance. With the enlargement of our leisure we have come to a fuller life; we gained new visions of hope, we more nearly realize our national aspirations and give increasing scope to the creative power of every individual and expansion of every man's mind.

Our people in these 30 years grew in the sense of social responsibility. There is profound progress in the relation of the employer and employed. We have more nearly met with a full hand the most sacred obligations of man, that is, the responsibility of a man to his neighbor. Support to our schools, hospitals, and institutions for the care of the afflicted supassed in totals of billions the proportionate service in any period of history in any nation in the world.

Break of Same Type Overcome 15 Times.

Three years ago there came a break in this progress. A break of the same type we have met fifteen times in a century and yet we have overcome them. But 16 months later came a further blow by shocks transmitted to us by the earthquakes of the collapse in nations throughout the world as the aftermath of the World War. The workings of our system were dislocated. Millions of men and women are out of jobs. Business men and farmers suffer. Their distress is bitter. I do not seek to minimize the depth of it. We may thank God that in view of this storm 30,000,000 still have their jobs; yet this must not distract our thoughts from the suffering of the other 10,000,000.

But I ask you what has happened. This 30 years of incomparable improvement in the scale of living, the advance of comfort and intellectual life, inspiration, and ideals did not arise without right principles animating the American system which produced them. Shall that system be discarded because vote-seeking men appeal to distress and say that the machinery is all wrong and that it must be abandoned or tampered with? Is it not more sensible to realize the simple fact that some extraordinary force has been thrown into the mechanism, temporarily deranging its operation? Is it not wiser to believe that the difficulty is not with the principles upon which our American system is founded and designed through all these generations of inheritance? Should not our purpose be to restore the normal working of that system which has brought to us such immeasurable benefits, and not destroy it?

And in order to indicate to you that the proposals of our opponents will endanger or destroy our system, I propose to analyze a few of the proposals of our opponents in their relation to these fundamentals.

Charges Democrats With Extravagance.

First. A proposal of our opponents which would break down the American system is the expansion of Government expenditures by yielding to sectional and group raids on the public treasury. The extension of Government expenditures beyond the minimum limit necessary to conduct the proper functions of the Government enslaves men to work for the Government. If we combine the whole governmental expenditures—National, state and municipal—we will find that before the World War each citizen worked, theoretically, 25 days out of each year for the Government. In 1924 he worked 46 days a year for the Government. Today he works for the support of all forms of government 61 days out of the year.

No nation can conscript its citizens for this proportion of men's time without national impoverishment and destruction of their liberties. Our Nation can not do it without destruction to our whole conception of the American system. The Federal Government has been forced in this emergency to unusual expenditures, but in partial alleviation of these extraordinary and unusual expenditures, the Republican administration has made a successful effort to reduce the ordinary funning expenses of the Government. Our opponents have persistently interfered with such policies. I only need recall to you that the Democratic House of Representatives passed bills in the last session that would have increased our expenditures by $3,500,000,000, or 87 per cent. Expressed in day's labor, this would have meant the conscription of sixteen day's additional work from every citizen for the Government. This I stopped. Furthermore, they refused to accept recommendations from the administration in respect to $150,000,000 to $200,000,000 of reductions in ordinary expenditures, and finally they forced upon us increasing expenditures of $322,000,000. In spite of this, the ordinary expenses of the Government have been reduced upwards of $200,000,000 during this present administration. They will be decidedly further reduced. But the major point I wish to make—the disheartening part of these proposals of our opponents—is that they represent successful pressures of minorities. They would appeal to sectional and group political support and thereby impose terrific burdens upon every home in the country. These things can and must be resisted. But they can only be resisted if there shall be live and virile public support to the administration, in opposition to political logrolling and the sectional and group raids on the Treasury for distribution of public money, which is cardinal in the congeries of elements which make up the Democratic party.

Germany's Experience With Inflation Recounted.

These expenditures proposed by the Democratic House of Representatives for the benefit of special groups and special sections of our country directly undermine the American system. Those who pay are, in the last analysis, the man who works at the bench, the desk, and on the farm. They take away his comfort, stifle his leisure, and destroy his equal opportunity.

Second. Another proposal of our opponents which would destroy the American system is that of inflation of the currency. The bill which passed the last session of the Democratic House called upon the Treasury of the United States to issue $2,300,000,000 in paper currency that would be unconvertible into solid values. Call it what you will, greenbacks or fiat money. It was that nightmare which overhung our own country for years after the Civil War.

In our special situation today the issuance of greenbacks means the immediate departure of this country from the gold standard, as there could be no provision for the redemption of such currency in gold. The new currency must obviously go to immediate and constantly fluctuating discount when associated with currency convertible in gold.

The oldest law of currency is that bad money drives out the good, for a population — every individual — will hoard gold currency and endeavor to get rid of the bad. The invariable effect is the withdrawal of a vast sum of good currency from circulation, and at once the Government is forced to print more and more bad paper currency. No candidate and no speaker in this campaign has disavowed this action of the Democratic House.

In spite of this visible experience within recollection of this generation, with all its pitiable results, fiat money is proposed by the Democratic party as a potent measure for relief from this depression.

The use of this expedient by nations in difficulty since the war in Europe has been one of the most tragic disasters to equality of opportunity, the independence of man.

I quote from a revealing speech by Mr. Owen D. Young upon the return of the Dawes Commission:

* * * he stated: 'The currency of Germany was depreciating so rapidly that the industries paid their wages daily, and sometimes, indeed, twice a day. Standing with the lines of employes was another line of wives and mothers waiting for the marks. The wife grabbed the paper from her husband's hand and rushed to the nearest provision store to spend it quickly before the rapid depreciation had cut its purchasing power in two.

Stable Currency Called Safeguard of Workers.

"When the chairman of the syndicate of the German trade unions, Herr Grasseman, appeared before the Dawes committee, I put to him this question: 'What can this committee do for German labor?'

"I expected the answer to be some one of the slogans of labor: An 8-hour day, old age or disability pensions, insurance against unemployment—something of that kind.

Much to my surprise the answer came promptly.

"'What your committee must do for German labor is to give us a stable currency. Do you know,' Herr Grasseman said, 'that for many months it has been impossible for a wage earner in Germany to perform any of his moral obligations?

"'Knowing that a child was coming to the family at a certain time, there was no way by which the husband, through effort or sacrifice or savings, could guarantee his wife a doctor and a nurse when that event arrived. One knowing that his mother was stricken with a fatal disease could not by any extra effort or sacrifice or saving be in a position to insure her a decent burial on her death.

"'Your committee must,' Herr Grasseman added, 'just as a basic human thing, give us a stable currency and thereby insure to the worker that his wages will have the same purchasing power when he wants to spend them as they had when he earned them.'"

And I ask is that the preservation of opportunity and the protection of men by government?

Third. In the last session the Congress, under the personal leadership of the Democratic vice presidential candidate and their allies in the Senate, enacted a law to extend the Government into personal banking business. This I was compelled to veto, out of fidelity to the whole American system of life and Government. I may repeat a part of that veto message—and it remains unchallenged by any Democratic leader. I said:

"It would mean loans against security for any conceivable purpose on any conceivable security to anybody who wants money. It would place the Government in private business in such fashion as to violate the very principle of public relations upon which we have builded our Nation, and renders insecure its very foundations. Such action would make the Reconstruction Corporation the greatest banking and money-lending institution of all history. It would constitute a gigantic centralization of banking and finance to which the American people have been properly opposed over 100 years. The purpose of the expansion is no longer in the spirit of solving a great major emergency, but to establish a privilege whether it serves a great national end or not."

Tells Veto Reasons On Banking Measure.

I further stated:

"It would require the setting up of a huge bureaucracy, to establish branches in every county and town in the United States. Every political pressure would be assembled for particular persons. It would be within the power of these agencies to dictate the welfare of millions of people, to discriminate between competitive business at will, and to deal favor and disaster among them. The organization would be constantly subjected to conspiracies and raids of predatory interests, individuals and private corporations. Huge losses and great scandals must inevitably result. It would mean the squandering of public credit to be ultimately borne by the taxpayer.

I stated further that—

"This proposal violates every sound principle of public finance and of our Government. Never before has so dangerous a suggestion been made to our country. Never before has so much power for evil been placed at the unlimited discretion of seven individuals."

They failed to pass this bill over my veto. But you must not be deceived. This is still in their purposes as a part of the new deal.

Fourth—Another proposal of our opponents which would wholly alter our American system of life is to reduce the protective tariff to a competitive tariff for revenue.

The protective tariff and its results upon our economic structure has become gradually embedded into our economic life since the first protective tariff act passed by the American Congress under the administration of George Washington. There have been gaps at times of Democratic control when this protection has been taken away. But it has been so embedded that its removal has never failed to bring disaster. Whole towns, communities and forms of agriculture with their homes, schools and churches have been built up under this system of protection. The grass will grow in streets of a hundred cities, a thousand towns; the weeds will overrun the fields of millions of farms if that protection be taken away. Their churches and schoolhouses will decay.

Tariff Commission Declared in Danger.

Incidentally, another one of the proposals of our opponents which is to destroy equal opportunity both between individuals and communities is their promise to repeal the independent action of the bipartisan Tariff Commission and thereby return the determination of import duties to the old logrolling greed of group or sectional interest of congressional action in review of the tariff.

Fifth—Another proposal is that the Government go into the power business. Three years ago, in view of the extension of the use of transmission of power over State borders and the difficulties of State regulatory bodies in the face of this interstate action, I recommended to the Congress that such interstate power should be placed under regulation by the Federal Government in cooperation with the State authorities.

That recommendation was in accord with the principles of the Republican party over the past 50 years, to provide regulation where public interest had developed in tolls of industry which was beyond control and regulation of the States.

I succeeded in creating an independent power commission to handle such matters, but the Democratic House declined to approve the further powers to this commission necessary for such regulation.

I have stated unceasingly that I am opposed to the Federal Government going into the power business. I have insisted upon rigid regulation. The Democratic candidate has declared that under the same conditions which may make local action of this character desirable, he is prepared to put the Federal Government into the power business. He is being actively supported by a score of senators in this campaign, many of whose expenses are being paid by the Democratic national committee, who are pledged to Federal Government development and operation of electrical power.

Last Muscle Shoals Measure Assailed.

I find in the instructions to campaign speakers issued by the Democratic national committee that they are instructed to criticize my action in the veto of the bill which would have put the Government permanently into the operation of power at Muscle Shoals with a capital from the Federal Treasury of over $100,000,000. In fact, 31 Democratic senators, being all except three, voted to override that veto. In that bill was the flat issue of the Federal Government permanently in competitive business. I vetoed it because of principle and not because its was especially the power business. In that veto I stated that I was firmly opposed to the Federal Government entering into any business the major purpose of which is competition with our citizens. I said:

"There are national emergencies which require that the Government should temporarily enter the field of business, but that they must be emergency action in matters where the cost of the project is secondary to much higher consideration. There are many localities where the Federal Government is justified in the construction of great dams and reservoirs, where navigation, flood control, reclamation or stream regulation are of dominant importance, and where they are beyond the capacity or purpose of private or local government capital to construct. In these cases power is often a by-product and should be disposed of by contract or lease, but for the Federal Government to deliberately go out to build up and expand such an occasion to the major purpose of a power and manufacturing business is to break down the initiative and enterprise of the American people. It is destruction of equality of opportunity amongst our people; it is the negation of the ideals upon which our civilization has been based.

"This bill raises one of the important issues confronting our people. That is squarely the issue of Federal Government ownership and operation of power and manufacturing business not as a minor by-product, but as a major purpose. Involved in this question is the agitation against the conduct of the power industry. The power problem is not to be solved by the Federal Government going into the power business, nor is it to be solved by the project in this bill. The remedy for abuses in the conduct of that industry lies in regulation and not by the Federal Government entering upon the business itself. I have recommended to the Congress on various occasions that action should be taken to establish Federal regulation of interstate power in cooperation with State authorities. This bill would launch the Federal Government upon a policy of ownership of power utilities upon a basis of competition instead of by the proper government function of regulation for the protection of all the people. I hesitate to contemplate the future of our institutions, of our Government, and of our country if the preoccupation of its officials is to be no longer the promotion of justice and equal opportunity, but is to be devoted to barter in the markets. That is not liberalism; it is degeneration."

Tyranny of Possible Power Bureaucracy.

From their utterances in this campaign and elsewhere we are justified in the conclusion that our opponents propose to put the Federal Government in the power business with all its additions to Federal bureaucracy, its tyranny over State and local governments, its undermining of State and local responsibilities and initiative.

Sixth. I may cite another instance of absolutely destructive proposals to our American system by our opponents.

Recently there was circulated through the unemployed in this country a letter from the Democratic candidate in which he stated that he "would support measures for the inauguration of self-liquidating public works such as the utilization of water resources, flood control, land reclamation, to provide employment for all surplus labor at all times."

I especially emphasize that promise to promote "employment for all surplus labor at all times." At first I could not believe that any one would be so cruel as to hold out a hope so absolutely impossible of realization to these 10,000,000 who are unemployed. But the authenticity of this promise has been verified. And I protest against such frivolous promises being held out to a suffering people. It is easily demonstrable that no such employment can be found. But the point I wish to make here and now is the mental attitude and spirit of the Democratic party to attempt it. It is another mark of the character of the new deal and the destructive changes which mean the total abandonment of every principle upon which this Government and the American system is founded. If it were possible to give this employment to 10,000,000 people by the Government, it would cost upward of $9,000,000,000 a year.

The stages of this destruction would be first the destruction of Government credit, the value of Government securities, the destruction of every fiduciary trust in our country, insurance policies and all. It would pull down the employment of those who are still at work by the high taxes and the demoralization of credit upon which their employment is dependent. It would mean the pulling and hauling of politics for projects and measures, the favoring of localities, sections and groups.

Reclamation Projects Are Termed Ruinous.

It would mean the growth of a fearful bureaucracy which, once established, could never be dislodged. If it were possible, it would mean one-third of the electorate with Government jobs earnest to maintain this bureaucracy and to control the political destinies of the country.

Incidentally, the Democratic candidate has said on several occasions that we must reduce surplus production of agricultural products and yet he proposes to extend this production on a gigantic scale through expansion of reclamation and new agricultural areas to the ruin of the farmer.

I have said before, and I want to repeat on this occasion, that the only method by which we can stop the suffering and unemployment is by returning our people to their normal jobs in their normal homes, carrying on their normal functions of living. This can be done only by sound processes of protecting and stimulating recovery of the existing economic system upon which we have builded our progress thus far—preventing distress and giving such sound employment as we can find in the meantime.

Seventh. Recently, at Indianapolis, I called attention to the statement made by Gov. Roosevelt in his address on October 25 with respect to the Supreme Court of the United States. He said:

"After March 4, 1929, the Republican party was in complete control of all branches of the Government—Executive, Senate and House, and, I may add for good measure, in order to make it complete, the Supreme Court as well."

I am not called upon to defend the Supreme Court of the United States from this slurring reflection. Fortunately that court has jealously maintained over the years its high standard of integrity, impartiality and freedom from influence of either the Executive or Congress, so that the confidence of the people is sound and unshaken.

But is the Democratic candidate really proposing his conception of the relation of the Executive and the Supreme Court? If that is his idea, he is proposing the most revolutionary new deal, the most stupendous breaking of precedent, the most destructive undermining of the very safeguard of our form of government yet proposed by a presidential candidate.

Deplores Democrats' Counsel of Despair.

Eighth. In order that we may get at the philosophical background of the mind which pronounces the necessity for profound change in our American system and a new deal, I would call your attention to an address delivered by the Democratic candidate in San Francisco early in October.

He said:

"Our industrial plant is built. The problem just now is whether under existing conditions it is not overbuilt. Our last frontier has long since been reached. There is practically no more free land. There is no safety valve in the Western prairies where we can go for a new start. * * * The mere building of more industrial plants, the organization of more corporations is as likely to be as much a danger as a help. * * * Our task now is not the discovery of natural resources or necessarily the production of more goods, it is the sober, less dramatic business of administering the resources and plants already in hand, * * * establishing markets for surplus production, of meeting the problem of underconsumption, distributing the wealth and products more equitably and adopting the economic organization to the service of the people. * * *"

There are many of these expressions with which no one would quarrel. But I do challenge the whole idea that we have ended the advance of America; that this country has reached the zenith of its power, the height of its development. That is the counsel of despair for the future of America. That is not the spirit by which we shall emerge from this depression. That is not the spirit that made this country. If it is true, every American must abandon the road of countless progress and unlimited opportunity. I deny that the promise of American life has been fulfilled, for that means we have begun the decline and fall. No nation can cease to move forward without degeneration of spirit.

I could quote from gentlemen who have emitted this same note of pessimism in economic depressions going back for 100 years. What Gov. Roosevelt has overlooked is the fact that we are yet but on the frontiers of development of science and of invention. I have only to remind you that discoveries in electricity, the internal-combustion engine, the radio—all of which have sprung into being since our land was settled—have in themselves represented the greatest advances in America. This philosophy upon which the Governor of New York proposes to conduct the Presidency of the United States is the philosophy of stagnation, of despair. It is the end of hope. The destines of this country should not be dominated by that spirit in action. It would be the end of the American system.

Store of Inventions For Comfort Lie Ahead.

I have recited to you the progress of this last generation. Progress in that generation was not due to the opening up of new agricultural land; it was due to the scientific research, the opening of new invention, new flashes of light from the intelligence of our people. These brought the improvements in agriculture and industry. There are a thousand inventions for comfort in the lockers of science and invention which have not yet come to light; all are but on their frontiers. As for myself I am confident that if we do not destroy this American system, if we continue to stimulate scientific research, if we continue to give it the impulse of initiative and enterprise, if we continue to build voluntary cooperative action instead of financial concentration, if we continue to build it into a system of free men, my children will enjoy the same opportunity that have come to me and to the whole 120,000,000 of my countrymen. I wish to see American Government conducted in this faith and in this hope.

Most Gigantic Increase In Federal Expenditure.

If these measures, these promises, which I have discussed, or these failures to disavow these projects; this attitude of mind, mean anything, they mean the enormous expansion of the Federal Government; they mean the growth of bureaucracy such as we have never seen in our history. No man who has not occupied my position in Washington can fully realize the constant battle which must be carried on against incompetence, corruption, tyranny of government expanded into business activities. If we first examine the effect of our form of government of such a program, we come at once to the effect of the most gigantic increase in expenditure ever known in history. That alone would break down the savings, the wages, the equality of opportunity among our people. These measures would transfer vast responsibilities to the Federal Government from the States, the local governments, and the individuals. But that is not all; they would break down our form of government. Our legislative bodies can not delegate their authority to any dictator, but without such delegation every member of these bodies is impelled in representation of the interest of his constituents constantly to seek privilege and demand service in the use of such agencies. Every time the Federal Government extends its arm, 531 senators and representatives become actual boards of directors of that business.

Capable men can not be chosen by politics for all the various talents required. Even if they were supermen, if there were no politics in the selection of the Congress, if there were no constant pressure for this and for that, so large a number would be incapable as a board of directors of any institution. At once when these extensions take place by the Federal Government, the authority and responsibility of State governments and institutions are undermined. Every enterprise of private business is at once halted to know what Federal action is going to be. It destroys initiative and courage. We can do no better than quote that great statesman of labor, the late Samuel Gompers, in speaking of a similar situation:

"It is a question of whether it shall be Government ownership or private ownership under central. If I were a minority of one in this convention, I would want to cast my vote so that the men of labor shall not willingly enslace themselves to Government in their industrial effort."

We have heard a great deal in this campaign about reactionaries, conservatives, progressives, liberals and radicals. I have not yet heard an attempt by any one of the orators who mouth these phrases to define the principles upon which they base these classifications. There is one thing I can say without any question of doubt—that is, that the spirit of liberalism is to create free men; it is not the regimentation of men. It is not the extension of bureaucracy. I have said in this city before now that you can not extend the mastery of government over the daily life of a people without somewhere making it master of people's souls and thoughts. Expansion of government in business means that the government, in order to protect itself from the political consequences of its errors, is driven irresistibly without peace to greater and greater control of the Nation's press and platform. Free speech does not live many hours after free industry and free commerce die. It is a false liberalism that interprets itself into government operation of business. Every step in that direction poisons the very roots of liberalism. It poisons political equality, free speech, free press, and equality of opportunity. It is the road not to liberty, but to less liberty. True liberalism is found not in striving to spread bureaucracy, but in striving to set bounds to it. True liberalism seeks all legitimate freedom first in the confident belief that without such freedom the pursuit of other blessings is in vain. Liberalism is a force truly of the spirit proceeding from the deep realization that economic freedom can not be sacrificed if political freedom is to be preserved.

Monopoly Is Opposed As Being Un-American.

Even if the Government conduct of business could give us the maximum of efficiency instead of least efficiency, it would be purchased at the cost of freedom. It would increase rather than decrease abuse and corruption, stifle initiative and invention, undermine development of leadership, cripple mental and spiritual energies of our people, extinguish equality of opportunity, and dry up the spirit of liberty and progress. Men who are going about this country announcing that they are liberals because of their promises to extend the Government in business are not liberals, they are reactionaries of the United States.

And I do not wish to be misquoted or misunderstood. I do not mean that our Government is to part with one iota of its national resources without complete protection to the public interest. I have already stated that democracy must remain master in its own house. I have stated that abuse and wrongdoing must be punished and controlled. Nor do I wish to be misinterpreted as stating that the United States is a free-for-all and devil-take-the-hindmost society.

The very essence of equality of opportunity of our American system is that there shall be no monopoly or domination by any group or section in this country, whether it be business, sectional or a group interest. On the contrary, our American system demands economic justice as well as political and social justice; it is not a system of laissez faire.

I am not setting up the contention that our American system is perfect. No human ideal has ever been perfectly attained, since humanity itself is not perfect. But the wisdom of our forefathers and the wisdom of the 30 men who have preceded me in this office hold to the conception that progress can only be attained as the sum of accomplishments of free individuals, and they have held unalterably to these principles.

In the ebb and flow of economic life our people in times of prosperity and ease naturally tend to neglect the vigilance over their rights. Moreover, wrongdoing is obscured by apparent success in enterprise. Then insidious diseases and wrongdoings grow apace. But we have in the past seen in times of distress and difficulty that wrongdoing and weakness come to the surface and our people, in their endeavors to correct these wrongs, are tempted to extremes which may destroy rather than build.

It is men who do wrong, not our institutions. It is men who violate the laws and public rights. It is men, not institutions, which must be punished.

Abolition of Poverty Is Still Cherished Aim.

In my acceptance speech four years ago at Palo Alto I stated that—

"One of the oldest aspirations of the human race was the abolition of poverty. By poverty I mean the grinding by undernourishment, cold ignorance, fear of old age to those who have the will to work."

It stated that—

"In America today we are nearer a final triumph over poverty than in any land. The poorhouse has vanished from amongst us; we have not reached that goal, but given a chance to go forward, we shall, with the help of God, be in sight of the day when poverty will be banished from this Nation."

Our Democratic friends have quoted this passage many times in this campaign. I do not withdraw a word of it. When I look about the world even in these times of trouble and distress I find it more true in this land than anywhere else under the traveling sun. I am not ashamed of it, because I am not ashamed of holding ideals and purposes for the progress of the American people. Are my Democratic opponents prepared to state that they do not stand for this ideal or this hope? For my part, I propose to continue to strive for it, and I hope to live to see it accomplished.

One of the most encouraging and inspiring phases of this whole campaign has been the unprecedented interest of our younger men and women. It is in this group that we find our new homes being founded, our new families in which the children are being taught those basic principles of love and faith and patriotism. It is in this group that we find the starting of business and professional careers with courageous and hopeful faces turned to the future and its promise. It is this group who must undertake the guardianship of our American system and carry it forward to its greater achievements.

Inevitably in the progress of time, our country and its institutions will be entirely in their hands. The burdens of the depression have fallen on the younger generation with equal and perhaps greater severity than upon the elders. It has affected not only their economic well-being, but has tended also to shatter many illusions. But their faith in our country and its institutions has not been shaken. I am confident that they will resist any destruction to our American system of political, economic and social life.

American System Is Indorsed by Youth.

It is a tribute to America and its past and present leaders and even more a tribute to this younger generation that, contrary to the experience of other countries, we can say tonight that the youth of America is more stanch than many of their elders. I can ask no higher tribute from my party for the maintenance of the American system and the program of my administration than the support being given by the younger men and women of our country. It has just been communicated to me that tonight at this time, in every county and almost every precinct of our country, 3,000,000 members of the Young Republican League are meeting for the support of a Republican victory November 8—a victory for the American system.

My countrymen, the proposals of our opponents represent a profound change in American life—less in concrete proposal, bad as that may be, than by implication and by evasion. Dominantly in their spirit they represent a radical departure from the foundations of 150 years which have made this the greatest Nation in the world. This election is not a mere shift from the ins to the outs. It means deciding the direction our Nation will take over a century to come.

My conception of America is a land where men and women may walk in ordered liberty, where they may enjoy the advantages of wealth not concentrated in the hands of a few but diffused through the lives of all, where they build and safeguard their homes, give to their children full opportunities of American life, where every man shall be respected in the faith that his conscience and his heart direct him to follow, where people secure in their liberty shall have leisure and impulse to seek a fuller life. That leads to the release of the energies of men and women, to the wider vision and higher hope; it leads to opportunity for greater and greater service not alone of man to man in our country but from our country to the world.

It leads to health in body and a spirit unfettered, youthful, eager with a vision stretching beyond the farthest horizons with an open mind, sympathetic and generous. But that must be builded upon our experience with the past, upon the foundations which have made our country great. It must be the product of our truly American system.

Philadelphia Radicals Blamed in Hoover Boos

Philadelphia, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—William B. Mills, superintendent of police, in charge of the arrangements on President Hoover's visit to Philadelphia today, said he blamed a group of Communists for "booing" during the time Mr. Hoover was at Reyburn Plaza.

"The few Communists were in such a position," Mills said, "that their voices went directly into the amplifying system and the boos sounded as though many persons were uttering them, while, as a matter of fact, they were only a handful."

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PAYNE ADVOCATES ROOSEVELT DEFEAT

Assistant Secretary Asserts Hoover Has Done Much to End Depression.

Pointing out the constructive nature of the program carried out by President Hoover in his efforts to relieve the depression, Assistant Secretary of War Frederick H. Payne last night urged the reelection of the President in order that the great business of America can be carried on without the handicap of new executives. Secretary Payne addressed two groups in Montgomery County, Md., one at Bethesda in the State Theater and the other in the Presbyterian Church at Takoma Park.

Others who spoke were Capt. Harold C. Smith, Rockville attorney and Republican candidate for Congress from the Sixth Maryland District; State Senator Wallace Williams, Republican candidate for United States senator, and Walter W. Dawson, of Rockville, Montgomery County member of the House of Delegates and president of the Montgomery County Young Republican Club. William Tyler Page, former clerk of the House, presided at Bethesda and Wilson L. Townsend, treasurer of the State central committee of the county, at Takoma Park.

Voters Jump to Conclusions.

The Assistant War Secretary told the Takoma Park gathering that Americans are too busy to do much more than read the headlines and because of this do not go into the deeper aspects of national welfare.

"We listen to conversation with one ear only. We glance at newspaper headlines and skip the facts. As a result we get a lot of hazy impressions, that are too often at variance with facts," he declared. He cited the case of a manufacturer who spent millions in popularizing his tooth paste through a campaign of advertising, in which he warned against the "pink toothbrush," when much to his surprise his dealers reported the public was trying to buy pink toothbrushes.

He said the American public acts the same way in politics. The country is being bombarded with headlines, carrying promises and platitudes which give misleading impressions, he said.

Headlines Misleading.

"We see a headline—'Roosevelt Flays Extravagance of Federal Government.' Without further consideration we say: 'Fine, that's the stuff. I always did think those fellows spent too much money.' Here's a man who will fix all that.' But what are the real facts? Simply these: Since Franklin D. Roosevelt has been Governor of New York the expenses of that State have increased $100,000,000 or approximately one-third. The last Republican Governor of New York actually reduced State expenditures, but his two Democratic successors, particularly Mr. Roosevelt, have piled them on beyond reason," Mr. Payne said.

He charged the Democrats had tried to do the same with Federal expenditures and that but for the courageous veto of President Hoover, an additional $5,000,000,000 would have been saddled on the taxpayer. Mr. Payne further alleged that Democratic leaders have admitted the wisdom of Republican tariff walls in protecting the American workingman from an influx of cheap material from Europe, where conditions are much worse than under Hoover leadership in America.

Scores Roosevelt Bank Record.

He further charged that Mr. Roosevelt was president of a banking concern, which in 1922 urged American investors to purchase German securities, which since have become worthless. "Is that protecting us from the trickery of international bankers?" he asked. "And yet the headlines try to convince us that the former International Banker Roosevelt would protect the American public against losses of this character."

Mr. Payne alleged that though Mr. Roosevelt has posed as the friend of the farmer he has vetoed every practical relief bill for the farmer proposed by the Republican legislature, including a bill for tax reform, which would have eliminated the State tax on real estate and relieved the farmer of a great burden. He said that instead Mr. Roosevelt had proposed a real estate tax of $13,500,000.

Urges Hoover Retention.

"Mr. Roosevelt promises that as the friend of the forgotten man he will protect the safety of bank depositors," My Payne said. He said that the truth is that 41 State-controlled banks in New York, which should have been regulated by the governor, have failed while there were but 35 national banks which had failed.

His charges were presented at both meetings, but at Bethesda, Secretary Payne used the simile of a big business, the United States Government. He said that change of executives requires that the business "take it on the chin" until the new men have reached their stride and that it would be well to carefully consider before making such a change, "that takes the management out of the hands of constructive and enlightened leaders and commits it to the care of obstructionists and the 'forgettors of the forgotten man.'"

Democrats to Share Voting Trip Expense

Voters who wish to return to their home State to ballot next Tuesday may be able to arrange to go by automobile with other persons and save money by sharing expenses, it was stated yesterday by Jay W. Nelson, vice national organizer of the Roosevelt Motor Club.

The headquarters of the Democratic State committee, at 1320 G street northwest, will be a clearing house for such voting parties and for information regarding train and bus schedules, Mr. Nelson said.

Republican State Clubs Stage Rally Tomorrow

The League of Republican State Clubs will hold an old-fashioned rally, the last of the campaign, at its headquarters at Sixteenth street and Scott Circle tomorrow night, it was announced yesterday by Edgar C. Snyder, chairman of the league.

Speakers will include William E. Andrews, former member of Congress from Nebraska; Mrs. Helen Cunningham, educator, and Maurice D. Rosenburg, Washington banker and attorney. Musical entertainment will be interspersed throughout the program and refreshments will be served just before adjournment.

TEXT OF ROOSEVELT'S SPEECH

Boston Arena, Boston, Oct. 31 (A. P.).—Following is the text of Franklin D. Roosevelt's address tonight in Boston:

This trip to New England I assure you has brought back many happy memories. I have met a multitude of old friends with whom I have been associated in public life for more than twenty years.

If I were to start referring to each of them by name, I should have to call the roll of Massachusetts Democracy. All I can say is that I appreciate the fact that today, a week before election, we have a united party, a party which will be supported by free spirited Republican and independent voters, in securing a great victory on November 8.

And other memories have come from far back beyond my earliest political experience. As a boy I came to this State for education. To that education I look back with open and sincere pride and gratitude.

Then I came and lived at a great institution for the freeing of the human mind from ignorance, from bigotry of the mind and the spirit. Knowledge—that is education in its true sense—is our best protection against unreasoning prejudice and panic-making fear, whether engendered by special interests, illiberal minorities or panic-stricken leaders who seek to perpetuate the power which they have misused.

I hope I have learned the lesson that reason and tolerance have their place in all things, and I want to say frankly that they are never so appropriate as when they prevail in a political campaign.

Campaign Has Lost Dignity, He Declares.

I say this with some feeling because I express widespread opinion when I note that the dignity of the office of President has suffered during the past week. The President began this campaign with the same attitude with which he has approached so many of the serious problems of the past three years. He sought to create the impression that there was no campaign just as he had sought to create the impression that all was well with the United States.

But the people of the country spoiled these plans. They demanded that the administration which they placed in power four years ago, and which has cost them so much, give an accounting. They demanded this accounting in no uncertain terms.

This demand of the people has continued until it has become an overwhelming irresistible drift of public opinion.

As this storm of approval for the Democratic policies has grown, several moods have come over the utterances of the President, and his supporters.

First, they were plaintively apologetic; then they were indignant at Congress. Finally they have in desperation resorted to the breeding of fear.

At first the President refused to recognize that he was in a contest. But as the people have responded to our program with enthusiasm he recognized that we were both candidates. And then dignity died.

At Indianapolis he spoke of my arguments—misquoting them. But at Indianapolis he went further. He abandoned argument for personalities.

In the presence of a situation like this I am tempted to reply in kind. I shall not yield to the temptation to which the President yielded. On the contrary I reiterate my respect for his person and his office. But I shall not be deterred even by the President of the United States from the discussion of grave national issues and submitting to them the truth about their national affairs—however unpleasant that truth may be.

The ballot is the indispensable instrument of a free people. It should be the true expression of their will. It is intolerable when that is coerced—whatever the form of coercion—political, or economic.

The autocratic will of no man—be he President, or general, or captain of industry—shall ever destroy the sacred right of the people themselves to determine for themselves who shall govern them.

Intimidation Is Laid To Republican Leaders.

Secure in their undying belief in this great tradition the people of this country, the employed, the partially employed and the unemployed—those who are fortunate enough to retain some of the means of economic well being, and those from whom these cruel conditions have taken everything—have stood with patience and fortitude in the face of adversity.

There they stand. And they stand peacefully, even when they stand in the breadline. Their complaints are not mingled with threats. They are willing to listen to reason at all times. Throughout this great crisis the stricken army of the unemployed has been patient, law-abiding, orderly—because they are hopeful.

But the party that claims as its guiding tradition the patient and generous spirit of the immortal Lincoln, when confronted by an opposition which has given to the Nation an orderly and constructive campaign, has descended to an outpouring of misstatements, of threats and intimidation.

The administration attempts to undermine reason through fear—to tell us that the world will come to an end on November 8 if they are not returned to power for four years more. It sadly misconceives the good sense and the self-reliance of our people.

They tell us further that the present administration will be unable to hold in check the economic forces that threaten us in the period between election and inauguration. They threaten American business and American workers with dire destruction from November to March.

They crack the "whip of fear" over the backs of American voters.

Ambassador Mellon, the representative of the United States at the Court of St. James, who should represent the whole American people there, appeals to an English audience on English soil for the support of a party candidate 3,000 miles away, and invokes the same sinister threat and seeks to spread it to the rest of the civilized world.

We are told that there was a Roman senator who threw himself into a chasm to save his country. These gentlemen are of a new breed. They are willing to throw their country into a chasm to save themselves.

Another means of spreading fear is through certain Republican industrial leaders. I have said, and without being controverted, that 5,000 men in effect control American industry. These men, possessed of such great power, carry likewise a great responsibility.

It is their duty to use every precaution to see that this power is never used to destroy or limit the sound public policy of the free and untrammeled exercise of the power of the ballot.

In violation of this duty some of these 5,000 men who control industry are invading the sacred political rights of those over whom they have economic power. They are joining in the chorus of fear initiated by the President, Secretary of the Treasury, and the Republican national committee.

Threats Are Called Empty Gestures.

They are telling their employes that if they fail to support the administration of President Hoover, such jobs as they have will be in danger.

Such conduct is un-American and worthy of censure at the ballot box.

It would be equally reprehensible if any political leader were to seek reprisal against any coercing employer who used such means. Let us fight our political battles with political arguments, and not prey upon men's economic necessities.

No, my friends, their threats are empty gestures. You know and I know that their industries have been sliding down hill. You know, and I know that the whole program of the present administration has been directed only to prevent a further slipping. You know, and I know that therein lies the difference between the leaderships of the two parties.

You know, and I know that the Democratic party is not satisfied merely with arresting the present decline, but that we seek to build up and improve—to put these industries into a position where their wheels will turn and where opportunity will be given to them to reemploy the millions of workers they have laid off.

It is not enough merely to stabilize—to lend money! It is essential to increase purchasing power in order that goods may be sold. There must be people capable of buying goods in order that goods may be manufactured and sold. When that time comes, under a new leadership, these same gentlemen will be there doing business as usual.

The American voter, the American workingman, the millworker of New England, the miner of the West, the railroad worker, the farmer, and the white collar man will answer this silly, spiteful threat with his ballot on November 8.

As I have pointed out before in this campaign, the fruits of this depression, like the fruits of war, will be gathered in future generations. It is not, my friends, the pinch of suffering and the agony of uncertainty that the grown-up people are now feeling that count the most; it is the heritage that our children must anticipate that touches an even more vital spot. But it is not today alone that counts. Undernourished and poor standards of living and inadequate medical care of today will make themselves felt for 50 years to come.

I stood in Topeka, Kansas, and said to the farmers that the tragic effects of 40-cent wheat and 9-cent corn and 6-cent cotton is not so much what the farmer himself must feel when he sees the labor of his hands wasted on a product that does not yield him a living.

Decries Suffering of Children in Depression.

The bitterness of it all is what it means for his children.

It is the same for you—you workers in industry. There are none of us who do not hope that our children get a better break than we have had—that the chance for an education, for a reasonable start in life, may be passed on to our children, an opportunity for them that is built out of the hard work of our own hands. We want them to have opportunity for profitable character building,—decent, wholesome living—good work, and good play. We want to know somehow that while perfection does not come in this world, we do try to make things better from one generation to another.

This depression with its vast unemployment has swept away much of the material gains that we had hoped to use. Grim poverty stalks through the land. It embitters the present and darkens the future.

Against this enemy every ounce of effort and every necessary penny of wealth must be raised as a defense. And, my friends, it is not that we lack the knowledge of what to do. The tragedy of the past years has been the failure of those who were responsible to translate high sounding plans into action.

The present leadership in Washington stands convicted, not because it did not have the means to plan, but fundamentally because it did not have the will to do. That is the reason that the American people on November 8 will register their firm conviction that this administration has utterly and entirely failed—failed to meet the great emergency.

The American people are a heart-sick people—"hope deferred maketh the heart sick."

Let me offer you an example: In 1921 and 1922 there was a depression: Very mild, compared with the present one—but nevertheless, a depression. There developed a large amount of unemployment. The President of the United States in September, 1921, called the "President's conference on unemployment." This conference employed a number of experts who prepared a highly competent report. It happens that this report did not appear until the depression was ended. It was published in 1923—six years before the present depression began. It said many sound things. It proposed the control of credit expansion by the banks, the prevention of over-expansion of industry, the control of public and private construction in boom periods, and security against the suffering that must come from unemployment. It was a good report, my friends. Sound and intelligent people worked on it and contributed to it.

The chairman of that unemployment conference in 1921 was the then Secretary of Commerce of the United States—Secretary Hoover.

The President complains because I have charged that he did nothing for a long time after the depression began. That is true. I add to that charge, that from the time this report was published in 1923, for the six years that preceded the crash in 1929, he did nothing to put into effect the provisions advocated in 1923 against the possibility of a future depression.

Best Business Advice Ignored in Speculation.

Instead of that, he participated in encouraging speculation, when not only the sound business brains of the country were saying that it should be discouraged, but in spite of the fact that his own report in 1923 said that depressions are certainly in part, due to overspeculation. He failed to prepare by positive action against the recurrence of a depression. On the contrary—the exact contrary—he intensified the forces that made for depressions by encouraging speculation.

He did not do, what in his 1923 report he said, ought to be done. And on top of that he did what he said ought not to be done.

Now, my friends, we are considering unemployment tonight, and I am going to start by setting forth the positive policy which the President's commission urges, under the leadership of the Secretary of Commerce, should be done.

It was a 5-point program: And as a program it was good.

First, it urged that Government should reduce expenditures for public works during periods of prosperity and build up reserves with which to increase expenditures during periods of unemployment and industrial depression.

This was not done. No reserves were built up for the rainy day.

Second, the report said that the Federal Government should work with the railroads in the preparation of a long-time constructive program.

The Republican administration did not give effect to this proposal. Instead of working with the railroads, to consolidate their lines and put them on a sound, economical basis, it waited until the depression had laid them low, and then had nothing for them except loans and temporary relief.

Third, the report proposed the setting up of safeguards against too rapid inflation, consequently too rapid deflation, of bank credit. As I have shown, the President and his Secretary of the Treasury encouraged speculation.

Fourth, the report recommended an adequate system of unemployment insurance. No one in the administration assumed leadership in order to bring about positive action by the States to make this a reality.

Fifth, it suggested an adequate system of public employment offices, but when Senator Wagner introduced a bill to establish the employment offices, President Hoover vetoed the measure which Chairman Hoover had sponsored.

Permanent Security Pledged as Objective.

Business men who believe in sound planning—these men of action—must feel that there is danger to the country in the continuance of a leadership that has shown such incapacity, such ineptitude, and heedlessness to sound business principles.

We have heard much about fact-finding. With all its pretentious belief in facts and figures this administration has largely used the process of fact-finding merely to gain time. Usually they get even the facts too late and when they get the facts they misinterpret them.

What we need in Washington is less fact-finding and more thinking.

Immediate relief of the unemployed is the immediate need of the hour. But no mere emergency measures of relief are adequate. Our goal, our unremitting objective, must be to secure permanence of employment. Without stability of employment for our workers and without a balanced economy between agriculture and industry there can be no healthy national life.

We have two problems. First, to meet the immediate distress; and, second, to build up on a permanent basis.

As to "immediate relief:" The first principle is that this Nation owes a positive duty that no one shall be permitted to starve. This means that while the immediate responsibility for relief rests with local, public and private charity, insofar as these are inadequate the States must carry the burden, and whenever the States are unable adequately to do so the Federal Government owes the positive duty of stepping into the breach.

The present Republican administration early took a position against the frank recognition of this principle. It was only because of the insistence of Congress and the unmistakable voice of the people that the President yielded and approved the relief bill this summer.

Second, in addition to providing emergency relief, the Federal Government should provide temporary work wherever possible. In the national forests, on flood prevention, and on the development of waterway projects already authorized and planned, thousands can be given at least temporary employment.

Third, the Federal Government should expedite the actual construction of public works already authorized. The country would be horrified to know how little construction work authorized by the last Congress and approved by the President has already been undertaken. Much of it will not be under way until next summer.

In the field that looks further ahead, we call for a coordinated system of employment exchanges, the advance planning of public works, and unemployment reserves. Who, then, is to carry these measures? The first is clearly and inescapably a task of the Federal Government, although it will require the loyal and intelligent cooperation of State and local agencies throughout the land. To this Federal action, therefore, I pledge my administration. The second—that of the advance planning of public works—again calls for a strong lead from the Government at Washington. I pledge my administration to the adoption of this principle both in the enterprises of the Federal Government and for the construction within the several States which is made possible by Federal aid, and I shall urge upon State and local authorities throughout the Nation to follow this example.

Clarity of Democratic Platform Is Stressed.

The third—that of unemployment reserves—must under our system of government be primarily the responsibility of the several States. This, the Democratic platform, on which I stand, makes entirely clear.

In addition there has been long overdue a reduction of the hours of work and the number of working days per week. The great justifications of modern industry are the cheapening of production and the lessening of the toil of man. These fruits will be dead fruits unless men earn enough so that they can buy the things that are produced and have the leisure for the cultivation of body, mind and spirit which the great inventions are supposed to make possible. This means that Government must set an example in the case of its own employes. It means also that Government must exert its persuasive leadership to induce industry to do likewise.

Here, then, is a program of long-range planning which requires prompt and definite action and the cooperation of Federal, State and local governments as well as of forward-looking citizens throughout the land. The proposals are specific and far-reaching. To advocate a less drastic program would be to misread the lessons of the depression and be indifferent to the country's welfare.

But there is one final objective of my policy which is more vital, more basic than all else. I seek to restore the purchasing power of the Nation. That and only that will put people back to work.

We need to restore our trade with the world. Under Republican leadership we have lost it and the President of the United States seems to be indifferent about regaining it.

Moreover, we need to give to 50,000,000 people who live directly or indirectly upon agriculture a price for their products in excess of the cost of production. That will give them the buying power to start your mills and mines to work to supply their needs. They can not buy your goods because they can not get a fair price for their products. You are poor because they are poor.

I favor—and do not let the false statements of my opponents deceive you—continued protection for American agriculture. I favor more than that. I advocate measures to give the farmer an added benefit called a tariff benefit, to make the tariff effective on his products. The most enlightened of modern American business men likewise favor such a benefit. An excellent example is your own fellow citizen, Mr. Harriman, president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, who has recently proclaimed a plan for the restoration of agriculture, not unlike my own.

President Hoover does not favor a program of that kind. He has closed the door of hope to American agriculture, and when he did that he closed the door of hope to you also.

He says proudly that he has effectively restricted immigration in order to protect American labor. I favor that; but I might add that in the enforcement of the immigration laws serious abuses have been revealed.

But he does not tell you that by permitting agriculture to fall into ruin millions of workers from the farms have crowded into our cities. These men have added to unemployment. They are here because agriculture is prostrated. A restored agriculture will check this migration. It will keep these farmers happily at home. It will leave more jobs for you. It will provide a market for your products. That is the key to national economic restoration.

One word more. I have spoken of getting things done. Now, the way we get things done under our form of government is through joint action by the President and the Congress. The two branches of Government must cooperate. That is necessary under our Constitution and I believe in our constitutional government.

President Hoover can not get action from the Congress. He seems unable to cooperate. He quarreled with a Republican Congress and he quarreled with a half Republican Congress. He will quarrel with any kind of a Congress. He can not get things done.

This is something you must consider. The next Congress will certainly be Democratic. I look forward to cooperation with it. I am confident that I can get things done through it because for four years I have had to work with a Republican Legislature.

I have been able to get things done in Albany by treating the Republican Legislature like human beings and as my associates in government. I have said that I look forward to the most pleasant relations with the next Democratic Congress, but in addition to that let me make it clear that on the great majority of national problems which ought not to be handled in a partisan way I expect to have pleasant relations with Republicans in the Senate and the House of Representatives as well as with Democrats.

We, meaning thereby the President and the members of both parties in the National Legislature, will, I am confident, work effectively for the restoration of American economic life.

I decline to accept present conditions as inevitable or beyond control. I decline to stop at saying "It might have been worse."

I shall do all I can to prevent it from being worse—but—and here is the clear difference between the President and myself—I go on to pledge action to make things better.

The Nation has the capacity to make things better. The Nation wants to make things better. The Nation prays for the leadership of action to make things better. That will be shown in every State one week from tomorrow. We are through with "delay"—through with "despair"—ready and waiting for better things.

ROOSEVELT ARRIVES FOR BOSTON SPEECH

Continued from Page 1.

Joseph B. Ely and Mayor James M. Curley of Boston. Senator Marcus Coolidge was on the speakers' stand.

Two and One-half Hours Late.

Mr. Roosevelt swept into Boston two and one-half hours after the time that had been set for his return from the first visit to Maine that any Democratic presidential nominee had paid that State since the turn of the century.

So great had been the crowds in some of the towns along the way that longer stops had been necessitated than had been expected. In Salem his machine was driven into the armory, where a program had been arranged calling for burning "the witch of depression." Standing in his automobile, the New York Governor told the crowd he had driven to Maine to pay his compliments to the citizens of that State and would like to remain for the burning of the witch, but because of the lateness of the hour he could not.

"I wish to assure you, however," he added, "that after March 4 the witch of depression will be buried 10 feet deep."

First Maine Plea in Years.

In Portland he told a crowd that overtaxed the capacity of the City Hall auditorium that Maine should help the Democrats to make a clean sweep of the Nation on November 8.

He read a statement he said Calvin Coolidge had made in 1920 when he was opposing Mr. Roosevelt for the Vice Presidency. The statement said that when a party remains in control of the Government too long it becomes unresponsive to the will of the people and should be put out of power.

"I call upon the people of Maine to help sustain the opinion of Calvin Coolidge," Mr. Roosevelt said. "If that was true in 1920 when the Democrats had been in power only 8 years, how much truer is it now since the Republicans have been in control 12 years?"

Leaving Salem, the route of the Democratic candidate through Lynn and numerous other outlying cities of Greater Boston led him through long lines of closely packed streets where men and women struggled to get a glimpse of him and cheered lustily at his passing.

Navy Band to Present March Honoring Press

The United States Navy Band at its concert this morning will present a new piece, "Washington Press March," composed by M. Harry Stevens, well-known Washington singer and composer. The march is dedicated to the members of the press of Washington.

The Navy Band's concert will be broadcast at 10:45 p. m. over WSJV.

DEMOCRATS EXPEND $926,208 ON DRIVE

Report Filed With Trimble Shows Total Receipts of $1,065,654.

(Associated Press.)

Campaign expenditures of $926,208 were reported yesterday by the Democratic national committee with total receipts of $1,065,654.

The Republican national committee on Saturday reported disbursements of $1,454,179, and receipts of $1,554,817. The Democratic report covered the period from June 1 to October 22, and the Republican accounting ran from June 1 to October 26.

Both reports were filed with South Trimble, clerk of the House, in accordance with the corrupt practices law. This calls for an additional accounting as of November 3, to be filed between that day and the election on November 8.

Contributions received by the Democratic committee totaled $789,329, of which $681,836 came after September 1. Disbursements between September 1 and October 22 amounted to $695,260 with receipts totaling $829,984. This included $85,000 borrowed and $25,441 from sale of Roosevelt-Garner medallions.

Obligation $534,232.

Unpaid obligations October 22 totaled $534,232, including $115,250 due John J. Raskob, and $200,000 owed the County Trust Co., of New York, for the 1928 Smith campaign. Unpaid victory pledges to the committee amounted to $70,087.

From June 1 to September 1, the Democratic committee expended $230,948 while contributions totaled $107,493. There was a balance of $117,627 and miscellaneous receipts amounted to $10,549, giving a total of $235,670 on the credit side of the ledger.

Contributions of $100 each and over in September and to October 22 totaled $614,141 and those less than $100 each, $53,904.

Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt's Western and Southern campaign tours cost approximately $30,000, although the report said receipts and expenditures were not sufficiently compiled to give an exact amount.

Among the larger contributors were Bernard M. Baruch, of New York, $45,000, including $5,000 paid to John J. Raskob on his loan to the committee; John J. Raskob, $25,000; William Randolph Hearst, $25,000; W. H. Woodin, New York, $20,000, and the Chicago citizens committee, $18,000.

Percy S. Straus, Joseph P. Kennedy and Morton L. Schwartz, all of New York, contributed $15,000 each.

Give $10,000 Each.

Those contributing $10,000 each were listed as M. Leo Benedum, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Vincent Astor, New York; R. W. Morrison, San Antonio, Tex.; Jesse Isidor Straus, New York; Democratic committee of New York County; John Nicholas Brown, Providence, R. I.; Thomas Howell, Chicago, and Samuel Untermyer, New York.

Other large contributors included former Senator Peter Gerry, Providence, R. I., $20,000; Edward S. Harkness, New York, $6,000; J. A. Moffett, jr., New York, $7,500; Victor Emmanuel, New York, $7,500.

Those contributing $5,000 each were listed as Judge Bert Fish, Delano, Fla.; John D. Clark, Cheyenne, Wyo.; C. V. Whitney, New York; Robert W. Bingham, New York; James A. Moffett, New York; Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, New York; Seton Porter, New York; Daniel C. Roper, Washington, D. C.; Wayne W. Johnson, New York; Harry W. Warner and brothers, New York; William H. Taylor, Fort Kennedy, Pa.; D. N. Heinman, Charlotte, N. C., and Mrs. Cornelia S. Crane, Richmond, Va.

Other Contributing.

Other contributions included: Thomas J. Brimer, New York, $10,000; T. E. Bragg, New York, $10,000; Breckenridge Long Washington, D. C., $2,000; William C. Krueger, Newark, N.J., $2,500; Eleanor Patterson, Washington, D. C., publisher, $1,000; Guy T Helvring, Topeka, Kans., $3,500; Mayor A. J. Cermak of Chicago, $1,000; Fred Pabst, Milwaukee, Wis., $4,000; John W. Davis, of New York, the 1924 Democratic presidential nominee, $500; Herman B. Baruch, New York, $2,500; A. Raymond Raff, Philadelphia, $2,500; Mrs. Nell Q. Donnelly, Kansas City, $1,000; Thomas J. Walsh, Davenport, Iowa, $1,000; Dr. Theodore Sedlmayer, New York, $2,500; former Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock, of Omaha, Nebr., $1,000; South Trimble, clerk of the House of Representatives, $1,000; former Senator Atlee Pomerene, of Ohio, now president of the Reconstruction Corporation, $100; and H. C. Couch, Pine Bluff, Ark., a member of the Reconstruction Board, $1,500; Jack Curley, New York, $1,000; Senator Harry Hawes, of Missouri, $250; Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, wife of the Democratic nominee, $200; Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to the late President Wilson, $1,000; A. Mitchell Palmer, former Attorney General, $100; W. Sheehan, Hollywood, Calif., $2,000; H. H. Champlin, Enid, Okla., $2,500; Senator Duncan U. Fletcher, of Florida, $100; Mrs. John W. Davis, of New York, $100; Roy Hoffman, Oklahoma City, Okla., $1,000.

Others Making Donations.

Other prominent contributors included Rear-Admiral Cary T. Grayson, Washington, D. C., personal physician to the late President Wilson, $500; Former Gov. Harry F. Byrd, of Virginia, $500; Col. Jacob Ruppert, of New York, owner of the Yankees, $3,000; and George E. Ruppert, of New York, $2,000; Circuit Judge Wilbur F. Booth, Minneapolis, Minn., $100; Homer Cummings, of Greenwich, Conn., former chairman of the National Committee, $1,000; Robert T. "Bobby" Jones, jr., Atlanta, Ga., golfer, $100; Bainbridge Colby, of New York, $2,500; James M. Cox, former governor of Ohio, and 1920 Democratic presidential nominee, $2,000; William K. Vanderbilt, New York, $1,000; Arthur Curtis James, New York, $2,500.

Other contributions included those from Charles F. Roesler, Fort Worth, Texas, $2,500; W. T., sr., G. L. and E. F. Waggoner, all of Fort Worth, Texas, $1,000 each; Amon G. Carter, jr., Fort Worth, $1,000, and Amon G. Carter, sr., Fort Worth publisher, $1,000; Joseph Davies, Washington, D. C., $1,000; Jackson County Democratic Committee, Kansas City, Mo., $2,000; S. Forry Laucks, of York, Pa., $2,500; the Virginia Democratic State Committee of Richmond, $3,000; Wirt G. Bowman, Palm City, Calif., $5,000, and Frank L. Polk, of New York, $500.

Col. Davis to Address Legion.

Col. Thornwald Davis, who served on the staff of Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood during the Philippine insurrection, will speak at tonight's meeting of George Washington Post of the American Legion. The gathering will be at 1441 Rhode Island avenue northwest at 8 o'clock.

Hoover to Go to Coast For Vote, Friends Say

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Friends close to President Hoover reported late today that the Chief Executive had tentatively decided upon a swift transcontinental swing, leaving the National Capital on Thursday and arriving in his Palo Alto, Calif., home about noon on November 8, election day.

Full details of the President's campaign en route, should the trip be finally decided upon, have not been definitely settled. The Republican national committee announced tonight, however, that the President will speak Friday afternoon at Springfield, Ill., and Friday night at St. Louis.

Under the present tentative plan he would then dash directly for the coast. The arrival of the Chief Executive and First Lady in Palo Alto around noon November 8 would allow them to cast there their ballots in favor of their return to the White House.

PRESIDENT CHEERED ON HIS EASTERN TRIP

Crowds Assemble at Cities Along Route; Ticker Tape Showered.

Continued from Page 1.

included his extemporaneous statement that "this recovery can not be continued unbroken if administrations change and there is a four months' elapse before inauguration and a twelve months' wait before new policies can be brought into working order—no matter how admirable they may be."

Another such interpolation was the President's assertion that under the Republican philosophy of government, "we denounce any movement that would promote class antagonisms."

It took the President a little more than an hour to finish his address, and because of the extended applause, he ran three minutes over the radio time allotted to him, into the period reserved for Gov. Roosevelt's speech from Boston. In addition two and a half minutes were requred to switch the apparatus for the Boston speech.

Appears at Carnegie Hall.

Before departing for Washington the President added to his long day a personal appearance at Carnegie Hall where an overflow crowd had packed that auditorium.

This huge arena, jammed to its official capacity of more than 21,000, turned away a long stream of late arrivals, many of whom filled the streets outside to listen to the rally through amplifiers.

Using the tariff as his principal weapon, President Hoover campaigned along the Eastern seaboard earlier today with assertions to wayside audiences that tariff protection was a necessity for their industries.

A noisy reception met the Chief Executive at Newark. Ticker tape and torn paper fluttered down on Mr. Hoover in the gathering dusk during a more than mile ride through the city's business section at the head of a parade. A burst of boos was heard at one point, but such greetings were in the minority. Along the route to the Newark Hall portions of the street crowd were silent.

Boos in Philadelphia.

"Where's the tear gas?" one man shouted as the Newark parade went by.

Given noisy receptions at almost every stop as his train rolled through Maryland, Delaware, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, Mr. Hoover also heard boos that the cheers did not drown when he spoke before a police-estimated crowd of 30,000 in Philadelphia's Reyburn Plaza.

Boos from some of the Philadelphia crowd began with the introduction of William S. Vare, Republican leader, who presented Mr. Hoover, and continued throughout the presidential address. The President took no notice of them.

At Newark, where he delivered his longest address of the day, the Chief Executive said: "We are in the midst of a great economic battle. We have carried the first line trenches."

"Any hesitation," he added, "any halting of the battle for changes of policies, can not do otherwise than to stagnate progress and bring disaster to the fireside of every home in this State; indeed, in the country."

Cites Employment Rise.

At Wilmington, Del., the President spoke from the rear platform, asserting that 1,000,000 men have found work since the "Democratic Congress" adjourned last July.

Mr. Hoover's first stop was at Baltimore, where he left the train to address a police-estimated crowd of 5,000 in a natural amphitheater near the station. He told the cheering crowd that "the interest and sentiment of this State can find its satisfactions alone in a national Republican administration."

Brief appearances were made by President and Mrs. Hoover along the route at Newark, Del.; Chester, Pa., and in New Jersey at Trenton, New Brunswick and Elizabeth. Blowing whistles, screeching sirens and booming guns welcomed the President at the various stops. A 21-gun salute was fired for him at Chester.

Crowds estimated by local police at 12,000 and 15,000, respectively, greeted the President and Mrs. Hoover at New Brunswick and Elizabeth. At New Brunswick the loud speaker system failed and the President spoke only a few words that the crowd was unable to hear.

Relieve Blood Pressure

Kansas City Physician Scores Triumph With Harmless Vegetable Prescription—Remarkable Results Reported Often in Three Days.

SENDS TREATMENT ON FREE TRIAL

Anyone suffering from High Blood Pressure, dizziness, ringing in the ears, sleeplessness, weak shaky feeling, bad taste, nervousness, pounding of the heart, and who fears a paralytic stroke, should write to Dr. H. L. Hayes, 335 Coates House, Kansas City, Mo. He will have sent to you a regular one-dollar size of his famous prescription on absolutely Free Trial. If satisfied with results send him $1.00; if not, your report cancels the charge. His prescription is a pure, harmless vegetable treatment. While a non-specific, many cases report symptoms diminish and normal sleep returns within three days. Contains no salts, physics, opiates or dope of any kind. Perfectly safe with any treatment you are now using, as it can not conflict. If you suffer from High Blood Pressure write Dr. Hayes today.—Adv.

HOOVER ADDRESSES DISABLED VETERANS

President Says Nation Never Too Poor to Forget Their Sacrifice.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—President Hoover told a delegation of disabled veterans, whom he received at his hotel tonight, that "the day will never come when this country is too poor or too niggardly to take care of those disabled in battle."

Speaking to the delegation, several hundred in number, on the roof garden of the Waldorf-Astoria, the President said:

"I saw the last war. I know the sacrifice made by men who went to the World War. The men who were disabled have owing to them a larger consideration than is payable by money.

"The day will never come when this country is too poor or too niggardly to take care of those disabled in battle.

"It is a first charge, not alone on our money, but on our sympathy. That charge has never been questioned."

After these remarks the President retired to this suite, to rest for his Madison Square Garden campaign speech.

He was applauded as he concluded his talk to the veterans.

Norris Says Hoover Is Power Trust Aid

Nebraska Senator Advocates Roosevelt's Election in Seattle Speech.

Seattle, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Charging President Hoover has used his appointive powers "to serve the interests of the power trust," Senator George W. Norris, of Nebraska, urged the election of Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt to the Presidency in an address here tonight.

Senator Norris contrasted the public records of President Hoover and Gov. Roosevelt on the water power question and asserted the "contest is between monopoliy and the people. The record proves that President Hoover has used the appointing power of his great office to serve the interests of the power trust," Senator Norris said, "while Gov. Roosevelt, in his appointments in New York State, has selected men who could be relied upon to protect the public from the power trust."

Senator Norris appeared here under the auspices of the National Progressive League, of which he is chairman. He will speak at Portland tomorrow night on agriculture.

Wall Street 3-to-1 Bet Placed on Roosevelt

New York, Oct. 31 (U.P.).—W. L. Darnell & Co., Wall street betting commissioners, today reported the first bet on Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt against President Herbert Hoover at odds of better than 3 to 1.

Mr. Darnell's Chicago office placed a commission of $48,000 against $15,000 that Mr. Roosevelt will win the presidential election. Mr. Darnell also reported much money at 2 to 1 that Mr. Roosevelt will carry New York State.

Roosevelt Will Speak In Two Jersey Cities

Jersey City, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt will speak in Jersey City and Newark Thursday night, it was announced late tonight by Mayor Frank Hague, through Democratic headquarters, at the Labor Bank Building, Jersey City.

SAVE Money, Time and Health with the new VICKS PLAN for better Control-of-Colds.

use VICKS Nose & Throat DROPS and VICKS VapoRub

To PREVENT many Colds — To end a Cold SOONER

Wax Plates *for polishing floors*

Distributes wax evenly..... 75c

Rudolph and West Co.
Hardware Since 1885.
1332 New York Ave.

Our Agency Service

places a trained organization in charge of your property and investments at a nominal cost.

THE WASHINGTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY
F St. at 9th — 17th St. at G

$30 CASH Allowance For Your Old Worn Out Suite at Peerless FURNITURE
2 BUSY STORES
827-9 SEVENTH ST. N. W.
Branch—1213 Good Hope Road S.E.

JORDAN'S 13th & G
CHICKERING PIANOS
have led America in manufacturing for over a hundred years.

THE ONCE OVER

By H. I. PHILLIPS

CAMPAIGN VICTIM.

THE man on the cot tossed restlessly, gazing up now and then with a look of sheer wildness.

"What seems to be the trouble?" asked the doctor.

"He's been like that ever since he came home," sobbed his wife. "He's out of his head most of the time. I'm awfully afraid."

"Does he show any violence?" asked the doctor.

"Oh yes. Particularly when in his delirium he mentions certain names."

"What names?" asked the doctor.

"Jefferson, Jackson, Hamilton, Lincoln, Cleveland, Washington, and ever so many," said the wife.

"Yahh-h-h-h-h!" yelled the little man as he sat up in bed and tore his hair as he heard them mentioned again. "Yah-h-h-h-h! Valley Forge! Bunker Hill! Appomattox!"

"Shush," said the doctor, pushing him back gently. "You're all right."

"Economic stability! Mobilization of industry! Period of world-wide emergency! Gigantic forces beyond any man's control!" cried the little man.

"He goes on like that hour after hour," sobbed the wife. "Isn't there something you can do?"

"Something you can do?" repeated the sick man, sitting up again and staring at his wife blankly. "Of course there is something you can do, my friends! Face the facts! Look at the situation squarely! And then ask yourselves whether it is any time for a change at the helm of the ship of state. And, to digress, I am reminded of a little story. It seems there were two * * *"

Here the little man sank back on the pillows and tossed fretfully.

"Pretty bad," whispered the doctor, shaking his head.

"But," cried the patient, rising on one elbow, "will they be worse before they are better? Let us study for a moment the program of our opponents. Let us analyze their program. Let us dissect the proposals * * *" ..

"Shush!" said the doctor. "Everything's all right. I'll get you a glass of water."

"Water!" shrieked the little man. "That's it. Water and gas and electricity! What graver problems are confronting the republic in this troubled hour? Shall we allow private capital to control these necessiti s of living or shall we * * *"

His voice faded and he fell back again.

"Let him sleep. Don't try to budge him," suggested the doctor after a few moments.

"Budget?" cried the patient, sitting up again. "Budget? What about it? That's what I want to know? What about the budget? And car loadings? Shall we scrap the tariff? Would you have the country go off the gold standard? I yield to no man in my affection for the gold standard * * * One more word and I am through * * *"

It's beyond me," said the doctor softly to the wife. "What's he been doing to get in this shape?"

"Oh," apologized the little woman, "I thought I told you. He's a political correspondent and he's been traveling for six weeks with the presidential candidates on those swings around the country."

SUMMING UP.

"The Democrats," says Ogden Mills,
"Will sink the country to the gills;"
Says Roosevelt, "Pick me, or, I think,
There'll be no country left to sink!"

Ad similes: Quicker than a radio comic can steal a joke.

(Copyright, 1932.)

Daily Cross-Word Puzzle

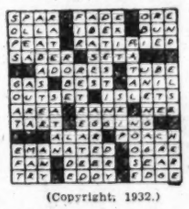
ACROSS.

1 Uncovers
6 For
9 Mineral spring
12 Pertaining to a particular extent of surface
13 Disencumber
14 Mire
15 Annoy
16 A precious stone
18 Abounding in plant ovules
20 Irish
21 Past
23 Prophesied
26 Women devoted to religious life under vows
28 Love intensely
29 Part of the human foot
31 Leased
35 Augurs
37 Seize
38 Pertaining to good eating
42 Writing instrument
43 Destitute of light
44 Run away
46 Having a specious appearance
49 Challenged
52 Even, poetic
53 Long-handled implement
54 Each
55 Time between sunrise and sunset
56 Close
57 A grasslike herb

DOWN.

1 A flying mammal
2 Exist
3 Debates
4 Comfort
5 Repose
6 Pillaged
7 Margin
8 Lyric poem
9 Fashionable
10 Regular beating in arteries
11 Summed up
17 Late
19 A dealer in cloths
21 Cuckoo
22 Portable firearm
24 Pertaining to the back
25 Wrath
27 Sends out new shoots
30 Australian bird
32 Became smaller toward end
33 Piece out
34 Low haunt
36 Required
38 Sharpened
39 Interior chaff of grasses
40 Satire
41 Protuberances
45 Lay with stone or other material
47 Girl referred to
48 A long space of time
50 Unit of work
51 To color

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER.



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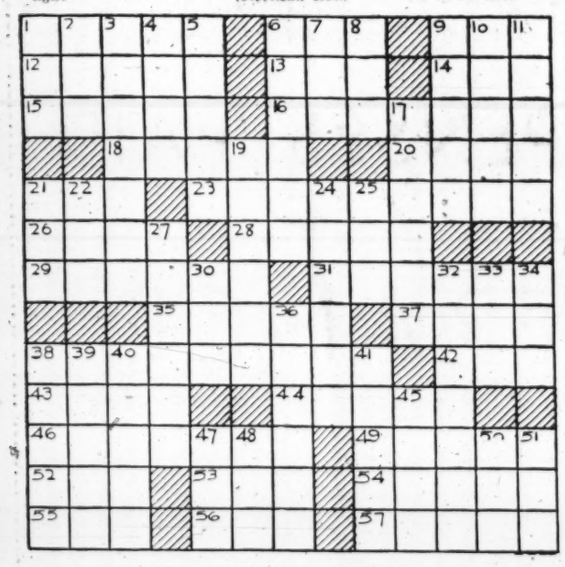

DICK TRACY—Out of the Blackness

CAUGHT RED-HANDED-MUCELLI'S GANG FIND THEMSELVES LOOKING DOWN THE BARREL OF AN AUTOMATIC HELD BY THE ACE OF GANG BUSTERS..... FOR A MOMENT A DEATH-LIKE SILENCE PERVADES THE ROOM.
BUT WATCH! MUCELLI'S FOOT SEEMS TO BE SEARCHING FOR SOMETHING HIDDEN IN THE FLOOR IT'S A SECRET LIGHT SWITCH.
SNAP! THE ROOM IS THROWN INTO TOTAL DARKNESS - THERE'S A SCUFFLING OF FEET.....
AN AUTOMATIC FLASHES-TWO SHOTS — SOMETHING IS HEARD TO STRIKE THE FLOOR WITH A DULL THUD-WHAT IS IT-WHO IS IT?

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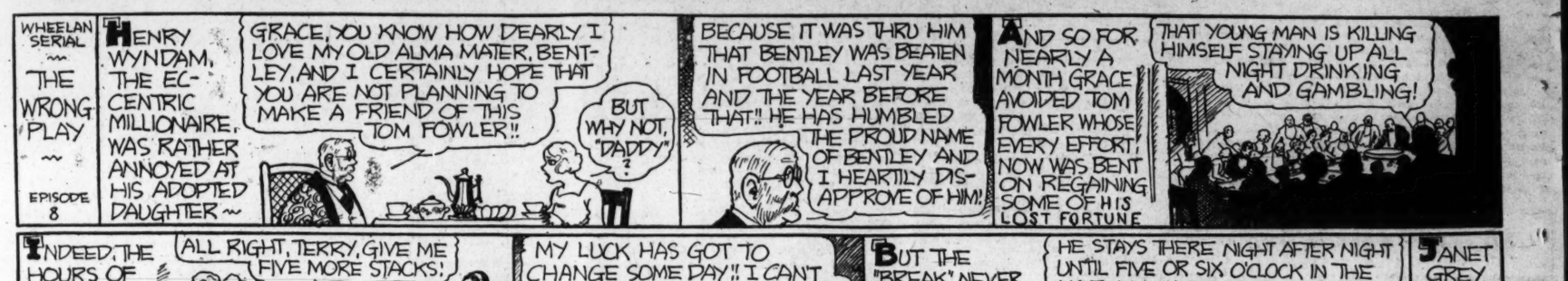
Baby Mine

By Ed Wheelan

MINUTE MOVIES


WHEELAN SERIAL
THE WRONG PLAY
EPISODE 8
HENRY WYNDAM, THE ECCENTRIC MILLIONAIRE, WAS RATHER ANNOYED AT HIS ADOPTED DAUGHTER
GRACE, YOU KNOW HOW DEARLY I LOVE MY OLD ALMA MATER, BENTLEY, AND I CERTAINLY HOPE THAT YOU ARE NOT PLANNING TO MAKE A FRIEND OF THIS TOM FOWLER!!
BUT WHY NOT, "DADDY"?
BECAUSE IT WAS THRU HIM THAT BENTLEY WAS BEATEN IN FOOTBALL LAST YEAR AND THE YEAR BEFORE THAT!! HE HAS HUMBLED THE PROUD NAME OF BENTLEY AND I HEARTILY DISAPPROVE OF HIM!!
AND SO FOR NEARLY A MONTH GRACE AVOIDED TOM FOWLER WHOSE EVERY EFFORT NOW WAS BENT ON REGAINING SOME OF HIS LOST FORTUNE
THAT YOUNG MAN IS KILLING HIMSELF STAYING UP ALL NIGHT DRINKING AND GAMBLING!
INDEED; THE HOURS OF FEVERISH DISSIPATION WERE BEGINNING TO TELL ON YOUNG FOWLER
ALL RIGHT, TERRY, GIVE ME FIVE MORE STACKS!
O.K.!
MY LUCK HAS GOT TO CHANGE SOME DAY!! I CAN'T KEEP UP LIKE THIS FOREVER! I MUST GET A BREAK SOON!!
BUT THE "BREAK" NEVER CAME AND FOWLER'S INHERITED FORTUNE CONTINUED TO VANISH OVER THE ROULETTE TABLE
HE STAYS THERE NIGHT AFTER NIGHT UNTIL FIVE OR SIX O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING!! HE'S WRECKING HIS HEALTH AND HIS FORTUNE!!
JANET GREY TELLS HER FRIENDS MORE ABOUT FOWLER TO-MORROW!!

THE GUMPS

Follow the Gumps in the Colored Comic Section of The Sunday Post

Soup's On

RIGHT ON THE BACK OF MY NECK—
MIN—WHAT'S A CURE FOR WARTS? I'VE BEEN TROUBLED WITH A LITTLE WART FOR ABOUT A WEEK—
TROUBLED WITH A LITTLE WART— FOR ABOUT A WEEK—
HA!—WE'VE BEEN PESTERED WITH ONE EVER SINCE I CAME IN THIS HOUSE— THE ONLY CURE THAT I COULD SUGGEST FOR THE LITTLE WART THAT I HAVE REFERENCE TO— WOULD BE A SMALL QUANTITY OF PARIS GREEN TAKEN INTERNALLY—
SIDNEY SMITH
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.; Copyright, 1932, by The Chicago Tribune.

GASOLINE ALLEY

Don't miss this feature in colors in The Sunday Post.

Seein' Things

GOLLY, SKEEZIX, IT LOOKS AS IF SOMEBODY'D BEEN AROUND THE SHACK.
IF ANYBODY HAS, SCRAM, I'LL BET IT'S PUNK HOOKER.
MAYBE THE BIG BULLY IS IN THERE NOW.
RUN, FELLAS! BEAT IT!
WHAT'D YA SEE?
GEE, THERE'S SOMEBODY OR SOMETHIN' IN THERE! AN' IT ISN'T PUNK. I SAW IT OVER IN THE CORNER!
King Features

WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER

See the Winkle Family in colors in The Sunday Post.

Salesmen's Paradise

A MAN FROM THE BUNX COMPANY TO SEE YOU, MR. BIBBS!!
I CAN'T BE BOTHERED! WHY DON'T YOU SIC HIM ON YOUR DAD! TELL HIM YOUR DAD IS THE VICE-PRESIDENT!
MR. BIBBS IS TOO BUSY TO SEE YOU, BUT HE SAID FOR YOU TO SEE THE VICE PRESIDENT, MR. WINKLE, RIGHT IN THERE!
FINE! THANKS, I WILL!!
IT'S AN HONOR TO MEET THE VICE-PRESIDENT OF THIS GREAT CONCERN! HAVE A CIGAR, MR. WINKLE—
AHEM—I DON'T MIND IF I DO! NOW WHAT CAN I DO FER YOU, YOUNG MAN!
TWENTY MINUTES LATER
I JES' BOUGHT $250. WORTH O' NEW OFFICE EQUIPMENT FROM THAT BUNX CO. SALESMAN, YOU SENT IN TO SEE ME!
NOV. 1
BRANNER

Radio Dial Flashes

By ROBERT D. HEINL

A NEW combination, the radio-phonograph-piano, manufactured in Germany under the patents of John Hays Hammond, jr., for Radio City, was demonstrated privately in New York yesterday.

"The ordinary piano is limited for large concert halls," said Mr. Hammond, in describing the development of the instrument. "More than seven years ago I began experimenting with electrical amplification to build up the piano tones and make the instrument more versatile. The German firm of Bechstein, piano makers, became interested in the problem, as did Dr. W. Ernest, of Berlin, winner of the Nobel Prize in 1920. He has incorporated my electrical-piano patents with several scientific developments of his own, with the result that this instrument, in all appearances a grand piano, covers a wide tonal range from the harpsichord to the organ. It does not replace or even parallel the present piano. This is absolutely a new musical instrument."

Most remarkable of all this piano can be made to sound like a full orchestra with saxophone, drums, accordions, a celesta, a harp, or even a toy piano. Touching the keys actuates tiny hammers which give a gentle blow to a string. The vibrations are picked up by miniature magnetic microphones, of which there are eighteen inside the piano. Each microphone is the terminal of a number of strings.

There is a radio set inside the piano. A small switch puts it into use. The phonograph is in a special cabinet alongside the piano. The loud-speaker is included in the cabinet, and through it the music of the entire instrument surges.

"THE Postilion" reporter on Sunday night, having announced he would give his audience the latest reports on the rioting in London, then proceeded to leave the air blank, an almost unforgivable action in a speaker. However, he now knows better than to face a microphone with a life-saver in his mouth. The life-saver became lodged in his throat and it took a couple of glasses of water, to say nothing of the slaps on the back the announcers gave him, to restore his power of speech.

We've heard of speakers getting microphone fright and trembling so they had difficulty in controlling their voices, but this accident is one of the queerest yet.

CARTER GLASS, senator from Virginia, and Newton D. Baker will speak under auspices of the Democratic national committee over WJSV tonight.

Harvey Firestone, sr., will speak in behalf of the candidacy of President Hoover over WRC at 8:30 p. m.

An announcer, equipped with a tiny lapel microphone and a short-wave set, will roam the "sidewalks of New York" today, stopping New Yorkers on the street with the request that they tell a national radio audience how they expect to vote on November 8.

WJSV will broadcast the program as follows: Park avenue, 10:30 a. m.; City Hall Park, 12 o'clock; Times Square, 3:30 p. m., and Harlem at 5:45 p. m.

THE first automotive dealers' convention to be held by radio will take place this afternoon (WJSV, 1 and 3 o'clock), when Walter P. Chrysler describes the new 1933 Plymouth car for approximately 75,000 dealers in all parts of the country.

The new "Poetry and Music" period (WMAL, 8:15 p. m.) will have "Indian Summer" as its theme tonight. Eileen Fowler, reader, will do the poetic interludes. Dorothy Sherman Pierson, soprano, and Adolf Torovsky, pianist, contribute the music.

DUKE ELLINGTON, who is playing the Fox Theater this week, will be the guest of Radio Joe on the air tonight (WMAL, 7:30 o'clock): Ellington, who is an accomplished pianist, will perform in that capacity. In addition, he will address a few words to the members of his race in support of the Washington Community Chest campaign which will open shortly.

The engineering staff of WJSV has at last been completed. The technical men are Lester Bowman, chief engineer; William Kriz, transmitter engineer; Robert Meisenheimer, Brude Gebbes, Clyde Hunt, Harold Forry, Earl Merryman and Marcellus Beale.

"Rigoletto," a three-act opera by Giuseppe Verdi, adapted from Victor Hugo's play, "Le Rois 'Amuse," will be the National Grand Opera presentation tonight (WRC, 11:15 o'clock).

IRMA BRIGGS, lyric soprano, will give a fifteen-minute recital over WMAL at 10:15 o'clock this morning.

Howard Barlow's Symphony Orchestra program for tonight includes Overture Miniature from "Nutcracker Suite" (Tschaikowsky); Intermezzo from Act II, "Jewels of the Madonna" (Wolf-Ferrari); Romance from "Eine Kleine Nachtmusik" (Mozart); "Im Kloster" (Borodin); Vivace non troppo, from "Scotch Symphony" (Mendelssohn); "Arabesque No. 2" (Debussy), and "Village Dance" (Burleigh).

M217 N. B. C. N. B. C. N. B. C.

BRIDGE CLUB
THIS AFTERNOON
4:00 WRC
MRS. ELY CULBERTSON, the noted world Bridge authority, will talk informally on Bridge.
MISS HELEN UFFORD, the famous Hostess Editor of Delineator: on Correct Form for Bridge Parties.
Sponsored by
WRIGLEY'S
The Bridge Players' Favorite

12 EXPERT RADIO MEN $1
ALWAYS READY
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RADIO PROGRAMS ON THE AIR TODAY

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1.

WRC—National Broadcasting Co.
(316 Meters. 950 Kilocycles.)

6:45 a. m.—Exercises.
8:00 a. m.—Gene and Glenn.
8:15 a. m.—Morning Varieties.
8:30 a. m.—Cheerio.
9:00 a. m.—Morning Glee Club.
9:15 a. m.—Anne Hard, "Current Events."
9:30 a. m.—Jack and Jill.
9:45 a. m.—"Increased Beauty on a Smaller Budget," by Miss Borgia Duffy.
10:00 a. m.—Mystery Chef.
10:15 a. m.—Morning Melody.
10:30 a. m.—"Swingin' Along."
10:45 a. m.—Breen and De Rose.
11:00 a. m.—Your Child—Alida Bowler.
11:15 a. m.—Radio Household Institute.
11:30 a. m.—U. S. Army Band.
12:00 (noon)—Johnny Marvin, tenor.
12:15 p. m.—Republican National Committee Address.
12:30 p. m.—Hessick Correct Time.
12:31 p. m.—National Farm and Home Hour.
1:30 p. m.—Concert Ensemble.
2:00 p. m.—Merry Madcaps.
2:30 p. m.—Strollers' Matinee.
3:00 p. m.—Vocal Art Quartet.
3:30 p. m.—Smackouts.
3:40 p. m.—Palace Orchestra.
4:00 p. m.—Bridge Club.
4:30 p. m.—Vocational Guidance.
4:45 p. m.—Lady Next Door.
5:00 p. m.—Melodic Thoughts.
5:15 p. m.—Aunt Sue and Polly.
5:30 p. m.—Afternoon Varieties.
5:45 p. m.—Secretary Hawkins.
6:00 p. m.—Waldorf Astoria Orchestra.
6:25 p. m.—Hudson-Essex Five-Minute Program.
6:30 p. m.—Colonial Weather Forecast.
6:31 p. m.—Dandies of Yesterday.
6:45 p. m.—"Back of the News in Washington," by William Hard.
7:00 p. m.—Amos 'n' Andy.
7:15 p. mm.—Wheatenaville.
7:30 p. m.—Ray Perkins.
7:45 p. m.—Goldbergs.
8:00 p. m.—Julia Sanderson and Frank Crumit.
8:30 p. m.—Republican National Committee Program, Harvey Firestone, from Akron, Ohio.
9:00 p. m.—Ben Bernie Orchestra.
9:30 p. m.—Ed Wynn and the Fire Chief Band.
10:00 p. m.—Lucky Strike Dance Hour.
11:00 p. m.—Last-Minute News.
11:02 p. m.—Lanny Ross, tenor.
11:15 p. m.—National Grand Opera, "Rigoletto."
12:15 a. m.—Terrace Gardens Orchestra.
12:30-1:00 a. m.—Dancing in Milwaukee.

WMAL—Washington Radio Forum.
(630 kilocycles—475.9 meters.)

8:00 a. m.—Raincrow Bill.
8:15 a. m.—Morning Devotions, St. Paul M. E. Church South, Rev. W. W. McIntyre, pastor.
8:30 a. m.—Lelia Endicott and Mae Davis.
8:45 a. m.—Virginia Leatherbury.
9:00 a. m.—Salon Orchestra.
9:30 a. m.—Marie Glancy.
9:45 a. m.—Morning Serenaders.
10:15 a. m.—Irma Briggs, lyric soprano.
10:30 a. m.—Burrus Williams, pianist.
10:45 a. m.—School of Cookery.
11:00 a. m.—Thelma Callahan, pianist.
11:15 a. m.—Cuban Masqueraders.
11:45 a. m.—Musical Varieties.
12:00 (noon)—Organ Recital.
12:30 p. m.—Lotus Orchestra.
1:00 p. m.—Les Colvin Orchestra.
1:30 p. m.—Myrtle Barnes, soprano; Frances Tucker, mezzo-soprano; Alice Sherrer, contralto, and Lois Abernethy, pianist.
2:00 p. m.—Afternoon Frolickers.
2:30 p. m.—Studio Program.
2:45 p. m.—Marguerite Latham, soprano, and Elizabeth Gardner Coombs, pianist.
3:00 p. m.—Salon Orchestra.
3:45 p. m.—Altrude Yerxa, readings.
4:00 p. m.—D. A. R. Round Table.
4:30 p. m.—Jolly Fellows.
5:15 p. m.—Betsy Lewis, soprano.
5:30 p. m.—Frank Young.
5:45 p. m.—News Flashes.
6:00 p. m.—A Talk by W. H. Rice.
6:15 p. m.—Syncopation Sisters.
6:30 p. m.—Civic Talk.
6:45 p. m.—Lotus Orchestra.
7:15 p. m.—Hawaiian Melody Boys.
7:30 p. m.—Radio Joe and His Budget Boys.

WMAL
7:30 to 8:00
DUKE ELLINGTON
Jazz King of the Ether Waves, Will Be Guest Artist With
RADIO JOE and the BUDGET BOYS
TONIGHT
Washington Over the Air

8:00 p. m.—Euphonic Quartet.
8:15 p. m.—Poetry and Music, "Indian Summer."
8:45 p. m.—Salon Orchestra.
9:15 p. m.—Robert Ruckman.
10:00 p. m.—"The Postilion," latest news from The Washington Post.

EVERY NIGHT
at 10 P. M.
LATEST NEWS
From
The Washington Post

10:15 p. m.—Pete Macias Michel Orchestra.
10:45 p. m.—Lotus Orchestra.
11:30 p. m.—Les Colvin Orchestra.

WOL—American Broadcasting Co.
(229 Meters. 1,310 Kilocycles.)

7:00 a. m.—Musical Clock.
10:00 a. m.—Band Concert.
10:30 a. m.—"Shut-Ins" Period.
11:00 a. m.—Beauty Hints.
11:10 a. m.—Music of the Masters.
11:30 a. m.—Songs We Love.
11:45 a. m.—Waltzes of Yesteryear.
12:00 (noon)—Luncheon Concert.
12:30 p. m.—Mount Alto Requests.
3:00 p. m.—Variety Hour.
3:55 p. m.—World Book Man.
4:00 pp. m.—"Eat and Keep Fit," Dr. L. F. Kebler.
4:15 p. m.—Salon Musicale.
4:30 p. m.—Germaine, Little French Girl.
4:45 p. m.—Margaret Gilligan, vocalist.
5:00 p. m.—Something for Every One.
6:00 p. m.—Adventure Club.
6:15 p. m.—Hartie Michel, mezzo soprano.
6:30 p. m.—Louis Katzman Orchestra.
7:00 p. m.—Dinner Concert.
7:30 p. m.—News Spotlight.
7:30 p. m.—Romeo Guaraldi, barytone.
7:45 p. m.—Hilo Melody Boys.
8:00 p. m.—Rose Novak, violinist.
8:15 p. m.—Victor Herbert Reminiscences.
8:30 p. m.—Rhythm Concert.

WJSV—Old Dominion Broadcasting Co.
(10,000 Watts. 1,460 Kilocycles.)

7:00 a. m.—Elder Michaux's Radio Revival.
8:00 a. m.—Salon Musicale.
8:30 a. m.—Bill and Ginger.
8:45 a. m.—Keeping Up With the Times.
9:00 a. m.—Little Jack Little.
9:15 a. m.—Melody Parade.
9:30 a. m.—Tony Wons.
9:45 a. m.—Round Towners.
10:00 a. m.—Morning Moods.
10:30 a. m.—Broadcast from the Sidewalks of New York, Park Avenue.
10:35 a. m.—Helen Board, soprano.
10:45 a. m.—U. S. Navy Band.
11:15 a. m.—Today's Pioneer Women, "Story of Eva La Gallienne."
11:30 a. m.—Smiling Ed McConnell.
11:45 a. m.—Vincent Sorey's Orchestra.
12:00 (noon)—Broadcast from the Sidewalks of New York, Lower Broadway.
12:05 p. m.—Buddy Harrod Orchestra.
12:30 p. m.—Revue.
1:00 p. m.—Chrysler Radio Convention.
2:00 p. m.—Aunt Jemima Songs.
2:15 p. m.—Musical Revue.
2:30 p. m.—American School of the Air.
3:00 p. m.—Chrysler Radio Convention.
3:30 p. m.—Broadcast from the Sidewalks of New York, Times Square.
3:35 p. m.—Frank Westphal Orchestra.
4:00 p. m.—Bonnie Popular Revue.
4:30 p. m.—Talk by Fannie Hurst.
4:45 p. m.—Leon Golfer, guitarist.
5:00 p. m.—"Meet the Artist," Bob Taplinger Interviews Ann Leaf.
5:15 p. m.—Today and Yesterday.
5:30 p. m.—Skippy.
5:45 p. m.—Broadcast from the Sidewalks of New York, Harlem.
5:50 p. m.—Musical Comedy Memories.
6:00 p. m.—Current Events.
6:15 p. m.—On the Air Tonight.
6:20 p. m.—Fred Berrens' Orchestra.
6:30 p. m.—Jack Miller Orchestra.
6:45 p. m.—Keenan and Phillips.
7:00 p. m.—Myrt and Marge.
7:15 p. m.—Robert W. Horton.
7:30 p. m.—Harry Barris' Orchestra.
7:45 p. m.—Madison Singers.
8:00 p. m.—Lyman Orchestra.
8:15 p. m.—Edwin C. Hill, "The Human Side of the News."
8:30 p. m.—Kate Smith.
8:45 p. m.—Musical Past Freight.
9:00 p. m.—Music that Satisfies, the Street Singer.
9:15 p. m.—Threads of Happiness, Tommy McLaughlin, barytone.
9:30 p. m.—Democratic Campaign Address, Newton D. Baker, from Brooklyn, N. Y.
10:00 p. m.—To be announced.
10:15 p. m.—Democratic Campaign Address, Senator Carter Glass.
11:15 p. m.—Howard Barlow Symphony Orchestra.
11:30 p. m.—The Globe Trotter.
11:45 p. m.—Isham Jones, Orchestra.
12:00 (midnight)—Don Redman Orchestra.
12:30 a. m.—Harold Stern Orchestra.

The twenty men in Phil Spitalny's orchestra are all arrangers. Each aids in the preparation of Phil's broadcast programs. The men are exchanging lessons on their various instruments so that within a year Phil expects to have the most versatile band in radio.

How to Be Beautiful

By ELSIE PIERCE

TODAY we are going to thwart any tendency to double chin. First, we will go through a few simple exercises. Are you ready? Begin.

(1) Assume proper standing posture, feet about 18 inches apart, head up, chin in, chest high, shoulders back, abdomen in. Stand as tall as possible. Place hands on hips. Do not move the body as you turn head as far to the right as possible. Forward. Repeat five times. Now to the left. Repeat five times. Relax.

(2) Bend head backward a little, thrusting out chin until the muscles of the neck under the chin are tense. Slowly turn the head sharply to the left until you can look over the left shoulder. Now to the right. Repeat five times alternately to each side. Relax.

(3) Now roll head around in a complete circle forward, left, back, right. Repeat six times.

(4) Drop head forward as far as possible on chest, now stretch slowly back, back until the head rests between the shoulders. Inhale deeply as you stretch back, exhale as you drop the head forward.

The value of these exercises is in stretching. As you learn to do them stretch more and more strenuously. No willy-nilly, make-believe or the exercises won't do their good work. The fourth exercise is especially beneficial and can be done in standing, sitting or lying position. While on the back stretch head forward on chest, then back without moving the rest of the body. Then, lie face downward and raise the head backward and down.

Cream.

After the exercise, we are ready for the creaming. First cleanse thoroughly either with cleansing cream or with a mild bland soap and warm, quite warm, water. Now apply a rich lubricating cream. Mold from the shoulders up on the left side of the neck with the four fingers of the right hand and on the right side with the left hand. Now press and lift with the cushion parts of the fingers and then the palms under the chin. A good time to do the exercise and creaming is at night before retiring. Leave a little of the cream on overnight.

Astringent Tie-Up.

In the morning wring a pad of cotton out of cold water, dip into astringent and pat over neck and under chin for a few minutes. Then open the cotton pad, place under chin so that it fits the contour securely and tie overhead with strip of gauze or linen about 2 inches wide. Run a piece of ice over this tie-up. Repeat two or three times every few minutes. Leave the tie-up on for ten or fifteen minutes while reading or resting. Remove. If the skin is inclined to be dry, use a little more cream after the tie-up, otherwise finish with ice rub.

If you would like my complete "Facial Resume" outlining treatment for face and neck, with exact molding and patting movements, send self-addressed, stamped envelope for it.

How to Keep Well

By DR. W. A. EVANS

SCARLET FEVER.

THERE are those who think of scarlet fever as a trifling disease unworthy of consideration. They have been told that while it is still fairly prevalent it has become extremely mild. Most vital statistics show that only one person dies from scarlet fever for each 100 who have the disease.

In at least one study an effort was made to get track of all the very mild cases—those that have little more than a sore throat and practically no eruption; those that are so free from symptoms that they do not take to the sick bed. Many of these cases are called stomach rashes, few are seen by physicians, and most of them are not reported to the health department or to school authorities. When these very mild ones were added to the official list of scarlet fever cases the death rate—what is called the case fatality rate—fell to about one in 500.

But the death rate of a disease may be low without making it unimportant. Other consequences need to be considered. In Durand Hospital the prysicians have rather specialized on scarlet fever for more than twenty years. They have made several discoveries during the course of this experience. One is that scarlet fever is caused by a certain kind of streptococcus. Using this coccus, they have made a vaccine to protect against the disease, and an antitoxin to cure it. They require their nurses and physicians to be tested for susceptibility to scarlet fever periodically, and to be vaccinated against it. When this policy was begun the institution was accustomed to a good deal of scarlet fever among the members of the staff. Now there is practically none. With respect to diphtheria they followed a like policy and with even better results.

One of their observations relates to the probability of complications from scarlet fever. During fifteen years, in spite of the best hospital care, 14 per cent of all the scarlet fever children have developed disease of the middle ear. Impaired hearing is very apt to follow as a consequence of this. Eleven per cent of them have developed some form of arthritis, and 7 per cent some form of nephritis. In addition there have been cases that have had sore throats, boggy tonsils, and enlarged glands in the wake of fever.

Intelligent effort to avoid scarlet fever because of the tendency to after effects and the tendency for cases to become carriers, the duration of illness and isolation, exclusion from school and work, and the social and domestic upset it causes are additional reasons for this policy.

PAIN IN THE BACK.

W. A. writes: Ten years ago I suffered with severe pain in my upper back, back of the breastbone. This severe pain awakened me from a sound sleep every morning around 2 o'clock for a period of two years. I had to sit up in bed at times to get my breath. I went to specialists, but no one could diagnose the case. After about two years the pain left as suddenly as it came. Two years ago I had a recurrence which lasted ten months. I do not know what caused it.

1. Should I have my heart examined periodically?

2. Should stimulants, such as coffee, be taken? I drink three cups of weak black coffee daily.

REPLY.

1. Yes. Study with an electrocardiograph should make it possible to decide if you have angina and, if so, what kind.

2. Continue as you are unless you have some proof that coffee is harming you.

DON'T WORRY ABOUT THEM.

D. A. A. writes:

1. I crave lettuce and can eat a head a day. Will it harm my blood?

2. How does cancer of the blood act? I am dizzy at times and have lots of gas. My doctor says it is nerves.

REPLY.

1. It will not harm you in any way.

2. There is no cancer of the blood. Some call leucemia cancer of the blood, but nothing is gained by calling it by that name. If these are your only symptoms you will be better off if you keep your mind on your business and gamble on your symptoms being without significance.

(Copyright, 1932.)

Today's Happenings

Luncheon—Credit Men of Washington, Raleigh, 12:30 p. m.

Luncheon—Veteran Druggist Association, Raleigh, 12:15 p. m.

Bridge—Duplicate Contract, Carlton, 8:30 p. m.

Lecture—Welsh Club, Powell Junior High School, 8 p. m.

Luncheon—Directors of the Washington Chamber of Commerce, Mayflower, 12:15 p. m.

Dinner—Board of directors of the Lions Club, Mayflower, 6 p. m.

Meeting—American Association of Master Locksmiths, Mayflower, 8 p. m.

Meeting—Washington Civic Opera Company, Mayflower, 8 p. m.

Meeting—Robert E. Coontz Chapter, American War Mothers, Willard, 8 p. m.

Meeting—Washington Cat Club, 2014 Newton street, 8 p. m.

Memorial service—Rock Creek Cemetery, 10:30 a. m.

Card party—Bell Club, Thirty-seventh street and Rhode Island avenue northeast, 8 p. m.

Luncheon—Yale Club, University Club, 12:30 p. m.

Luncheon—Sigma Chi Fraternity, University Club, 12:30 p. m.

Luncheon—Department of Justice, University Club, 12:30 p. m.

Luncheon—Democratic Club, University Club, 12:30 p. m.

Fifth Avenue Fashions

HERE'S a marvelous dress for the woman of heavier build.

It has the smart slimming crossed-scarf neckline.

The skirt is cut with a V-chaped yoke at the front and at the back. It flares slightly from the circular lower part.

It's conservatively lovely and smart in black rough crepe silk with crepe trim.

It's so utterly simple in fashion.

It's delightfully smart in woolen crepe in rich burgundy shade with violet crepe collar.

Style No. 3236 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust.

Size 36 requires 3¾ yards 39-inch with ¾ yard 39-inch contrasting. Price of pattern 15 cents.

Our fall and winter fashion magazine contains the most attractive selection of new patterns for women and children; a three-lesson beauty course, fashion hints and also Christmas gift suggestions that you can make and stretch your Christmas budget. Price, 10 cents a copy. Address Fashion Department, The Washington Post, Fifth avenue and Twenty-third street, New York City.

No. 3236. Size.....

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Name.

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Street Address.

.....
City. State.

Interpreting the Mode

By DARE

A nightgown may look like a ball gown these days! And this one of soft satin has a high waistline reminiscent of Recamier—but the tucks that hold it to the bodice deny it. (Sketched in a New York shop).

ABOUT that higher neckline that is seen in every form of frock this season, our friend D. V. de V. writes us from Paris:

"In the evening it's 'close-up,' too. But don't wail . . . all the beauty treatments you've been having to cultivate a lovely back have not been in vain . . . and how! Because the close-up in the evening is often an illusion . . . just play! For instance, Chanel has a 'candy-stick' organdy evening frock in her Palm Beach collection with a little bow smack at the throat, but below the bow the gown is cut out; the black is (from the waist to neckline) bands of organdy alternating with bands of your back.

"The back of a red crepe consisted of a central column, twisted and knotted, that joined a wisp of material lying flat about the neck. So you see, in the evening the high neckline is there, but there is plenty happening below! Of course, there are many evening gowns cut low in the back in the classical V-shape or oval. But you'll note that the decolletage in front is rather high. At Worth's I saw one stately white satin honestly high in the front and the back and no compromise about it.

And . . . you know . . . the garlands of flowers at Chanel's that threw me into such a state earlier this year, are really tricks that give the impression of high-neck treatment. And there you have it!"

* * * *

And when I tell you that there is absolutely no excuse for a woman to look anything but neat and pretty around the house, no matter how hard she works, I know what I am saying. For no matter how slim the purse, one can have three house dresses or house pyjamas and three aprons and look clean and neat bending over the week's wash, if one needs bend!

* * * *

I can think of at least ten good reasons and places for new furniture . . . providing this furniture be inexpensive enough and substantial enough, and good looking enough. So I just up and made a lot of the most charming furniture for Dawn Mirage you ever saw. . . . So, I could tell you how to make it. We made several most successful pieces from—what do you guess? Packing cases! Yes, none else . . . and with our own saws and hammers, too, sister Dionne and I . . . without benefit of masculinity, if you see what I mean.

A studio couch, then a little, well, not too little table, then a real wardrobe affair that is a perfectly good closet . . . and then a dressing table with mirror and sides and even a pull-out-able stool . . . and some we painted and some we covered with burlap and some we covered with wall paper . . . and some we didn't cover at all. But all of the pieces we most carefully tell you how to make in this week's illustrated leaflet, for which you have but to send a stamped, self-addressed envelope to the Dare Department of The Washington Post.

* * * *

And if you want to be simply ultra, trace the three-face design in today's illustration onto your furniture . . . and shellack it over!

* * * *

Isn't this a darling nightie? I always like covering up nighties for winter, somehow. This one is just like a cunning ball gown, and the tucks at the waist that make a girdle effect are simply too darling. Like it?

Au revoir.

(Copyright, 1932.)

What Today Means to You

By MARY BLAKE

"SCORPIO."

IF November 1 is your birthday the best hours for you on this date are from 7 a. m. to 8:30 a. m., from 4 p. m. to 5 p. m. and from 10 p. m. to 11:15 p. m. The danger hours are from 11:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. and from 7 p. m. to 8:15 p. m.

Influences on November 1 will be conducive to great physical accomplishments. In the home as well as in the office, the close of day will show visible and adequate proofs of the day's work. Those pursuing outdoor activities will find themselves at their best. A general feeling of tranquillity will permeate the atmosphere throughout this day.

The child born on this November 1 will probably not be the kind that is seen but not heard. The child will tend to be boisterous, and if not carefully watched will be inclined to develop into a most annoying little one with many petty ways about him. Mentally, he will be far more active than the average, and care must be taken to guard him against undue conceit. Much outdoor activity profitable.

If November 1 is your birthday, you can probably be classified with that group of individuals who have ideas and opinions on any and all subjects and who do not hesitate to express them. If a house is to be painted, or perhaps it is a painting on canvas that is to be done, possibly a problem in finance is to be solved, but whatever its nature, you are right there with your advice. Often your advice is good, for you have a sane outlook on life and business and your mind is essentially creative. Consider sometimes before you speak that possibly your advice is not wanted. If it is, surely it will be asked for.

Blessed with an unusually active mind you are generally on the outlook for something new to tackle You like to develop a project but do not like to carry on with it. Routine bores you. You will probably hold many positions in many fields of activity. Whatever you do, you throw your whole heart into it. Seldom do you fail.

Women born on November 1 will be essentially the home-loving type. Those who do not marry, and most of them will, often have extremely useful careers in welfare work or as teachers. They are loving and kind, and wherever they go or whatever they are doing they radiate joy and happiness. Splendid wives and mothers.

Successful people born on November 1:

Morgan Dix, clergyman.
Charles Calverly, sculptor.
William M. Chase, artist.
Stephen Crane, author.
Godfrey Weitzel, soldier and engineer.
Mme. Allani, singer.

(Copyright, 1932.)

Women's Club to Hear Play.

Barrie's "The Twelve-Pound Look" will be given as a reading before the book hour section of the Women's City Club tomorrow at 4:45 p. m. The program will be presented by Mrs. Patrick Gallagher, Mrs. John Dillon Fitzgerald, Mrs. Gladys B. Middlemiss and Mrs. William Lee Corbin. A general discussion will follow the play-reading.

Ready
TODAY!
"The Laws of Contract Bridge 1932"
50c
Important changes. New count. New premiums and new penalties.
As agreed to by the Whist Club of New York, the Portland Club of London and the Commission Francaise du Bridge, Paris.
Downstairs Bookstore
Kann's

Uncle Sam's Home Hints

SCALLOPED SWEET POTATOES With Apples.

(Bureau of Home Economics.)

3 medium-sized sweet potatoes
4 medium-sized apples, pared and cored.
½ cup sugar
½ teaspoon salt
3 tablespoons butter.

Cook the sweet potatoes in boiling water until tender; cool and skin. Cut the sweet potatoes and apples into slices, place in alternate layers in a greased baking dish, sprinkle each layer with sugar and salt, dot with butter, add a little water and bake for 30 to 45 minutes, or until the apples are soft and the top layer is brown. Serve in the baking dish.

With Pineapple.

3 medium-sized sweet potatoes
1 can crushed pineapple
¼ teaspoon salt
4 tablespoons melted butter

Select a dry, mealy variety of sweet potatoes and cook in the skins in water to cover. When tender, scrape, cut in slices of uniform thickness and place in a shallow greased baking dish. Pour the pineapple over the sweet potatoes, sprinkle with salt and add the fat. Bake in a moderate oven for 30 minutes, or until light brown on the surface and the sirup of the pineapple has become thickened. Serve from the baking dish.

Culbertson on Bridge

By ELY CULBERTSON

485.

IMAGINATIVE OPTIMISM.

IMAGINATION and optimism are essential qualities of a strong defensive player at Contract. To be sure, he needs steadiness and sturdiness under fire, as well as the more showy quality of imagination. But there are many contracts made at the Bridge table that should be defeated if the defending players not only cash their apparent tricks, but risk a little in the way of permitting a possible overtrick and give both imagination and optimism full sway.

A brilliant example of both imagination and optimism occurred in a recent Duplicate game at the Wissahickon Bridge Club in Philadelphia, where Mr. J. K. Trimble, a newcomer in Philadelphia Bridge circles, playing with Mr. Charles H. Goren, had an opportunity to distinguish himself.

West—Dealer.
East and West vulnerable.

Mr. J. K. Trimble.

	♠ K Q J 2 ♡ 10 7 6 5 ◇ — ♣ 9 8 7 4 2	
♠ 9 8 4 ♡ A Q J 2 ◇ K J 8 3 ♣ A K		♠ 5 3 ♡ K 9 8 3 ◇ A 2 ♣ Q J 10 6 3
	♠ A 10 7 6 ♡ 4 ◇ Q 10 9 7 6 5 4 ♣ 5	

Mr. Charles H. Goren

The Bidding:

South	West	North	East
	1♡	Pass	3♡
4◇	4♡	Pass	Pass
Pass			

Mr. Goren, who sat South, made a rather courageous attempt to stop East and West's path to game by his bid of four diamonds, but West could not be denied after his partner's double Raise, as he decided that the game was "in the bag."

Mr. Trimble opened the spade King, which was the "tip-off" to his partner that his hand was void of diamonds. Mr. Goren overtook the King with the Ace to give his partner a ruff by leading a diamond. This was trumped by North, who now made his daring and brilliant play. He returned the spade 2, realizing that it was the only opportunity to defeat the contract. South won with the spade 10, and led another diamond, thus permitting North to cash another trump trick and defeat the contract.

The chance of finding South with the spade 10 was remote, indeed, but from North's standpoint it was the only chance to defeat the contract. It is true that it risked giving West an extra trick, but an extra trick for the Declarer weighs little when put in the balance against a defeated contract.

The play was brilliant, sound and imaginative. When there is a chance of defeating the contract, the play should be made, even though it is much likely to give the Declarer an overtrick. The odds against a game made or a game defeated far more than justify the trifling loss of 50 points additional.

TOMORROW'S HAND.

The bidding and play of the hand printed below will be discussed tomorrow:

North—Dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.

	♠ K 9 4 ♡ 8 7 ◇ J 10 7 5 4 3 2 ♣ 9	
♠ Q J 5 3 2 ♡ Q 5 ◇ 9 ? ♣ A K 10 5		♠ A 7 ♡ J 3 ◇ K Q 8 ♣ 8 7 6 4 3 2
	♠ 10 8 6 ♡ A K 10 9 6 4 2 ◇ A ♣ Q J	

Study the hand, decide how you would bid and play it, and then compare the results you obtain with those shown in tomorrow's article.

(Copyright, 1932.)

BAND CONCERT.

UNITED STATES SOLDIERS' HOME BAND ORCHESTRA.

Stanley Hall, 5:30 p. m.

March, "Arms of America"...Arthur Pryor
Overture, "The Emperor"....Kiesaler
Duet for trombone and cornet, "A Night in Venice".....Lucantoni-Lampe
Messrs. Sgueo and Bernard.
Excerpts from musical comedy, "Sunny."...Kern
An American fantasia, "America Forever".....Victor Herbert
Waltz suite, "Sweethearts".....Herbert
Finale, "Berlin Echoes".....Lincke
"The Star-Spangled Banner."

Contract Bridge Lessons
Tuesdays and Thursdays at 2:30 P. M.
50c Per Lesson
Instructions by Mrs. Dixie T. Wright, Mrs. Marian H. Barre, of the Culbertson Studios
Kann's—4th Floor

Chestnut Farms Dairy
FOR quality dairy products, from tuberculin-tested herds, regularly inspected by the District Health Department . . . for quick, courteous, and dependable service . . . just telephone Potomac 4000, we'll take your order!
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UNDER THE SAME MANAGEMENT FOR MORE THAN 32 YEARS

The New Knitting Shop invites you to a
"Knit-Your-Own" Fashion Show
Today—Tuesday—at 3 P. M.
Smart Hand-Knitted Fashions
modeled by these society girls
Helen Tewksbury *Virginia Hall*
Betty Glassford *Marjorie Moorman*
Terribly smart dresses, suits, sweaters, including Schiaparelli's waistcoat, that will inspire you to start knitting at once—because every one of them is a design you can knit yourself.
Little Theater Seventh Floor
THE NEW Jelleff's
1216-1220 F STREET

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On Sale NOV. 5, 6 & 7
to ANY POINT in the UNITED STATES
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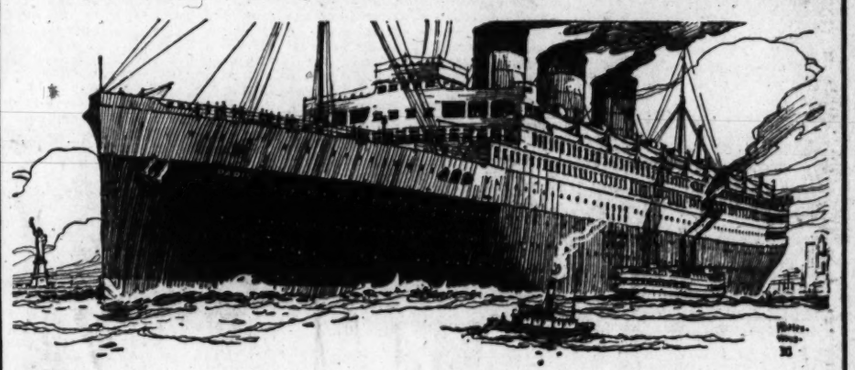


ALL EXPENSES PAID
On a Glorious Round Trip
TO FRANCE

IMAGINE the joy of leaving Washington on one of the huge airliners of the Eastern Air Transport . . . a luxurious stay at the Edison Hotel, one of New York's most modern hostelries . . . Then . . . Waving adieu to friends ashore as you stand on the deck of the French Line's "Aristocrat of the Sea," the magnificent steamship Paris—OUTWARD BOUND FOR FRANCE!

This Experience Will Be Entirely FREE To Some Reader of The Washington Post

By special arrangement with Warner Bros.' Earle Theater, Eastern Air Transport, the Edison Hotel and the French Line, The Washington Post is able to present this wonderful opportunity to its readers in conjunction with the showing of the motion picture—

"ONE WAY PASSAGE"
Featuring Kay Francis and William Powell—Beginning Friday
AT WARNER BROS.
EARLE THEATER

The Free Trip to France and return will be awarded to the person who gives the most logical twenty-word interpretation of the unusual ending of this dramatic screen story. It is not even necessary to see the picture, as a synopsis of the story is published in this issue of The Washington Post . . . There are no strings or obligations of any kind attached to this offer! Just send in your twenty-word conclusion to the "One Way Passage Editor, The Washington Post," before midnight of November 17. If your interpretation is judged the most logical you will receive the magnificent prize of a round trip to France—with all expenses paid.

[*NOTE: No employe of a Warner Bros.' Theater, The Washington Post, the French Line, Eastern Air Transport system or relatives of such employes is eligible to compete in this contest.*]

The Washington Post
"The Capital's Greatest NEWSpaper"

IRENE DUNNE PRIZE WINNERS SELECTED

Amelia S. Darr Is First and Mignon Atchison Second; Gladys Collins Third.

The millinery art may not be practiced in the home as in days of yore, but the art is still highly appreciated. To that fact the judges who had to choose the best designs in the Irene Dunne hat contest can attest.

Hats, hats, hats of every type, color and design, all adjusted at the most fetching angles were submitted—in water colors, oils, crayons and all the other technique used by artists.

After an extra day of studying, classifying and grading of the entries, the judges finally decided Amelia S. Darr, 3822 Warren street northwest, had submitted the best designs, while Mignon D. Atchison, 1705 Lanier place northwest, and Gladys M. Collins, 6921 Blair road northwest, had the second and third best, respectively. These three designs are reproduced, so all readers as well as the numerous contestants can see the winning designs and also mayhap judge the judges on their tastes in things millinery.

To the winner a check of $10 is being mailed; those with second and third best designs will also receive by mail orders for $5 hats at the Hecht Co.

The persons submitting the designs adjudged as the next ten best will likewise receive by mail their guest tickets to the picture "13 Women," now being shown at RKO-Keith's Theater, with Irene Dunne playing the leading role.

The ten next best designs were submitted by the following:

Camille Nipper Washburn, 921 Park Lane apartments.

M. Heishley, 124 South Fairfax, Alexandria, Va.

Mrs. Marguerite Brinkley, 3145 Mount Pleasant street.

Joan Thompson, 1334 Farragut street.

Cathryn Werneke, 614 Park road northwest.

Frances Maurine Irwin, 5119 Thirty-eighth street northwest.

Eleanor Smith, 321 Shepherd street.

Mrs. John T. French, jr., 2232 Q street northwest.

Linn C. Winans, 110 Myrtle street, Mount Ida, Alexandria, Va.

Claire Sessford, 1410 M street northwest.

News Photographer Burned.

Gus Chinn, a newspaper photographer, suffered powder burns about his face and hands last night while taking pictures of the Halloween parade at Twelfth street and Pennsylvania avenue. He was treated at Casualty Hospital.

WINNING HAT SUGGESTIONS IN IRENE DUNNE CONTEST

By AMELIA S. DARR. By MIGNON D. ATCHISON. By GLADYS M. COLLINS.

Movie Synopsis Published In Contest for Paris Trip

Winner and Escort Will Be Highly Entertained on Voyage Offered Free by Warner Bros. and The Post.

How would you, with an escort, like to take a pleasure trip aboard the S. S. Paris, the French Line's aristocrat of the seas, with all expenses paid? Well, here is your opportunity!

A round trip to France will be awarded for the most logical twenty-word interpretation of the very unusual and highly dramatic ending of "One Way Passage," the Warner Bros. and Vitaphone motion picture starring Kay Francis and William Powell, which opens Friday at Warner Bros.' Earle Theater.

Warner Bros. and The Washington Post have made arrangements for the winner and escort to be entertained, starting from the moment they leave Washington.

The trip to New York and back will be made in one of the Eastern Air Transport System's large Curtiss-Condor passenger planes. While stopping in New York their home will be at the Edison Hotel, one of New York's most modern hotels.

Then starts the voyage to France aboard the S. S. Paris. From the moment they step up the gangplank the winner and escort will start on a succession of grand, glorious days of play and pleasure, for the S. S. Paris is virtually a "palace afloat."

The rules of the contest are simple:

1. No employe of a Warner Bros. theater, The Washington Post, the French Line, Eastern Air Transport System or relatives of any employe of these firms are eligible.

2. The answers must be sent to the "One Way Passage" Editor of The Washington Post, postmarked not later than midnight, seven days following the closing of the picture. That is, November 17.

3. It will not be necessary to purchase an admission for the showing of "One Way Passage." You may use the synopsis printed in this paper.

For your help in writing the ending to this picture, the synopsis is published.

Following an accidental spilling of cocktails in Hong Kong's most famous international bar, Dan Hardesty and Joan Ames turn to look into each other's eyes—finding something that each has sought for a lifetime. The next moment Dan is arrested with a warrant of extradition for murder.

Dan and Joan are passengers on the same liner bound for San Francisco, but each hides from the other the sentence of death that hangs over them. Joan has an incurable heart ailment and Dan knows that he will have to pay the death penalty at San Quentin.

At Honolulu, Dan manages to elude Burke long enough to have one glorious day ashore with Joan and to make arrangements for his escape on a tramp steamer, bound for Mexico. On the way back to the boat that evening, Dan is forced to tell Joan of their temporary separation and the reason for it. The shock of learning that he is a fugitive brings on another heart attack and Dan forfeits his chance for freedom in order to get the woman he loves safely back to the steamer.

As they are approaching the American coast, she proposes that they meet New Year's Eve in Agua Caliente and Dan, gallantly hiding his grief, accepts with a cheerful smile.

Only through the careless chattering of a steward does Joan learn at the last moment what awaits Dan when he gets ashore. He has already said boody-by to her, but she races madly through the corridors of the boat and comes face to face with Dan at the gangplank. Conscious that each knows the truth about the other, they both gallantly repeat their pledge to meet below the Mexican border on New Years Eve. At that supreme moment, neither can say "good-bye."

No more "happy ending" to such a romance could have been as genuinely thrilling and stimulating as the one that the producers have chosen to give to it. Some will interpret the ending literally; others symbolically. What is your interpretation?

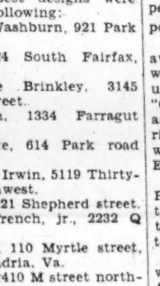
You may be the winner of that round-trip to France.

Further information and details will be published in tomorrow's issue of The Washington Post.

ABOUT THE SHOWSHOPS

With NELSON B. BELL

IT has remained for the assiduous researchers of that far-flung news-gathering agency known as the Associated Press to discover that the useless hobbies once pursued by film celebrities as a means of relaxation from the exacting demands of their studio work have in these latter days been supplanted by distinctly worthwhile sidelines and avocations, profitable either mentally, or financially, or both.



In place of the screen actress who not so long ago daubed canvas with ostensible likenesses of Pekingese puppies, that many mistook for large beetles, there has risen the actress who conducts a completely equipped theater in her home, of which she is stage manager, projectionist, usher and janitor—of the theater, you understand, not the home. Ann Harding is the actress. She books the attractions, seats her guests and raises and lowers the curtain.

Ruth Chatterton writes any and every thing. None of her writings ever has found its way into print, but, anyway, it's a relief from the studio grind.

Barbara Stanwyck specializes in house planning and decorating; Elissa Landi has written three successful novels; Constance Bennett studies fashions; Marlene Dietrich is an accomplished musician and Kay Francis is developing a farm on Cape Cod, Mass.

It's rather surprising to think of George Arliss as a gardener. But he is. The vegetables from his garden in Kent, England, won prizes last year. Paul Muni finds pleasure in traveling incognito to small resorts and offering concerts on his violin. Charles Chaplin's penchant for the violin already is known.

James Cagney sketches, remarkably well, too, and every one knows Will Rogers travels, mostly via airplane. He also collects pioneer relics. Charles Farrell has a collection of maritime oddities. John Boles has a Duncan Phyfe table in his collection of furniture; George O'Brien is always looking for relics of Western pioneer life, and Alexander Kirkland can paint a seascape with considerable reality.

Gary Cooper is an accomplished cartoonist, William Haines operates an antique shop and Lionel Barrymore's collection of rare paintings have won numerous prizes in exhibits. Charles Bickford operates a hog farm, a whaling ship, a garage, cleaning and dyeing establishment and retail store. Maurice Chevalier maintains a free hospital in Paris.

Raymond Hatton builds houses and Carey Grant operates two men's haberdashery stores, one in Hollywood and the other in New York.

While Jean Hersholt sculps and paints, Sylvia Sidney collects French and English prints and medical books from New York, and Wynne Gibson has 314 miniature dogs of all materials, the names of which all begin with the letter "P." Why, no one knows.

It is just barely possible, after all, that Miss Gibson's fad falls a shade or two outside the pale of the strictly utilitarian!

Some importance attaching to the movements of all of our several prevalent "first ladies of the theater," it should be recorded that Katharine Cornell, returned to New York City aboard the S. S. Europa last Wednesday after three months spent in Garmisch, in the Bavarian Alps, Germany. She now is preparing for the rehearsals of "Lucrece," Thornton Wilder's translation of Andre Obey's "Le Viol de Lucrece."

It is Mr. Ray Henderson, enunciator-in-chief of the Cornell-McClintic enterprises, who imparts the information that Robert Loraine has been engaged for one of the pivotal roles in this production. Eight years ago Miss Cornell appeared with him in Karen Bramson's "Tiger Cats," presented by the late David Belasco in the Belasco Theater, New York City, of which she is now lessee. Loraine probably has acted a wider range of characters than any other actor now before the Anglo-Saxon public.

Mr. Henderson reminds me that one of his greatest successes was as John Tanner in Bernard Shaw's "Man and Superman," which was front page news in its day. The reminder is scarcely necessary since this production of "Man and Superman" was the present writer's first major assignment as a dramatic reviewer on The Post, when it was presented at the Columbia Theater two or three hundred years ago!

Among others in the splendid cast surrounding Mr. Loraine were Bijou Fernandez, afterwards a successful play broker, and Frank Craven, getting a flying start in the general direction of his later eminence in the comparative "bit" of the chauffeur.

You're telling me, Mr. Henderson?

Now that you have started this column retrospecting, there is probably no way to avoid the observation that Jerome Kern has come along a bit as a composer of a substantial and enduring merit.

One of the clearer recollections of a peregrinating summer spent in leisurely ramblings from the tropics to the St. Louis Exposition, via New Orleans, and back again, via New York, concerns a frivolous piece of nonsense enlivening Randolph street in Chicago and bearing the title of "The Royal Chef." The title role was played with a German dialect as thick as the base of the Washington Monument by Dave Lewis, a comedian long since submerged in the enveloping mists of obscurity, but a popular buffoon in his day. Over on Michigan avenue, in the Studebaker, Raymond Hichcock was seriously rivaling Mr. Lewis, as star of "The Yankee Consul"—a considerably better entertainment.

But what I had in mind was that the music of "The Royal Chef" was written by a young fellow by the name of Jerry Kern, even then widely acclaimed as a right smart tunester. Compared with the imposing scores he has turned out for such masterpieces in their respective spheres as "Show Boat" and "The Cat and the Fiddle," charming operetta that should pack the National Theater at every perfomance this week, such tinklingly inconsequential baubles as "The Royal Chef" seem like the merest "chop sticks."

In those remote days Frank Pixley and Gustav Luders were almost the Gilbert and Sullivan of America, an honor that was to descend a little later upon Victor Herbert and Harry B. Smith and seems now to be worn lightly and worthily by Jerome Kern and Otto Harbach.

Oh, well, everything in its time, I suppose. And does that time fly!

Now that the Halloween hullabaloo is over and done with, the boys are busy rigging up their special election night programs for a week from tonight. Returns are to be announced in all of the theaters, news services to be supplied by the local papers. The facilities of The Washington Post, including both the Associated Press and United Press services, are to be availed of by the management of RKO-Keith's, where Manager Hardie Meakin also has arranged to add a particularly appropriate film feature to his regular bill.

As an extra added attraction, Ed Wynn, "The Chief" himself, who recently has become the highest paid and one of the most popular radio artists in the country, will be screened in a revival, for this occasion only, of Paramount's production of "Follow the Leader."

The election night program will run continuously until sufficient returns are in to make known who is going to be the next President of these here now United States.

Oh, so that WASN'T a false face you had on last night! Well, how was one to know?

Maharanee of Indore Will Become Mother

Seattle, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The Seattle Times said today it has received advices from Paris that the Maharajah and Maharanee of Indore are expecting a baby to be born in November.

The maharanee is the former Nancy Ann Miller, of Seattle. They have two daughters, 3 and 2 years old. The maharanee visited her mother and grandfather here last January.

FILM TIME TABLES

Feature pictures are presented on the following schedule at the theaters named:

Earle—"The Crash," at 11:15 a. m., 1:57, 4:40, 7:50 and 10:32 p. m. Stage shows at 12:25, 3:08, 6:18, and 9:01 p. m.

Palace—"The Big Broadcast," at 11:15 a. m., 1:20, 3:25, 5:30, 7:35 and 9:40 p. m.

Rialto—"The Old Dark House," at 11:29 a. m., 1:29, 3:29, 5:29, 7:29 and 9:30 p. m.

Loew's Fox—"Faithless," at 11 a. m., 1:46, 4:32, 7:20 and 10:14 p. m. Stage shows at 12:28, 3:14, 6:10 and 8:56 p. m.

Metropolitan—"Tiger Shark," at 11 a. m., 12:48, 2:35, 4:22, 6:08, 7:54 and 9:42 p. m.

RKO-Keith's—"13 Women," at 11 a. m., 12:45, 2:30, 4:15, 6:09, 8:03 and 9:57 p. m.

Columbia—"Virgins of Bali," at 12:10, 1:50, 3:30, 5:15, 6:55, 8:35 and 10:15 p. m.

Tivoli—"Back Street," at 2, 3:50, 5:40, 7:35 and 9:25 p. m.

Ambassador—"Tiger Shark," at 6:15, 8 and 9:45 p. m.

Secure competent help with Post Classified Ads. Just phone National 4205.

DINE AT
OLNEY INN
OLNEY FARM—OLNEY, MD.
12 Miles Out Georgia Ave. Ext.
The Smart Place For Your
BRIDGE LUNCHEON
Delicious Menus From $1.00
Personal Direction: Clara May Downey

Little Girl Loses Life in Snowstorm

Body Found Close to Shelter After She Becomes Lost in Blizzard.

Laramie, Wyo., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—After an all-night search the frozen body of Alice Marlow, seven years old, was found today less than 200 yards from a schoolhouse where she might have found shelter.

The child accompanied her father, B. F. Marlow, last night as he prepared to round up the cows near Rock River, Wyo. Less than a half mile from the ranchhouse a snowstrom came up suddenly. Alice was sent back, but apparently became confused and lost her way.

Sheridan, Wyo., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The search for Fred Demmell, 35, of Sheridan, and Dell F. Yonkum, 21, of Columbine, Wyo., believed to have perished in a blizzard, while hunting in the Big Horn Mountains, was abandoned today.

AMUSEMENTS

always a better show at
KEITH'S 15 25 75c
TODAY—Star of "BACK STREET"
Irene DUNNE in "13 Women"
TIFFANY THAYER'S
Added "SHOW IT WITH MUSIC" with 100 BROADWAY STARS
AND PATHE NEWS
RKO'S Thrift Books SAVE 10%
NEXT FRIDAY
MITZI GREEN in "LITTLE ORPHAN ANNIE"

AMUSEMENTS

NATIONAL TONIGHT at 8:20 $1.10 to $3.30
Sat. Mat. $1.10 to $2.75
THE CAT AND THE FIDDLE
WED. MAT. 55c to $2.75
A MUSICAL LOVE STORY BY JEROME KERN & OTTO HARBACH
For 35c POSTAL TELEGRAPH will deliver to you seats at Box Office Prices.
Next Week Bee. Sun. Seats Thurs.
AMERICA'S GREATEST REVUE
EARL CARROLL VANITIES
ORIGINAL N.Y. PRODUCTION & CO OF 100
Most Beautiful Girls in the World
Mail Orders Now—Nights, Orch., $3.85; Bal., $2.75, $2.20 & $1.65; 2d Bal., $1.10. Sat. Mat., Orch., $2.75; Bal., $2.20 & $1.65; 2d Bal., $1.10
Prices include tax.

NOW
The OLD DARK HOUSE
KARLOFF MONSTER OF FRANKENSTEIN
RIALTO

NANA
To depart. Only a few more days left in which this wonderful painting can be seen. Now at 1318 G Street N.W. Admission, 15 cents.

AMUSEMENTS

7 BIG ACTS
ANNIVERSARY WEEK
LAST 3 DAYS
Ruth CHATTERTON
LIVING THEIR REAL LIFE LOVE
"the Crash"
with George BRENT
KAY Friday WM. FRANCIS & POWELL
"ONE WAY PASSAGE"
Stage MME. SCHUMANN-HEINK
25c TO 1 P. M.
EARLE
NOW
THEY SAID IT COULD NOT BE FILMED—THIS MIGHTY TRADER HORN OF THE SEA
TIGER SHARK
Edward G. ROBINSON
Richard Arlen — Zita Johann
25c To 1 P.M.
METROPOLITAN
TODAY 4:30 CONSTITUTION HALL
..OVELTY OF THE SEASON
SAENGERKNABEN
(The Singing Boys of Vienna, Austria)
POPE PIUS XI SAYS:
"Blessed be the Wiener Saengerknaben—voices as flutelike and sweet as those of angels in Paradise."
Seats on sale, Mrs. Greene's Bureau, Droop's, 1300 G st., Dist. 6493, and at box office hall, after 3:30 p. m. Met. 2661.

AMUSEMENTS

Loew's 25c TOTAL
TALLULAH BANKHEAD
ROBT. MONTGOMERY
"Faithless"
METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER PICTURE
Stage DUKE ELLINGTON and BAND
CARL SHAW & CO.
HILTON GARON
MAY JOYCE
VAN CELLO & MARY
PHIL LAMPKIN
Friday CLIVE BROOK
Loew's PALACE
THEATRE OF THE STARS
Now The BIG BROADCAST
BING CROSBY · KATE SMITH
BURNS & ALLEN · BOSWELL SISTERS
MILLS BROS. · The STREET SINGER
STUART ERWIN · LEILA HYAMS
CAB CALLOWAY · VINCENT LOPEZ
Coming JOAN CRAWFORD in RAIN
Loew's COLUMBIA
Now VIRGINS of BALI
GAYETY—BURLESK
MATINEE DAILY
SMOKE IF YOU LIKE
GREATEST SHOW OF THE SEASON with ANN CORIO

"I ask you—fellow citizens—I ask you!"

"IS there any issue more important than economy? It's serious—I tell you! Politics is serious anyway. One of our best politicians took it so serious they called him 'Pickle face'. The only time he ever smiled was when an admiring voter tattooed the statesman's face on his arm. Then the voter got fat—and the tattooing stretched a smile on the statesman's face.

"I'm practical when I say I'll bring costs down. I start right off with my 'American' Ticket and my two candidates—AMOCO-GAS and Orange AMERICAN GAS. Thousands of pumps stand back of my 'American' Ticket ready to pump new life in the old bank-roll.

"When I talk about my candidate—AMOCO-GAS—I'm introducing a candidate who needs no introduction. Amoco-Gas is the daddy of 'em all—the original special motor fuel—going strong for years—stronger than ever today. A vote for Amoco is a vote for lower cost per mile.

"On my 'regular' platform I've got a winner, too. Orange AMERICAN GAS is the regular gas that rates 12% better than U. S. Government specifications, PLUS high anti-knock rating. It's the best gasoline selling at regular gas price.

"Vote the 'American' Ticket! Whichever way you vote, you win!"

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ON THE AIR!
The Famous
ARTHUR PRYOR
and his
American Oil Co. Band
"American" Quartet
and
JAY C. FLIPPEN
as the
Hon. I. Save-On Gas
W J S V
Sat. 8:30 P. M.

AMERICAN OIL SLOGAN CONTEST
$2000.00
$1000 in Cash Prizes for Best Political Slogans on Orange American Gas
$1000 in Cash Prizes for Best Political Slogans on Amoco-Gas
You don't have to buy anything! Slogans must not exceed ten words! For example: "A Leader who Leads—Amoco-Gas".—"The 'Regular' Candidate—Orange American Gas". Get slogan ballots at any American Oil dealer or Lord Baltimore Station. You must drop entries in official ballot box at any American Oil dealer or Lord Baltimore Station. Mailing won't do!
CONTEST CLOSES NOVEMBER 8th—MIDNIGHT!

Vote the AMERICAN Ticket!
AMOCO AMERICAN GAS

The Washington Post.

TUESDAY NOVEMBER 1, 1932 SPORTS

NOTRE DAME SYSTEM OUSTED BY HAGERTY AT G. U.

This MORNING with SHIRLEY L. POVICH

THE answer to the drop in football attendance throughout the Nation this season has been found by George Washington University officials who in this era of depression have seen the crowds at the Colonial's home games mount nearly 150 per cent.

While every large institution in the country has reported decreases from 20 to 40 per cent in the size of crowds, George Washington is pleased to report that compared to the 20,000 who saw the first four home games on the Colonials' schedule in 1931, 47,500 have swung through the turnstiles at the first four home games of the present season.

The reasons are two: Better attractions and lower prices. Last season at its early home games, the Colonials met Shenandoah, Elon, Tulsa and Salem, only Tulsa among this quartet figuring to be other than a set-up. In contrast this year, G. W. met Westminster, Alabama, Catawba and Iowa. Tulsa last season drew 15,000 of the 20,000 who saw the four early games.

Reduced Prices Are Popular.

That the reduction in prices for the home games struck a popular and responsive note is obvious. George Washington introduced a new departure this season with a list of prices that scaled as low as 25 cents for the Westminster and Catawba contests, and no higher than $1.50 for the Alabama and Iowa games.

More than any other local institution, G. W. is proving the long-held theory that Washington is a poor football town. Given the attractions, the Capital has demonstrated that it will support football in a large way. For its game with North Dakota State, an unbeaten and untied team, G. W. is charging only $1 tops, probably the lowest admission price on record for an intersectional football battle.

Athletic Director Jim Pixlee regards George Washington's price reduction move as a paying investment in the interest of educating Washington fans in football, and creating a football consciousness that has existed, but has been dormant. And the dividends are already accruing in the form of added thousands that fans here are dumping into the G. W. athletic exchequer.

Among the Injured Is Chris Doose.

Alma mater has taken on a new meaning for G. W. football players under the charge of Coach Pixlee. Time was when Colonial teams performed with as much school spirit as a fly-by-night semipro team.

Christopher Adolph Doose, Colonial full back, was discharged from the George Washington University Hospital yesterday and is bent on playing in the North Dakota game Friday night, despite the fact he is still a convalescent.

Doose played throughout the Iowa game with a torn muscle in his back, a wound in the top of his head suffered when kicked in the Tulsa game, a broken nose suffered in scrimmage before the Tulsa game, and an infected heel that he carried into the Iowa contest. Outside of these ailments he was a perfect specimen of manhood.

Champ Pickens Missing The Big Games.

The passing football seasons sees Champ Pickens, Dixie's first fan, confined to his George Washington University Hospital bed and missing the big games for the first time in 20 years.

A keen student of football, Mr. Pickens, in Washington as director of the Bicentennial sports program, has found a companion spirit at the hospital in Dr. Daniel L. Borden, his attending physician, who consumes as much football per hour as Pickens himself.

Champ Pickens it was who gave to Washington the Alabama charity game last year and was largely instrumental in scheduling the recent Alabama-George Washington game that has featured the current season. Mr. Pickens, already confined three weeks by an operation, is champing until he can further additional plans to bring attractions to the Capital.

Wool Ties
—at a Dollar—
We told you about them last Spring . . . in fact we had them and sold hundreds as advance style . . . we said they'd be the 'thing' this Winter . . . and they are. Fine Botany Wool Ties in Stripes, Checks and Solid Shades.
1325 F St.
GROSNER'S

Davis Defeats Lewis on Decision

District Lightweight Star Evens Score With Rival.

Burl Beats Mack in Bout That Steals Portner's Show.

By DAVE HERMAN.

TWO slashing eight-round fights, in which Roddy Davis, District lightweight pride, and Eddie Burl, a stolid bantamweight puncher from Jacksonville, Fla., figured in smashing victories, threw a slim Halloween night crowd into a hysterical frenzy last night at Portner's Arena in what proved to be Alexandria's most thrilling boxing program in history.

Fighting for revenge, while a bevy of Eastern High School youngsters cheered madly with every punch, Davis erased the memory of the defeat handed him by Patsy Lewis in the same ring last winter, with a rousing two-fisted bombardment that overshadowed the Baltimore scrapper's fine body attack in six of the heats and had him groggy and gory at the finish. The decision was unanimous.

Burl-Mack Bout Sensational.

From the standpoint of sheer excitement, pluck and skill, the semi-windup betwene Eddie Burl and his sensational opponent from Philadelphia, Jimmy Mack, stole the show. Fighting on three days' notice after four months of inactivity, the curly-haired Mack scrapped like a machine, smothered Burl with enough punches to kill a horse, but the gritty Southerner hung on with death-like tenacity and refused to be knocked off his feet.

The crowd was in a uproar from round to round as the two elusive dervishes traded blows. Burl, strong as an ox, took blows right and left on the chin, but he deftly worked on Mack's body and back, never relinquishing the pace. In the fifth Mack was caught off balance, and the Dixie pugilist whipped out a right to the jaw that bounced the Philadelphian for a count of nine—perhaps the most dramatic punch in the battle. Undaunted, Mack came back to rain punches on Burl.

Lack of training began to tell on Mack after he won the sixth. In the seventh he hung on Burl, who boxed strongly and gingerly to win the last two rounds by a wide margin.

Referee Short gave Burl five of the eight rounds. Diminutive Mack admitted after the fight there was no kick against the decision, expressing a desire for a return go when in better shape. Boos greeted the verdict.

Roddy Davis, in winning from Batsy Lewis, piled up a number of points in the first two rounds with stinging rights. In the opening heat a quick shot sent Lewis down, but he was up in a jiffy. The third saw Lewis a shade the better, and in the fourth the Baltimore belter slugged fiercely to keep Davis on the retreat.

Fifth Sparkling With Action.

Action galore came out in the fifth, with Lewis maintaining his furious pace, pounding out punches to the body in rapid succession, only to have Davis return the fire with clever rights and lefts to the face. The last three rounds went to the District boy handily. He appeared confident, with revenge his aim. In the seventh he drew blood from Lewis' nose, and in the final round, with the crowd roaring vociferously, ripped open his foe's left eye and shellacked him until his face resembled a crimson blotter. Even after the bell the two slugged each other until Referee Short tore them apart.

Victory sent Davis a notch higher in the fistic ladder, and stamps him as a permanent headliner for future cards.

Arthur DeBeve, the one-time French lightweight ruler, weighing 133 pounds, spotted Roy Manley, of Arkansas, 14 pounds, made a game rally in the fifth and sixth, but lost the decision amid a chorus of cat-calls. K. O. Burns, the fiery-thatched Baltimore battler, floored Henry (Popeye) Irving twice in the third, and won by a unanimous decision in six rounds. Sammy Romano, 127, and Jack Cafoni, 122, boxed to a draw in four rounds.

Sazerac Scores Over Mad Frump in Mud

Latonia, Ky., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Mad Frump, which will carry the hopes of C. V. Whitney, Eastern sportsman, in Saturday's renewal of the Latonia Championship, failed to enhance his prestige with regard to that rich stake when he finished among the also rans in the Halloween Purse, today's feature.

The winner turned up in A. B. Letellier's Sazerac, which repeated his recent successful effort, to score a handy victory. Sazerac jumped into an early lead and was never pressed. Brownell Combs' consistent mare, Manta, showed a game performance to take the place portion of the purse, while third money went to Dixiana's Cee Tee, one of the Western candidates for the championship.

Mad Frump, far out of it in the early stages of the mile and 70 yards spin, closed some ground rounding the last turn. He moved into third place at the head of the stretch, but tired in the drive. Apparently the son of Mad Hatter, odds-on choice in the mutuels, did not relish the sloppy footing.

Sazerac's time for the mile and 70 yards was 1:48 1-5. Second choice in the mutuels, the Letellier colt's winning price was $6.10.

B BATTERY BOOKING.

The football team representing B Battery, Sixteenth Field Artillery, is anxious to book a game with a strong 150-pound team for Sunday. The Troopers have the use of the Fort Myer field. Teams interested should call Manager Fitzpatrick at West 2084. Griffith Blue Coals are particularly challenged.

Contest Reveals Fans Know Football.

THE long-held theory that Washington is a poor football town is being exploded sky high by fans of the District of Columbia and suburbs, who to the number of thousands are competing in the football contests conducted by The Post each week.

Last Saturday, on a day when the Nation's expert forecasters took it flush on the chin in the results of the outstanding battles, no less than 23 competitors in The Post's contest selected nine of the winners in the twelve games submitted. In one case, ten winning selections were recorded, but the failure to insert the probable scores cost this entrant first prize of four box seats to the Maryland-Vanderbilt game here on Saturday.

This week's contest concerns twelve of the outstanding battles of next Saturday, listed below, with the winner receiving four box seats to the George Washington-William and Mary game here the night of November 11.

The rules of the contest are extremely simple. Merely clip the games listed below, mark your selections with the probable scores and mail your entry to The Post Football Contest Editor before midnight on Friday. The winners will be announced in Sunday's Post as well as second and third place honors.

Maryland	vs.	Vanderbilt
Catholic U.	vs.	Wake Forest
Georgetown	vs.	West. Va.
Harvard	vs.	Army
New York U.	vs.	Georgia
Fordham	vs.	St. Mary's
Navy	vs.	Columbia
Brown	vs.	Holy Cross
Northwestern	vs.	Ohio State
Wisconsin	vs.	Illinois
Chicago	vs.	Purdue
Pennsylvania	vs.	Pittsburgh

Name .....

Address .....

NOTRE DAME SHAKE-UP EFFECTED

Anderson Wields 'Big Stick,' Demoting Capt. Horst.

By PAUL MICKELSON.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Coach "Hunk" Anderson was a halloween goblin, striking terror in the hearts of his Notre Dame football regulars tonight.

Infuriated because the Ramblers took it on the chin at Pittsburgh Saturday in probably the biggest upset of the season, "Hunk" hauled out the big stick for the first time in his coaching career at Notre Dame and ordered a drastic shakeup.

Capt. Paul Host, the most noted victim of his fury, was demoted from first string end to the second team in favor of Hugh Devore; Nick Lukats was ousted from left half back on the regulars for Mike Koken, and Ben Alexander was replaced at center by "Kitty" Gorman.

"And that's just a start if I don't find what I want," he boomed fiercely to the regulars as they huddled in the gymnasium to escape the rain and darkness, "we've got a lot of good material here and I'm going to find out just who wants to get in there and fight."

Coach Anderson Boiling.

Anderson's threat was more than the usual tongue lashing handed out by football coaches after an unexpected reverse. He was boiling, he figured the Ramblers were two or three touchdowns better than Pitt's Panthers.

All through Notre Dame's point-a-minute rush in its first three games of the season, rumors have been current of dissension within the ranks. Close observers failed to notice anything to lend credence to such rumors. Today, they grew with defeat and with the wielding of the big stick by Coach Anderson.

Notre Dame followers, accustomed to one victory march after another by the large Rambler armies, were stunned by the setback at Pittsburgh—the third defeat for Notre Dame in the last six games, or three out of thirteen played under direction of Coach Anderson.

Naturally, Coach Anderson was in for some criticism for his optimistic utterances, but his supporters blamed the showing at Pittsburgh on the current schedule, which "Hunk" did not arrange. The first three games of the season, it was pointed out, were scheduled by the late Knute Rockne when the Haskell Indians, Drake and Carnegie Tech were regarded as powerful trial horses at the least, but this season, they were mere "push overs" by Notre Dame, a result that gave the first-string regulars only 45 minutes of service under fire.

"We're not alibing at all," Coach Anderson said. "Pitt beat us with a fine team with a great spirit and deserves all the credit the players received. We weren't ready, I guess, but we'll be from now on with some different faces in the regular line-up, too, unless I'm convinced that some of the other regulars can hit the ball."

V. M. I. Gridmen Work For Game With Indians

Lexington, Va., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The V. M. I. cadets worked out lightly here today in preparation for the William and Mary game next Saturday in Norfolk.

The punters and drop kickers were in for quite a bit of drilling at the hands of Coach Raftery, while Hess worked the line on new offensive tactics for the Indians. Law and M. Urick looked good as the running backs, while Capt. Ed Kostainsek was doing some exceptional work in the back field.

Dixie Roberts Is Threat to Maryland

Hero of 1931 Victory to Play Saturday With Vanderbilt.

Old Liners Seeking First Win in Fourth Game of Series.

THE stalwart Volunteers of Vanderbilt, still very much in the running for the Southern Conference title, march into Griffith Stadium Saturday afternoon to meet Maryland University's band of ambitious sophomore in one of the features of the local football year.

Vanderbilt, unbeaten, and tied only by Tulane, comes up to town from Nashville with fire in its eye. Maryland's 1931 iron men threw a real scare into the Vols last year by holding them to 12 to 12 in the first half. Tiring badly in the face of constant Vandy substitutes, Maryland finally gave up the ghost at 39 to 12, a score mainly produced by Dixie Roberts scintillating half back, who scored four touchdowns in the last 30 minutes of play.

Roberts will be on hand again Saturday.

Old Liners Seek First Win of Series.

It is the fourth meeting between the two schools, and Maryland has yet to score a victory. It holds out no particular hope this season, but believes that its assortment of trick plays will worry the bigger and ostensibly better Vanderbilts, who will be making their first apearance in Washington.

Maryland had a light drill yesterday, but beginning this afternoon will hum for the next four days at College Park. With the exception of Earl Widmyer, hurt in the V. M. I. game, the Old Line squad is in unusually good shape. Widmyer's shoulder was examined yesterday and apparently is more badly wrenched than was originally believed.

Maryland-Navy to Play At Annapolis in 1933

Maryland will meet Navy in Annapolis next year, and in Washington the year after, it was learned yesterday. Progressive steps are being taken to increase the caliber of the Maryland schedule. Among next years' games are a meeting with Florida, at Florida, and a reported game with Tulane. Duke will be played in Washington.

With a current crop of sophomore varsity material, Maryland appears to be building for the future. Its current freshman team is one of its strongest in years.

FOOTBALL BRIEFS

ATLANTA, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Virginia Poly's position in the Southern Conference football panorama may be definitely settled in its game with Alabama Saturday at Tuscaloosa, Ala.

The Blacksburg Gobblers are making a spirited bid for their first conference gridiron title and it appears their showing in this game will either enable them to claim a share in the championship or will blast their hopes.

V. P. I. faces Virginia and Virginia Military after Alabama, but the Gobblers look strong enough to win both of these contests with little difficulty. Henry Redd's team already has beaten Georgia, Maryland, Kentucky and Washington and Lee and now ranks with Tennessee, Auburn and Louisiana State among the unbeaten clubs.

Alabama Has Slight Edge.

On a basis of both teams' play against Kentucky, the Alabama Crimsons have a slight edge. V. P. I. beat Kentucky, 7 to 0, and repulsed every Wildcat touchdown threat. Alabama also won by a single touchdown margin, 12 to 7, but allowed Kentucky to score.

However, statistics show Kentucky gained much more ground against V. P. I. than against Alabama and their touchdown followed a recovered fumble deep in Crimson territory.

Alabama did not use its injured full back, John (Hurry) Cain, in the Kentucky game and his return should greatly bolster the Crimsons. Cain's expert kicking may play an important part in the V. P. I. engagement. The Gobblers have no kicker who can match Cain and probably no all-around runner as good.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 31 (U.P.).—Yale's varsity is enjoying a rest from football practice until Wednesday, after their first victory of the season against Dartmouth. Joe Crowley, half back injured Saturday, was slightly improved.

West Point, N. Y., Oct. 31 (U.P.).—Elliot, sub quarter back, and Winn, reserve tackle, are Army's only injured players after the William and Mary game. The Cadets took a light drill today, opening the drive for Harvard on Saturday.

Princeton, N. J., Oct. 31 (U.P.).—Princeton's varsity regulars rested today after the strenuous Michigan encounter, but the reserves went through a stiff 60-minute scrimmage. Charlie Wardell, second-string half back, raced 80 yards for a touchdown, and made a successful drop kick for the extra point.

Chicago, Oct. 31 (U.P.).—With their ego considerably deflated by defeat at the hands of Illinois last week, the Chicago Maroons held a light workout today in the rain. Hugh Mendenhall, Maroon back, who became eligible last week, may replace Vin Sahlin at quarter back against Purdue, Coach Stagg indicated today.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 31 (U.P.).—The Ohio State players who took part in the Wisconsin game were excused from practice today. Carl Cramer, quarter back, and Joe Gailus, guard, nursed injured ankles but will be able to play against Northwestern.

New Coaching Regime Takes Over Reins at Hilltop

Post Staff Photo.

Head Coach Jack Hagerty (center) with his assistants, "Mush" Dubofsky (left) and Charlie Brickman (right), as they assumed control of the Georgetown football squad for the first time yesterday, following the resignation of Tommy Mills.

TECH FACING FINAL TEST TODAY

Central in Night Drill for Series Battle With Old Rival.

By LEWIS F. ATCHISON.

GOADED on by an overwhelming desire to thwart Tech's designs on a fifth consecutive high school football championship, Central's perspiring grid representatives worked until far, far into last night in preparation for the game today between the two teams. Victory for Tech will gain that school the 1932 title.

A bitter rivalry has existed between the schools since their first football game, played back in the dim and distant past—1902, to be exact. Each passing year has witnessed the rivalry grow in leaps in bounds, but with the recent decline of Central's football fortunes, it appears to have reached its zenith.

Today's game marks the thirty-first meeting of the teams. Tech holds the upper hand with fourteen victories, five acquired in the last five tilts. Central was returned the victor eleven times, and five ended in tie scores.

Central Defeated Since 1927.

Not since the halcyon days of 1927 has a Blue eleven outscored the Maroon and Gray. Central's closest approach to victory in the intervening years ended in a 12-to-6 defeat in 1930. Tech left the field at the conclusion of last season's game with a 12-to-0 victory in its possession.

Always one of the outstanding scholastic games of the year, the game has attracted the largest crowds. The record crowd of this season is expected today.

A revamped Central eleven will trot out on the field this afternoon. Grover Cleveland and George King, tried and found wanting in their studies and consequently declared ineligible during the second advisory, may be joined today by Billy Richardson, diminutive half back. Richardson will take a make-up test this morning.

Coach Bert Coggins announced the following line-up at the conclusion of practice yesterday: Joe Lynch and Marty Fisher, ends; Johnny Nicoloupolos and Hank Gibbons, tackles; Jimmy Pistoulos and Frank Koscis, guards; Carroll Shore, center; Don Dunlap, quarter back; Steve Porter and Jim Stewart, half backs, and Bill Bryant, full back.

Koscis has been playing in the backfield all season, but Coggins believes he can use him to greater advantage in the forward wall.

Mentally, Central is fit, and Tech, according to Coach Hardell, is not. Central, realizing it is the underdog, will play inspired football in an effort to achieve the victory. Tech, with decisions over Eastern and Western, both stronger than Central, is confident the sun will set with the title safe for another year.

Star Punters to Clash.

Fans will see the two best punters in high school ranks this year in action today. Gibbons attends to the Central punting, and Stewart Foley does Tech's booting. Those in attendance also should see every trick play at Tech's command, for with no other schools to play, Hardell may turn the team loose.

Central, admittedly weaker than its rival, has been working on unorthodox plays all week in an effort to offset its disadvantage. The team undoubtedly will use a spread play, one of the most deceptive of all, today. A well-planned aerial attack also willl be turned loose on the Maroons.

Tech can match the Mount Pleasanters, play for play, with its lengthy assortment of spinners, half-spinners and double and triple passes. In forward passing it has a city block margin. Max Brinkman, who throws a pigskin as deftly as a carpenter drives nails, is head man in the aerial attack. Brinkman's pass resulted in Eastern's defeat and paved the way for Western's downfall.

Probable starting line-ups follow:

Tech.	Position.	Central.
Melklejohn	L.E.	Lynch
Hawser	L.T.	Gibbons
Fletcher	L.G.	Pistolous
Baxter	Center	Shore
Gramlich	R.G.	Koscis
Harinet	R.T.	Nicolopolos
Colnet	R.E.	Fisher
Foley	Q.B.	Dunlap
Asperti	L.H.	Porter
Pisano	R.H.	Stewart
Weitzman	F.B.	Bryant

Wildcat Telephone System Protested

Press-Box-to-Bench Wire Brings Complaint by Minnesota.

Minneapolis, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Protesting a system of telephone communication between press box and dugout which he said Northwestern employed Saturday, when defeated 7 to 0 by Minnesota, Frank McCormick, Gopher athletic director, said today he would file complaint with Northwestern University athletic authorities.

McCormick said two Northwestern observers from the vantage point of the press box, communicated every important detail of play, including a careful analysis of Gopher weaknesses, to the Wildcat coaching bench.

At Evanston, Ill., Coach Dick Hanley, of Northwestern, said the communication system had been in use there for years and that he could see "nothing unethical about it." He said its principal value was to "get a better idea of the physical fitness of our players." He said he was quite certain other members of the Big Ten employ the same telephone system.

C. U. TO MEET HEAVY FOE SATURDAY

Wake Forest Boasts Many Giants; Noted for Defense.

ONE of the South's leading defensive teams, against whom only 9 points have been scored this year, is Catholic University's next football test. Wake Forest College, which meets the Cardinals Saturday at Brookland Stadium, has lost only to Duke, by a 9-0 score, and has held North Carolina U. and North Carolina State to scoreless ties, besides beating South Carolina and Delaware, both by a single touchdown.

Strictly a defensive team, the squad which plays C. U. Saturday is tall, hefty and of the general mountaineer type. Rube Chetty, 210-pound tackle, is 6 feet 5 inches tall. Don Swing, end, is 6-feet-4 and Jumbo Swan, 220-pound tackle, is 6-feet-2. Swan also punts. In all, 18 out of the 30 men on the team are 6 feet or better.

Fraatz Will Return To Game Saturday.

C. U. staged a light workout yesterday, the most promising note of which was the fact that the hip injury suffered by Vinny Fraatz, end, in the Holy Cross game proved not as serious as was thought, and he will be back in the game Saturday.

The work of Bingo Flynn, big reserve tackle, in the Holy Cross game last Saturday, has won him a place on the first team. The remainder of the team will remain about the same. As a whole, they came out of the Holy Cross test in good condition.

Nats Return to Biloxi As Spring Training Base

President Clark C. Griffith of the Washington Ball Club yesterday announced that the Nationals will return to Biloxi, Miss., for spring training. In making known his decision to retain the Biloxi camp, Griffith said he believed the team would progress more rapidly at the Mississippi town than at a Florida training base.

Orlando and Clearwater, both in Florida, had been seriously considered as new locations by the Nats' owner. It was generally thought that one of the two towns would be selected.

Washington has started well in the league race each of the three years it has trained at the little town situated on the edge of the gulf.

WINS FLYWEIGHT TITLE.

Manchester, England, Oct. 31 (U.P.).—Jackie Brown, of Manchester, wrested the world's flyweight championship from Young Perez, of France, tonight at Belle Vue Arena by scoring a technical knockout over the titleholder in the thirteenth round of their scheduled fifteen-round bout.

PITT'S GAME WITH PENN FEATURE

Army-Harvard Battle Also on Eastern Card Saturday.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—America's football leaders will buckle down to the serious business of winning sectional championships Saturday, relegating intersectional warfare temporarily to the background.

Topping the Eastern card is the head-on collision between unbeaten teams of Pittsburgh and Pennsylvania. Jock Sutherland's Pitt Panthers, who scored the season's biggest upset Saturday by beating Notre Dame, naturally are heavy favorites over the Quakers, whose outstanding accomplishments are victories over Navy and Dartmouth.

Brown, conqueror of Harvard, stakes its perfect record against unbeaten Holy Cross; the powerful, unbeaten Columbia eleven should have little difficulty in sending another torpedo into Navy's sinking ship, and the West Point Cadets are favored to execute John Harvard.

Another "Breather" For Colgate.

Colgate, one of the strongest Eastern teams, has another "breather" in Mississippi College in an intersectional affair, and in similar contests, St. Mary's undefeated aggregation from California should remove the horns from Fordham's staggering ram; Syracuse with its seven sophomores is a slight favorite over Oglethorpe, and Temple stakes its perfect record against Haskell Friday night.

In the Midwest, Michigan and Purdue, Big Ten Conference leaders, are favorites—the Wolverines to beat Indiana, and the Boiler Makers to trounce Chicago. Illinois' varsity, on the come-back trail, will give Wisconsin a tussle, and Ohio State is a slight favorite over Northwestern. In three intersectional encounters, Minnesota tackles Mississippi, Iowa plays Nebraska, and Notre Dame tries a comeback against Kansas.

Down in Dixie, the Virginia Poly brawl with Alabama tops the Southern Conference list. V. P. I., a conference leader, should have little difficulty in riding the Crimson Tide. Other conference matches pair Mississippi State and Tennessee, North Carolina and Florida, Kentucky and Duke. Auburn, a leader, has an easy nonconference opponent in Spring Hill, at Montgomery, Ala., Friday night.

Trojans Battle California.

Southern California, coleader of the Pacific Coast Conference, should have a waltz with faltering California, while the other leader, U. C. L. A., conqueror of Stanford, has an open date. In other conference games, Stanford tackles Washington, and Oregon takes on Oregon State.

Oklahoma, coleader of the Big Six, has an easy opponent in Missouri. Kansas State should trounce Iowa State, while Nebraska, coleader and defending champion, has the edge over Iowa in a nonconference clash.

Six of the seven teams in the southwest conference tangle in three shindigs Saturday. Texas, coleader, should beat Baylor, while Texas A. & M. is expected to trounce Southern Methodist. The Rice Owls should fly away with Arkansas. Texas Christian, the other leader has a vacation match against the nonconference team of Simmons University at Abilene, Friday night.

SAMPSON K. O. WINNER.

New York, Oct. 31 (U.P.).—Marty Sampson, New York middleweight, scored a technical knockout over Neil Kilbane, of California tonight in the sixth round of their scheduled eight-round main event at the Coliseum. Sampson weighed 159 pounds and Kilbane 158½.

In the eight-round semifinal Eddie Brink, 134, Scranton, Pa., and Benny Whitler, 130½, Baltimore, battled to a draw.

FOOTBALL
GEO. WASHINGTON U.
vs. NORTH DAKOTA STATE
FRIDAY NIGHT, Griffith Stadium.
8 o'Clock.
Gen. Admission, 50c and 75c; reserved seats, $1, plus tax. Tickets at Stadium, Spalding's and French's.

Little's Style Of Play Due At Hilltop

New Coach Provides Team With 10 Plays for W. Va. Game.

Linemen to Abandon Upright Positions for Low Charges.

By BOB CONSIDINE.

JACK HAGERTY came in and the Notre Dame system went out simultaneously yesterday at Georgetown University. The former Georgetown and New York Giants star quarter back, who supplanted Coach Tommy Mills Sunday, arrived yesterday with the new line coach, "Mush" Dubofsky, and his first act in office was to oust the most highly publicized system in football, and one which Georgetown has been using since the beginning of Mills' 2½-year regime.

Georgetown, starting Saturday against West Virginia, at Morgantown, and until further notice, will again embrace the style of play conveniently known as the Warner system, which stresses power instead of shiftiness and which reached its highest expression under Lou Little, from 1925 to 1929. The system, whose origin is lost in football antiquity, first came to Georgetown in 1912.

Hagerty Confesses Nervousness.

Hagerty confessed early yesterday afternoon, as he was about to take charge of a team he had never seen, that he was as nervous as if he were going in a game himself, but there was no indecision in his manner or tones as he issued fundamental "power" plays and outlined the new duties of the players for the remainder of the season. Then followed an extensive skull practice, to acquaint the players with the new methods and different signals, and near dark three Hoya teams raced out on the field and ran through light plays with what looked like, in the fading light, alacrity.

Hagerty, a determined looking man of 29, in great physical shape, expressed keen confidence in the system of football Lou Little taught him and which he found later, with slight variations, in the New York Giants back field. The new system lays a great deal of stress on the line and employs big, low-charging line men. They get down on all fours. This was

Continued on Page 14, Column 7.

WE'RE 21
LAST DAY!
Our Twenty-first Anniversary Sale ends today at 6
Last Day!
$31 to $35 SUITS
Topcoats
Tuxedos
$23.75
Last Day!
$5 Raleigh HATS
$2.85
Last Day!
Raleigh "8" SHOES
$4.95
Last Day!
$2.50 to $3.50 SHIRTS
$1.69
• Charge
• Accounts
• Invited
RALEIGH HABERDASHER
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REPAID BEATS KERRY PATCH IN OPENING PIMLICO FEATURE

Favorite Wins Despite Jam At Turn

Comes From Behind to Conquer Belmont Futurity Winner.

Microphone, at 10-1, Beats Pair by Pair by Nose in Sprint.

By WALTER HAIGHT,
(Post Staff Correspondent).

PIMLICO RACE TRACK, Md., Oct. 31.—Horse racing returned to historic Pimlico today under the auspices of the Maryland Jockey Club and for the cause of charity. Some 10,000 turned out for the Welfare Day program, which was featured by the Pikeville Purse, a test at a mile and 70 yards, and the race drew a field of six 2-year-olds, five of which are eligible for the $40,000 added Pimlico Futurity to be contested here on Saturday.

The purse went to Repaid, the Quincy Stable's Junior Championship winner at Aqueduct. It was a return to competition for the juvenile ace and he triumphed impressively. Repaid was forced to overcome bad racing luck to take the measure of Kerry Patch, winner of the Belmont Futurity, by a neck margin. Third money went to Adolphe Pon's Projectile, which was beaten by some six lengths.

Repaid Chief Sufferer In First Turn Jam.

The group was away in good fashion, but a jam resulted at the first turn, and Repaid was the chief sufferer, being knocked out of stride as Kerry Patch took the lead, followed by Fingal. Walls, on Repaid, quickly swung his charge back into motion and moved up behind the pace. The favorite was picking up ground entering the stretch and when Fingal quit the chase of Kerry Patch Repaid went after the leader. Walls went to the whip, and Repaid took a slight lead over Kerry Patch, and the pair fought it out in a brilliant stretch duel. Projectile came through with a closing rush to take the show end of the purse.

Repaid ran the distance in 1:44 2-5 with 123 pounds up and paid a $3.60 mutuel.

Kate, ridden by Meade, accounted for the first race in smooth fashion, leading Rock Point, with Hanford up, and Idle Stefan, in charge of Workman, to the wire. Kate had a margin of 1½ lengths over Rock Point at the finish. The winner rewarded with a $7.10 mutuel.

Move Faster, making his second start, proved worthy of the play that made him an odds-on favorite. Callahan rode Mose Lowenstein's gelding home ahead of ten other maidens in the second race. Blondish was second and Revelation, a long shot, was third. Move Faster had a length advantage at the finish, while Blondish took the place easily.

Dominick Bellizzi, who rode eighteen winners at Empire City before returning to Maryland, gave the local patrons a sample of his best riding in the third race. He brought We Dun It, shipped from New York recently, home to a thrilling nose decision over Quorum, with Hacky H. a half-length behind the front pair. This trio raced closely from the start, and Bellizzi went to his whip in the stretch to pound out the victory.

Microphone Wins By Nose Margin.

Microphone, which failed to make the grade at Laurel, found this track more to his liking and showed a keen performance to defeat a small but smart field in the fifth race, a handicap over the 6 furlong course. It was another nose verdict with the Sage Stable's colt, a 10 to 1 shot, defeating Fairbypair with Flagstone third, one and one-half lengths away. Fairbypair raced the speedy Finite into defeat and gave a game but futile exhibition when Microphone challenged.

Thursday wo. the sixth, staying behind the fast pace set by Bill Nora to take the lead at the stretch turn and draw away at the finish.

SPORTSMAN'S PARK RESULTS

(Associated Press.)

FIRST—Six and one-half furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.
Hazel Denson, 105 (Wilson) 15.36 6.84 5.94
Chattahoochee, 105 (Wilhoit) 11.20 7.24
Flying Heels II, 101 (Taylor) 34.08
La Compere, Omnia, Infinitus, Shasta, Mint, Helen Virginia, Balzar and Mill Hand also ran. Time, 1:27.

SECOND—Six and one-half furlongs; purse, $500; special weights; for maiden 2-year-olds.
Spot Pot, 109 (Cowley) 21.12 8.36 5.50
Prince Pebbles, 112 (E Gross) 61.30 20.90
Red Fellow, 112 (Zucchini) 8.14
Terry Rose, Eatemup, First Regiment, Ruley Lee, Battling Girl, Maryeary and Upon also ran. Time, 1:26.

THIRD—Five furlongs (chute); purse, $600; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.
Infinity, 109 (Arcaro) 4.52 3.66 3.10
Forget Not, 114 (R. Jones) 4.62 3.72
Charm, 107 (D. Smith) 3.78
Al J. West Park, Siberia, Don Worthington, Hard Rock, Gerardi, Peace Lady also ran. Time, 1:04.

FOURTH—Six and one-half furlongs; purse, $700; allowances; for 3-year-olds and upward.
Predict, 116 (McLaren) 5.96 3.54 2.82
Switch, 116 (L. Jones) 3.68 3.22
Piecemeal, 110 (Zucchini) 4.34
Abstain, Morvich Niece, Mildred Watkins, Plucky Girl, Satin Princess and Miss Avondale also ran. Time, 1:24 4-5.

FIFTH—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.
Pigeon Hole, 108 (King) 2.98 3.08 3.00
Outbound, 108 (Chinn) 6.30 4.02
Durva, 111 (J. Neel) 3.04
The Show Off, Tryandagain, Inferno Lad and Jim Ormont also ran. Time, 1:48.

SIXTH—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; for 2-year-olds.
Joe Macaw, 101 (Cowley) 26.54 11.52 6.12
Paul T., 112 (Boganowski) 5.16 3.62
Flirting, 106 (Arcaro) 3.38
Mlo. Cut Price, Miss Sparkling, Column Right, Lillian Z., Sandboot and North Shadow also ran. Time, 1:51.

SEVENTH—One and one-eighth miles; purse., $500; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.
Chief's Challenger, 106 (Arcaro) 6.34 4.12 2.64
Harum Scarum, 107 (Chinn) 5.16 3.64
Curtsey, 108 (Kellum) 3.76
Last Hour, Nonenicer, Scandal Sheet, La Golondrina, Bearcery and Zenonian also ran. Time, 2:01 2-5.

RAW BAR NOW OPEN
The Same Excellent Food! The Same Unexcelled Service!
HAMMEL'S
Buffet and Restaurant
We're Featuring Cherrystone and Little Neck Clams; Chincoteague Oysters
(½ Doz. 25c)
416 10th St. N.W.

AT THE POST

with Bill Bennings

DEAR AL: PIMLICO RACE TRACK.

Pimlico's stewards proved quick on the draw yesterday and two jockeys bit the dust. R. Wholey and H. Louman will have to sneak in if they expect to see any races during the meeting. Both were detected rough riding. Coucci was pardoned at Laurel, but these ordinary riders probably will have to take the full dose of their medicine.

My Hilltop debut was marked by three winners—Move Faster, We Dun It and Thursday. Microphone ran his race yesterday and at a $22 mutuel. Those cutings at Laurel fooled a lot of people, including your selector. BILL.

FIRST RACE—DANIEL SOOT turned in a fine effort over the jumps at Laurel behind Barometer and Redbridge and then picked up 15 pounds to run third to Naylor. Gets 8 pounds off that last effort and will be a dangerous horse today. LORD JOHNSON and LOUIS D'OR appear the best of the others. The last named is far down the list and hardly will see action.

SECOND RACE—CHATTERFOL was traveling twice as fast as Sky Haven at the finish of his Laurel race although forced to lose by a nose decision. This colt had to overcome a lot of bad luck after being placed on the outside. Watch him today. WAR GLORY can not be put worse than second, although METAURUS is long overdue to move out of the maiden ranks. This one may be another Gala Time.

THIRD RACE—I may or may not know something but I honestly believe SEA FOX is ready. The clockers like him. Possibly the tipping that drove his odds down in two starts this fall has delayed his return to form. Can't guarantee that this is his day to run, however. FRIGATE BIRD comes down from New York after a smart winning effort. Mud would help CAMP PRINCE.

FOURTH RACE—ESPINETTA was primed for a killing the last time, but swivered in the stretch after running in the heaviest going next to the rail. However, it was a good effort, and I can't find a Flamborough in here to beat her, as was the case at Laurel. GRACE R. must be given consideration on that last. TREMENDOUS for the show.

FIFTH RACE—I can't believe that last of GLASTONBURY. Putting him right on top, where I believe he belongs. CON AMORE is in top shape and should take care of the place ahead of KHORASAN.

SIXTH RACE—FLAMING MAMIE handled a field of slightly less caliber in neat fashion the last time out, and if she can be depended upon to run to best form today, she will take this purse. WOODCRAFT has been sprinting into condition and may crack down. MY FERGUS is due to wake up soon.

SEVENTH RACE—NIGHT PATROL is a busy fellow and fairly dependable. Seems to have the edge on SUNVIR and TOTEM. SCOTT FREE is being conditioned for a murder. I'm warning you.

Pimlico Race Chart

Special to The Washington Post

Monday, October 31, 1932.

WEATHER, CLOUDY. TRACK, FAST.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $700; claiming. For 2-year-olds. Start good from gates. Won handily; place, driving. Went to post at 1:05. Off at 1:08½. Winner, P. M. Walker's ch. f. (2), by Westwick—Thamar. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 0:23 2-5, 0:47 3-5, 1:12 4-5.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
KATE	112	1	1	1½	1½	1½	1	Meade	†12.55
ROCK POINT	112	5	3	3½	3½	2½	Hanford	11.65	
IDLE STEFAN	115	2	2	2½	2½	2½	3d	Workman	1.55
EN PASSANT	112	9	10	8½	5½	4½	4½	Bellizzi	*15.65
PRIMER	112	7	4	4½	5½	5½	5½	Gilbert	†
RENOUNCE	108	3	8	6d	6d	6d	6d	Callahan	270.70
BETTY WISE	112	8	5	5½	7d	7d	7½	Quattlebaum	6.95
CHANGEABLE	101	4	9	10d	10d	8d	8½	Flynn	†
CORVINE	106	6	11	11	11	9½	9d	Lewis	119.55
SCOTCH SOLDIER	109	11	7	7h	9h	10d	10d	Schaefer	40.70
CENTER LANE	114	10	6	9d	8d	11	11	Snider	11.10

*Field. †P. M. Walker-Sage Stable entry.
Two-dollar mutuels paid—KATE (entry), $7.10, $3.10, $2 40; ROCK POINT, $8.20, $4.40; IDLE STEFAN, $2.90.

KATE, having the most speed and hurried to the front, shook off repeated efforts from IDLE STEFAN in the first five furlongs and had something in reserve for the final drive. ROCK POINT, prominent throughout, responded to urging when called on and closed with good speed. IDLE STEFAN, kept close up early, and stoutly ridden, awakened steadily in the final drive. EN PASSANT, slow to get going, finished gamely. PRIMER and RENOUNCE were unable to threaten the leaders. PRETTY WISE had no excuses.

SECOND RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $700. For maiden 3-year-olds Start good from gates. Won driving; place, easily. Went to post at 1:37. Off at 1:46. Winner, M. Lowenstein's b. g. (3), by Whiskalons—Kindred. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 0:24, 0:49 2-5, 1:14 3-5, 1:41, 1:47 4-5.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
MOVE FASTER	112	3	2	1h	1½	11	11	1d	Callahan	$0.55
BLONDISH	112	2	1	2½	3½	4½	2d	2d	Hanford	7.95
REVELATION	115	9	10	9½	8½	6d	4d	3h	Walls	79.95
EPIDAWN	115	7	6	5d	4d	3h	3½	4d	Gilbert	9.15
FLOOR WALKER	115	4	8	3d	2h	2nk	5½	5d	Mills	19.00
SIR KENDAL	115	11	11	10d	6d	5h	6d	6d	Jones	10.95
DONYA	112	8	4	4d	5d	7d	7d	7d	Louman	170.00
MCDONALD H	115	5	5	7½	9d	8d	8½	8d	Rejshak	*149.80
TODINA	112	10	7	6½	7h	8d	9d	9d	Cruz	
TORONTO	115	6	9	8½	10d	10nk	10d	10d	Eames	571.10
HOME SHORE	115	1	3	11	11	11	11	11	Garner	20.25

Two-dollar mutuels paid—MOVE FASTER, $3.10, $2.50, $2.50; BLONDISH, $5 30, $3.20; REVELATION, $11.90.

MOVE FASTER, recovering quickly after stumbling at the break, was sent into a brief lead when straightened into the back stretch, resisted strong contention from BLONDISH and FLOOR WALKER, and then continued stoutly under vigorous pressure in the final drive. BLONDISH, being kept next to the rail, responded readily for the closing drive, but could not threaten the winner. REVELATION improved his position readily, came through on the inside during the stretch run and outfinished EPIDAWN. Latter went well placed, but lost ground entering the home stretch. FLOOR WALKER moved up threateningly on the outside when leaving the back stretch, but faltered thereafter. SIR KENDAL broke slowly and was outrun. HOME SHORE was badly blocked going to the first turn.

THIRD RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $700; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start poor from gates. Won driving; place, same. Went to post 2:18½. Off at 2:18½. Winner, H. B. Stable's ch. c. (3), by Dublin—Salvation. Trained by H. Jacobs. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 0:23 3-5, 0:48, 1:13 3-5, 1:40, 1:46 4-5.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
WE DUN IT	115	12	5	2½	2h	1d	1d	1nk	Bellizzi	$1.15
QUORUM	115	8	8	1d	1d	1½	2½	2d	Todd	4.40
HACKY H	115	1	2	3d	3d	3½	3h	3d	Quattlebaum	52.25
SOUTHCO	108	6	6	9d	7h	6½	6d	4½	Hanford	12.10
ZONE	115	5	4	4½	4d	4½	4d	5d	Garner	13.45
SKIRT	114	9	2	6½	5½	5d	5d	6d	Gilbert	14.10
WRACK ROYAL	115	3	11	11½	11d	10d	9½	7d	Watson	*15.80
MING SUN	113	11	10	10d	10d	8h	7½	8d	Laurin	16.30
JUSTA PEAK	115	10	9	8d	8d	7d	9d	9½	Elston	*
THE TOUT	115	4	12	12	12	12	12	10½	Snider	*
GRAND ROX	110	7	7	7½	9d	11½	11d	11d	Callahan	49.40
FAIRDALE	115	10	8	5h	6h	9d	10d	12	Workman	26.95

*Field.
Two-dollar mutuels paid—WE DUN IT, $4 30, $3.00, $2.90; QUORUM, $4.00, $3 50; HACKY H., $14.00.

WE DUN IT, rated close to QUORUM, was placed to punishment when taking command straightening into the home stretch and, strongly ridden nearing the finish, just lasted long enough to outlay QUORUM. Latter sent into a short lead while saving ground, continued stoutly when displaced and, coming again right at the end, would have been winner in a few more strides. HACKY H., in the thick of contention, and securing racing room on the inside of the first two, gained fast at the end. SOUTHCO worked his way up on the outside and closed with good courage. ZONE, under urging from the start, was unable to reach the pacemakers. SKIRT was interfered with at the break. He raced well. MING SUN showed a dull effort. WRACK ROYAL had no chance to break when THE TOUT wheeled in front of him at the break and both were practically left.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and seventy yards. Purse, $700; allowances. The Pikesville. For 2-year-olds. Start good from gates. Won driving; place, easily. Went to post at 2:51. Off at 2:56½. Winner, Quincy Stable's ch. c. (2), by Kai-Sang—Granny. Trained by E. O'Neian. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 0:23 3-5, 0:48, 1:13 1-5, 1:39 2-5, 1:44 2-5.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
REPAID	123	2	2	3h	4d	4½	1nk	1nk	Walls	$0.80
KERRY PATCH	123	4	1	1nk	1nk	1½	2h	2nk	Wholey	7.20
PROJECTILE	123	6	6	4½	3h	4d	3h	3½	Beishak	8.05
FINGAL	114	5	5	2½	2h	2½	4d	4d	Meade	4.25
FRENCH KNIGHT	110	3	3	6	6	6	5½	5½	Martin	20.15
SABULA	109	1	4	5½	5d	5d	6	6	Hanford	32.10

Two-dollar mutuels paid—REPAID, $3.60, $2.70, $2.30; KERRY PATCH, $5.00, $4 30; PROJECTILE, $3.50.

REPAID, knocked off his stride at the first turn and, recovering quickly, was forced to be kept under severe urging to hold a forward position, secured racing room on the inside of FINGAL when reaching KERRY PATCH and, withstanding a stout drive willingly, was up in the final furlong. KERRY PATCH had good speed while setting the pace, was unable to stall off the winner. PROJECTILE, racing on the outside and well placed, held on resolutely for the final drive. FINGAL forced a steady early pace, but weakened during the stretch run. FRENCH KNIGHT was in the bad jam with REPAID at the first turn, and never was dangerous thereafter. SABULA was persevered with when beaten.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $700. The Equality Handicap. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good from gates. Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 3:26. Off at 3:28½. Winner, Sage Stable's br. or b. c. (3), by Flying Ebony—Broadcast. Trained by P. M. Walker. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 0:23, 0:46 3-5, 1:11, 1:15 1-5.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
MICROPHONE	113	7	4	3½	3½	2½	1½	1d	Gilbert	$17.40
FAIRBYPAIR	117	1	2	1h	1nk	1½	2½	2½	Steffen	2.60
FLAGSTONE	108	4	6	6d	5h	4d	3d	3h	Jones	3.55
FINITE	105	5	1	2½	2h	3h	4d	4½	Workman	3.10
FORTUNE TE YOUTH	105	2	5	4½	4½	5½	5d	5d	Todd	16.45
HALCYON	115	3	7	7	7	7	6d	6d	Workman	5.20
CHESTNUT OAK	115	6	3	5½	6d	7	7	7	Snider	118.80

Two-dollar mutuels paid—MICROPHONE, $22.60, $8.50, $5.60; FAIRBYPAIR, $4.00, $2 FLAGSTONE, $3.40.

MICROPHONE, tired hard and following the pacemakers closely, came determinedly on the outside when placed to punishment and, in a game finish, was up in the final twenty yards. FAIRBYPAIR raced FINITE into defeat in the first five furlongs, saved ground and held on with excellent courage when the real test came. FLAGSTONE, forced to secure racing room on the outside, made up ground rapidly in the final half mile. FINITE had his usual early speed, but tired after five furlongs. FORTUNATE YOUTH, ridden vigorously to keep within striking distance of the leaders, was not good enough. HALCYON had no speed at any stage to reach a contending position. He can do better. CHESTNUT OAK was done early.

SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $700; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good from gates. Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 3:55. Off at 3:56½. Winner, S. L. Burch's br. g. (3), by Mars—Pretty Day. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $25. Time, 0:24 2-5, 0:49 2-5, 1:14 2-5, 1:40 3-5, 1:47 3-5.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
THURSDAY	110	4	6	2½	2½	1½	1½	1½	Hanford	1.60
BUCK HERO	107	1	3	7h	7½	6½	3½	2½	Studley	19.75
MARTEAU	107	12	7	4½	3½	2½	2½	3½	Bellizzi	3.50
ZONE	102	10	9	8d	6d	5d	4d	4d	Flynn	27.35
GLENBURNIE	107	7	4	8½	8h	10d	6d	5d	Gilbert	4.60
INDIAN WITCH	112	2	2	3h	5d	5d	5½	6nk	Baligrette	30.50
CURTAIN CALL	107	3	5	9h	9½	8nk	7nk	7d	Fowler	12.55
SPUNKY	112	11	10	10d	10d	7d	8d	8d	Luther	149.30
SINGLE A	108	9	8	6½	6d	9d	10d	9nk	Wisner	*14.10
PRINCE T	107	5	11	11d	11½	11½	11½	10d	Paradise	105.70
BILLNORA	110	6	1	1d	1nk	2½	9½	11d	Meade	*
FIX IT	107	8	12	12	12	12	12	12	Todd	*

*Field.
Two-dollar mutuels paid—THURSDAY, $5.20, $3.90, $2.90; BUCK HERO, $12.70, $8.50; MARTEAU, $3.50.

THURSDAY, sent into the thick of contention, moved up fast to displace BILLNORA, drew clear and finished with speed in reserve. BUCK HERO, outrun early, improved his speed after the first six furlongs and finished stoutly. MARTEAU, kept in the first division from the start, hung during the last half mile. FIPE raced well placed and had no excuses. GLENBURNIE was never a serious factor. INDIAN WITCH weakened steadily. BILLNORA stopped fast after six furlongs. PRINCE T and FIX IT refused to break with their field and were away very slowly.

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $700; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good from gates. Won easily; place, same. Went to post at 4:25. Off at 4:29. Winner, J. W. Y. Martin's b. or br. g. (3), by Wrack—Fiducia. Trained by A. Hutchins. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 0:24 1-5, 0:49, 1:14 3-5, 1:40 2-5, 1:47.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
WORTHINGTON	113	5	2	1½	1½	1d	1d	1d	Todd	$6.15
ARUNDEL	115	1	1	4d	4d	3d	2d	2d	Renick	16.10
VANDAL	112	3	4	2½	3h	2h	3d	3d	Remillard	4.20
MAINSHEET	115	7	8	7½	6nk	5h	4½	4d	Workman	3.00
MARGARET MC	109	4	7	6½	5d	6½	5d	5nk	Cruz	1.65
LUCKY CHINA	107	2	6	8	7d	7d	6d	6d	Erwin	269.80
SUBLEVADO	115	6	3	2½	2h	2h	2h	7d	Glorioso	67.10
WORLDLY WISE	107	8	5	5h	8	8	8	8	Meade	42.50

Two-dollar mutuels paid—WORTHINGTON, $14 30, $6.20, $4.30; ARUNDEL, $20.00, $10.10; VANDAL, $4 20.

WORTHINGTON, going in his best form, went into an easy lead at once, drew clear midway of the back stretch and was never menaced thereafter. ARUNDEL, forwardly placed, responded readily for the closing drive, but could not threaten the winner. VANDAL, kept under pressure all the way, held on well. MAINSHEET, forced to take a wide course when moving up, closed gamely. MARGARET MC. was never a serious factor. SUBLEVADO tired badly.

BOWEN TOPS ROCK CREEK GOLFERS

74 Leads Qualifiers; Mrs. Beller Wins Women's Cup.

ROBERT W. BOWEN, negotiating two nines in 36—38—74, paced a field of 50 golfers in the eighteen-hole qualifying round of the turkey tournament which the Rock Creek Golf Club is sponsoring this week. Bowen outdistanced his nearest opponent, Jack Downey, by three strokes.

F. C. Wimsatt, West Potomac champion, breezed home with a 79 to tie A. Underwood for third place. Nick Altrock, popular Washington Baseball Club comedian, posted a 39—42 for an 81. George Marlow, holder of the course record, came in with a disappointing 91.

The remainder of the entries, unable to participate yesterday, will play their medal round today. Match play in several flights will commence tomorrow, with turkeys to be awarded the winners in each division.

Results:

Robert W. Bowen, 36, 38—74; Morris Gerhenson, 47—94; J. C. McGrew, 47, 45—92; M. H. Christie, 45, 47—92; C. J. Williams, 40, 45—85; Nick Altrock, 39, 42—81; J. R. Emeigh, 40, 42—82; W. E. Johnson, 43, 46—89; I. B. Toombs, 54, 50—104; W. W. Hubbard, 44, 52—96; Martin Bray, 40, 43—82; W. G. Forrest, 43, 49—92; A. J. Martineau, 49, 48—97; Jeff Rhodes, 43, 47—90; Paul Heston, 40, 43—83; Harry Shalin, 50, 59—109; W. M. Taylor, 56, 56—112; P. C. Rayburn, 46, 44—90; Thomas W. Cain, 44, 40—84; Eddie Ault, 45, 45—90; R. F. Bowman, 54, 52—102; George Marlow, 47, 44—91; E. M. Dean, 47, 48—95; C. J. Davis, 52, 50—102; J. L. Aston, 47, 45—91; C. T. Holley, 50, 47—97; F. C. Wimsatt, 37, 42 —79; A. Johnson, 52, 54—106; E. Allen, 41, 47—88; Duncan H. Brooks, 44, 42—86; J. E. Trueworthy, 47, 42—89; Jack Rubin, 52, 60—112; J. A. Peak, 48, 45—93; Charles Fiero, 45, 46—91; Walter J. Griggs, 43, 46—89; John L. Malone, 45, 45—90; Mrs. Nick Altrock, 52, 48—100; Mrs. Jester, 47, 49—96; Arthur Carroll, 43, 49—92; L. E. McClung, 52, 54—106; S. W. Fowlkes, 46, 43—89; A. Underwood, 47, 39—79; Jack Downey, 41, 36—77; Miss E. L. Garber, 48, 51—99; C. A. Bruce, 47, 48—95; A. M. Grunnelle, 48, 50—98.

Mrs. Beller Leads Women.

Mrs. J. W. Beller, Columbia Country Club golf chairman, carded a low gross of 91, and had a handicap of 7, to carry off top honors with an 84 in the 18-hole tournament staged yesterday at Chevy Chase in compliment to officers and committee members of the District of Columbia Women's Golf Association by Mrs. Frank R. Keefer, president.

Mrs. Beller was awarded a handsome silver plate, the gift of Mrs. Keefer. It will be contested for annually. Mrs. Y. E. Booker, of Chevy Chase, emerged second with a 99—10—89. Twenty-three women competed, scores being high due to the high wind blowing over the course.

Following the tournament, the executive committee of the association met and elected a nominating committee, which will present the name of the next president at the annual association meeting December 8 at Chevy Chase. Those named on the committee are Mrs. John S. Upham, of Army War College; Mrs. W. F. Holtzman, club champion, from Army and Navy; Mrs. R. Carr. Mitchell, of Beaver Dam; Mrs. Frank R. Keefer, of Chevy Chase, and Mrs. Hubbert Quinter, of Columbia.

In addition to Mrs. Keefer, other officers of the association are Mrs. J. F. Gross, of Indian Spring, and Mrs. W. F. Holtzman, first and second vice president, respectively; Miss Elizabeth C. Harris, of Kenwood, secretary, and Mrs. Alma Von Steinner of Congressional, treasurer.

A number of local golf professionals and amateurs tested their shots over the Kenwood course yesterday in preparation for the $2,500 National Capital open November 12 and 13.

Among those playing were Leo Walpert, George Diffenbaugh, Dr. Larry Otell, Al Treder, Mel Shorey, John Shorey, Walter and Gilbert Cunningham and Al Houghton.

The executive committee of the National Capital open will stage a banquet at the clubhouse tomorrow night, with Middle Atlantic sports writers as its guests. Definite plans for the tournament will be announced.

The Morning Line.

RACING SELECTIONS

LATONIA.
(For sloppy track)

1—Hamilton, Town Limit, Justina.
2—Curly Head, Sym. Jack, Gambado.
3—Abe Furst, Balderdash, Hamburger Jim.
4—Fizuriste, Helen Bab, Olive Sabath.
5—Muslet, Little Connelly, Bettina H.
6—Duellist, Dr. Parrish, Star Play.
7—Anita Ormont, Princess Donna, Sabina H.
8—Roxie Weidel, Pretty Penny, Transmit.
Best bet—Muslet.
—Louisville Times (A.P.).

PIMLICO ENTRIES.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST RACE—Two miles; purse, $1,500; the Wicomico Steeplechase; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1	Afloat	130	11	†Brash	133
2	†Janedith B.	141	12	†Daniel Scot	142
3	Forbis	157	13	†Some Hero	123
4	Foray	133	14	†Miss Henrietta	141
5	Lord Johnson	149	15	†San Miguel	142
6	†‡Melita	144	16	Berrydon Flash	149
7	†Aries	140	17	Kings Pier	157
8	Quick March	149	18	†‡Louis D'Or	152
9	Light Plume	154	19	Oesel	154
10	Reverence	149	20	Degas	154

‡5 lbs. claimed for rider.
7 lbs. claimed.
†10 lbs. claimed.
‡F. A. Upshur Smith and Mrs. C. C. Rumsey and W. B. Street entry.
†R. B. Young and F. A. Clark entry.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; the Questionnaire; for 2-year-old maidens.

1	Morocen	117	10	Lezev	114
2	Polly F.	114	11	†By Law	114
3	Pomposity	117	12	Canon Law	117
4	Shapfell	117	13	Vote	117
5	Metaurus	117	14	Lady Legend	114
6	First One	117	15	Fluffy Lee	114
7	Cannoneer	117	16	Rock Coventry	117
8	Chatterfol	117	17	Flitterlight	114
9	War Glory	117	18	†High Mist	114

†Gilbert Herkness and Howard Bruce entry.

THIRD RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $1,000; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1	Camp Prince	116	5	Frigate Bird	115
2	Rubio	118	8	Blimp	113
3	Sea Fox	113	7	Devout	110
4	Pancader	111	8	All Rowes	105

FOURTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $1,000; for 2-year-olds.

1	Walter H.	110	10	*Espinetta	110
2	Tremendous	105	11	Fair Crest	102
3	Fairly Wild	106	12	Axenlad	102
4	Wahoo	105	13	Canterwood	110
5	Grace R.	111	14	*Absolute	109
6	Louch Fort	111	15	White Thorn	111
7	Post Brigade	105	16	Marlow	107
8	Bollee	118	17	Sir Gareth	110
9	Sweet Chariot	110	18	*Trimmer	105

FIFTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $1,000; the Country Club; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1	Rocky News	111	7	Glastonbury	111
2	Chief John	111	8	Kincsen	110
3	Khorassan	113	9	Martie	113
4	Arras	113	10	Marmion	107
5	Mad Pursuit	107	11	Con Amore	110
6	Cabezo	110			

SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $600; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1	*Fair Bill	111	10	*Banderlog	105
2	*Plam'g Mamie	107	11	Triple Threat	106
3	*Allanah	104	12	*Skid	107
4	*Redcliffe	111	13	Marcasite	105
5	*Americana	105	14	The Tattler	107
6	Woodcraft	121	15	Affirmative	108
7	My Fergus	108	16	*Gay Party	107
8	Vesta	109	17	Billnora	106
9	Dark Vision	106			

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $1,000; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward, fillies and mares.

1	Sunvir	116	10	Mud	112
2	Chloedair	103	11	Totem	121
3	Papyrograph	116	12	Regal Flag	113
4	Sun Shadow	104	13	Night Patrol	113
5	*Celtic Prince	107	14	Zembla	103
6	Merry Mack	111	15	Freshet	109
7	Muff	104	16	Renewed	110
8	*Visionary	107	17	Vandal	112
9	Scot Free	107			

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather, clear; track, fast.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1	Flying Boy	111	10	*Fo'lish Fellow	106
2	Peace Dove	112	11	Helen Green	112
3	*Annette B.	103	12	Soud	115
4	Brimsey	103	13	Zeda	115
5	Hoosier Prince	111	14	Town Limit	112
6	Birthday Gift	115	15	Surely	111
7	Young Bill	115	16	Country T

Stocks Decline as Trading Drops Lowest Since 1924

Four-Tenths Loss Recorded as Dealing Is Cut to 385,060 Shares.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Stock market activity ebbed to a new low today, and price changes were in keeping with the almost complete stagnation which gripped the list.

Sales totaled a mere 385,060 shares, the smallest turnover since June 2, 1924, and about 3,000 shares under the previous low for this depression, established June 20, last.

On balance, the market closed lower. Virtually all the pivotal issues made fractional net changes and there was little to chose among the various major groups. Professionals gave the alcohol and kindred issues a little upward flurry toward the close.

On the first hour dip, American Telephone, Union Pacific, American Can, Allied Chemical, Du Pont, National Biscuit, American Tobacco B, U. S. Steel preferred, Norfolk & Western, New York Central and Santa Fe were down 1 to nearly 2. Rails developed better vitality before noon, however, and by early afternoon these recessions had been nearly made up. The market did little or nothing thereafter.

Brokers pointed out, for one thing, that the national election wrs only a week away, and, for another, that business still had to prove itself against seasonal reactions. Also, a weak wheat market has recently imposed on speculative sentiment a burden which had not been anticipated in some quarters, although that market steadied today.

Week-end trade reports included the usual steel review, which placed operations at between 19 and 20 per cent of capacity, or little change. Some mention was made of the price situation and possible concessions; likewise the survey noted the disappointing volume of automobile steel requirements, although these have lately shown a mild increase.

THE MARKETS AT A GLANCE

What the Stock Market Did

	Monday.	Saturday.
Advances	108	116
Declines	203	186
Unchanged	129	93
Total issues traded..	440	395

Stocks.

Activity ebbed to the lowest level since June 2, 1924. The day's sales were 385,060 shares. Almost complete stagnation gripped the entire list. Average losses reached fourtenths of a point. Nearly all pivotal issues made fractional declines. Brokers blamed the approach of the election for the quiet state of stocks.

Bonds.

The market dragged listlessly, as dealers and investors traded cautiously. Canadian issues sagged 1 point. Rails moved uncertainly. Some oils were active. United States loans closed dull and easier. The average loss was three-tenths of a point on a turnover of $5,789,000.

Curb.

October's trading ended with curb prices down. Utilities suffered a mild setback. Standard Oil of Indiana and Standard of Kentucky gained fractionally. Deere & Co. shares, which have held steadily in spite of declining grain prices, sold a half-point off. Sales were the lightest in weeks, as dealing dropped to 80,000 shares.

Wheat.

Final rallies overcame early losses. Trading was at first overwhelmed by stop-loss selling in a market almost empty of buyers, causing wheat and rye to slump to the lowest prices in the world's history. Then values came back under recovery to close at the precise quotations of Saturday. Corn and oats steadied. December wheat sold at 44 to 44⅛ cents.

Cotton.

Hedge-selling pressure forced easier prices. The general market declined 4 to 6 points. December sold at 6.06. A fairly good trade buying was in evidence. The Southern markets were quiet and steady. Liverpool reported hedging and liquidating on account of the unfavorable labor situation at Manchester.

TREASURY CERTIFICATES.

(Reported by Chas D. Barney & Co.)

Rate	Maturity	Bid	Offer
3¼s	Dec. 15, 1932..	100 25-32	100 28-32
3¾s	Feb. 1, 1933...	101 6-32	101 8-32
3¾s	Mar. 15, 1933...	101 18-32	101 20-32
2s	Mar. 15, 1933...	100 14-32	----
2s	May 2, 1933....	100 28-32	100 31-32
1½s	June 15, 1933..	100 23-32	100 26-32
2s	May 2, 1934....	102 28-32	103 ----
2¼s	Aug. 1, 1934..	101 19-32	101 22-32
3s	June 15, 1935..	102 20-32	102 23-32
3¼s	Aug. 1, 1936...	102 7-32	102 10-32
1¼s	Sept. 15, 1933..	100 24-32	100 26-32
3s	Apr. 15, 1937...	100 31-32	101 1-32
3¼s	Sept. 15, 1937..	101 25-32	101 27-32

BALTIMORE SECURITIES.

Baltimore, Oct. 31.—Closing prices:

Arundel Corporation	19
Black & Decker	2¾
New Amsterdam Casualty	18
U S Fidelity & Guar	4¾

RESERVE BANK STATEMENT.

(Associated Press.)

The Federal Reserve Board's statement of condition of weekly reporting member banks in leading cities on October 26, gives the following summary of the principal assets and liabilities, together with changes from the previous week and the corresponding week of last year (in millions of dollars):

	Oct. 26.	Oct. 19.	Oct. 28, 1931.
Loans and investments—Total	19,118	Dec. 3	Dec. 2,103
Loans—Total	10,516	Dec. 116	Dec. 3,005
On securities.	4,332	Dec. 95	Dec. 1,545
All other	164	Dec. 21	Dec. 1,460
Investments—Total	8,602	Inc. 113	Inc. 902
U. S. Government securities.	5,298	Inc. 103	Inc. 1,165
Other securities	3,304	Inc. 10	Dec. 263
Reserves with F. R. banks	1,875	Inc. 104	Inc. 261
Cash in vault	203	----	Dec. 61
Net demand deposits	11,470	Dec. 88	Dec. 979
Time deposits	5,725	Inc. 33	Dec. 633
Government deposits	560	Dec. 38	Inc. 399
Due from banks	1,555	Dec. 34	Inc. 574
Due to banks	3,164	Dec. 48	Inc. 636
Borrowings from F. R. banks	103	Inc. 9	Dec. 350

Loans on securities to brokers and dealers in New York City banks amounted to $352,000,000 during the week, representing a decline of $91,000,000 for the week.

BANK STOCKS

BANKS.	Bid.	Asked.
Chase National (2)	35	37
Commercial (8)	160	170
Fifth Avenue (44a)	1250	1350
Fifth National (100)	1510	1560
Manhattan (2)	31	33
National City (2)	43¾	45¾
TRUST COMPANIES.		
Bankers (3)	65¼	67¼
Brooklyn Trust (10)	170	185
Cen. Hanover (7a)	135	140
Chemical (1.80)	36½	38½
Continental (1.20)	17	19
Corn Exchange (4)	72¼	75¼
Empire (1.60)	24¼	26¼
Guaranty (20)	312	317
Irving (1.60)	23⅝	25⅝
Manufacturers (2)	26½	30½
New York Trust (3)	92	95
Title G. & T. (3.20)	39½	42½
United States (60)	1470	1570
INSURANCE.		
Aetna Cas (1.60)	29½	31½
Aetna Fire (2)	28½	30½
Aetna Life	13½	15½
Agricultural (2)	36½	41½
American Surety	13	15
Baltimore American	2½	3½
Boston (16)	320	370
Conn. Gen. Life (1.20)	32½	36½
Fid. & Dep. (4)	40	43
Firemens Insurance (.60)	8¾	8¾
Franklin Fire	12¾	14¾
Glen Falls (1.60)	28½	30½
Globe & Rut.	90	110
Great Amer. (1)	13¾	15¼
Hanover (1.60)	21⅛	23⅛
Hartford Fire (2)	37	39
Home Insurance (1)	14½	16
Mass. Bonat	16	18
National Fire (2)	36¼	38¼
National Liberty	3⅜	5⅜
Nor. River (.60)	10⅞	12⅞
Phoenix (2)	46	48
Prov. Wash. (.60)	15⅜	17⅜
Public Fire	1	3
St. Paul Fire (6)	98	104
Sun Life (15)	250	300
Travelers (22a)	253	368

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BOND MARKET SAGS IN CAUTIOUS DEALING

Traders and Investors Hold to Sidelines; Turnover, $5,789,000.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The bond market slumbered peacefully today as most traders and investors held tenaciously to the ultra-cautious sidelines.

Sales totaled only $5,789,000, the smallest turnover for a full day's session since August 4, 1930. The average for 60 domestic corporate loans ended up with a loss of three-tenths of a point.

Some low-priced railroad groups moved uncertainly. Some of the oils were relatively active. Higher grade issues of all classes were fairly steady.

Losses of around a point were recorded by some bonds of Canadian National, Canadian Pacific, Rock Island, Erie, New York Central, Nickel Plate, Northern Pacific, Pere Marquette, Southern Pacific, Southern and Pennsylvania.

Loans of Shell Union Oil, Pan-American Petroleum of California and Richfield were gainers of 1 to 2 or more points. Issues of International Paper, Paramount-Publix, and United States Rubber were heavy.

The United States Government department was dull and slightly easier. Foreign bonds were mixed.

Capital Bank Clearings Total $77,358,330

Washington bank clearings for October amounted to $77,358,330.68, the monthly tabulation of Manager Charles E. Bright, of the Washington (D. C.) Clearing House Association, showed yesterday. This was an advance from the September total, $69,894,030, but is behind the total of October, 1931, which was $106,592,-111.85.

Capital clearings for the ten months of 1932 now aggregate $811,606,215.97, as against $1,040,049,556.64 in the similar comparative period last year.

Receivership Is Sought For Discount Company

Wilmington, Del., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—A receivership suit against Trustees System Discount Co., a Chicago loan concern, was filed in Federal Court here today by Mary Bell Jerrems, of Chicago.

The complainant charged the company was unable to meet certain of its obligations.

Argentina's Debt $734,860,000.

Buenos Aires, Oct. 31(A.P.).—Argentina's floating debt at the end of the fiscal year 1931 was 1,267,000,000 pesos (about $734,860,000), it was announced today.

SECURITIES AVERAGES.

(Associated Press.)

STOCKS.	50 Ind.	20 RR.	20 Ut.	90 Tl.
Yesterday	53.4	27.8	87.5	55.2
Previous day	53.3	28.1	88.4	55.6
Week ago	52.2	26.9	85.9	54.2
Month ago	52.1	24.7	98.0	54.2
Year ago	81.6	49.4	121.2	83.6
3 years ago	192.5	143.4	233.1	191.8
5 years ago	133.6	117.4	121.1	125.4
High, 1932	72.3	39.8	111.0	71.9
Low, 1932	35.1	13.2	51.8	35.0
High, 1931	140.2	106.2	203.9	144.3
Low, 1931	60.0	30.8	92.8	61.3
High, 1930	202.4	141.6	281.3	206.8
Low, 1930	112.3	86.4	146.5	114.7
BONDS	20 Ind.	20 RR.	20 Ut.	60 Tl.
Yesterday	62.7	64.6	81.9	69.7
Previous day	62.9	65.2	82.0	70.0
Week ago	63.0	65.4	82.3	70.2
Month ago	65.9	71.1	84.6	74.0
Year ago	73.5	80.5	90.2	81.4
2 years ago	91.3	105.9	99.3	98.8
3 years ago	91.7	102.0	96.5	96.7
High, 1932	71.3	78.0	86.2	78.1
Low, 1932	53.2	47.4	70.9	57.5
High, 1931	90.4	105.7	101.5	93.7
Low, 1931	62.3	62.3	80.2	68.5
High, 1930	94.9	109.8	101.4	101.9
Low, 1930	83.3	97.3	96.6	92.6

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U. S. TREASURY RECEIPTS.

(Associated Press.)

Treasury receipts for October 28 were $3,453,580.24; expenditures $7,371,026.12; balance, $766,578,333.88. Customs duties for 28 days of October were $22,882,018.32.

New York City's 1933 Budget Of $557,141,022 Is Adopted

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The board of estimates formally adopted the 1933 city budget of $557,141,022.73 at a meeting today which lasted only 10 minutes.

Father Knickerbocker's bankers promised him $18,500,000 spending money, but they've tacked on the promise a warning to watch his step.

Chase National and National City banks, which said some time ago they didn't see how the old gentleman could float a loan unless he retrenched, promised the city a $18,-500,000 loan for November yesterday, plus an unestimated amount for unemployment relief.

Since the first warning, cuts have scaled the 1933 budget down to a "depression figure" of $557,141,022, but the bankers indicated that wasn't good enough. "We are driven to the conclusion that a large portion of the reductions do not represent actual saving in expenditure," they said. They called for a "new campaign toward efficiency and economy."

Today the board of estimates was to put the final stamp of approval on the budget. It was drawn in a series of battles in which Acting Mayor Joseph V. McKee, who had his own ideas of how to retrench, lost to a bloc consisting largely of Tammany men.

With the budget out of the way, the board will turn to a proposal that the city spend $30,000,000 on unemployment relief in the next six months. New police department figures show there are 525,034 ablebodied persons out of work. They have 460,000 dependents. They bankers said the banking community was anxious to see adequate provision for unemployment relief.

Warning that future loans must depend on economy, the bankers reminded city officials of a promise to curtail. In a letter to Comptroller Charles W. Berry, they said that the city should take the initiative in obtaining from the State Legislature control over "mandatory salaries," thus paving the way for readjustment of salaries.

Telephone Income Of Baltimore Cut

Net Revenue for 9 Months Is Down $323,201 Under 1931 Period.

Net telephone revenues of the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co. of Baltimore City continue to recede. Those for the nine months ended September 30 showed a decrease of $323,201 from the same period last year, according to the report of operations just filed with the Maryland Public Service Commission.

These revenues for the first nine months of the year were $2,150,834, as compared with $2,474,035 for a similar period last year.

Out-of-town telephone calls in Maryland in September amounted to 82.8 per cent of the revenues for the same month in 1931. Total telephone revenues for September were $1,068,-032. Telephone operating expenses were $851,517, making net telephone revenues for the month $216,515.

Total telephone revenues for the twelve months ended September 30 were $13,705,305. Expenses during this period were $10,741,242, leaving net telephone revenues $2,964,063.

Taxes assignable to operations in September totaled $124,175. Taxes for the first nine months of the year were $1,128,296; for the twelve months ended September 30 they were $1,494,-951.

Rockefeller Foundation Assets $191,793,207

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The annual report of the Rockefeller Foundation for the year ended December 31, 1931, issued today discloses that of the total ledger value of investments, amounting to $191,793,207 at the year's close, investments in bonds totaled $81,541,204 and in stocks $109,252,003. The proportion of he fund in bonds increased to about 43 per cent from 42 per cent in the year preceding.

CHICAGO STOCKS.

(Furnished by W B. Hibbs & Co.)

	Bid	Asked
Yellow Taxi	7½	9
Thompson	9½	10
Wahl	4	½
Butler Bros.	2⅜	2¾
National Leather	⅛	⅜
Swift	7⅜	7¾
Swift International	15½	16½
Libby, McNeill & Libby	1½	1⅝
Midwest Oil	¼	⅜
City Con. com	⅛	⅜
City Con. pf	----	2
Edison	71½	72½
Public Service $100 par	49	50
Public Service no par	43	47
Quaker com.	75½	77
Quaker pf.	106	107
Sears, Roebuck	10⅝	10¾
Borg Warner	7⅛	8½
Illinois Brick	4	5
U. S. Gypsum	22¾	23⅝
Great Lakes Dock & Dredge	8	9
Balaban & Katz	6	15
Cons. com.	----	½
Cons. pf.	2½	4½
Electric Household	3½	4½
McCord	1¾	5

Upturn Laid to Halt In Credit Deflation

Wall Street Cites Bank Loan Increase as Aid to Recovery.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—A fundamental factor in the improvement in general economic conditions since last summer, according to Wall street banking authorities, was the checking of the deflation of bank credit. Total bank loans and investments, generally accepted as indicating the volume of outstanding bank credit, has risen substantially since July, according to the consolidated returns of the weekly reporting member banks of the Federal Reserve System, which comprise roughly half of the Nation's banking resources.

It is true that loans have continued to decline, but this has been more than offset by increases in investments, chiefly in U. S. Government securities. At the same time, return of currency from hoarding, and an influx of gold from abroad, have enabled the member banks to lift their excess reserves at the Federal Reserve banks to a total close to $500,000,000. These excess reserves earn no interest, and the banks are expected to seek to employ them profitably in commercial loans and investments as conditions favor.

In November, 1930, total loans and investments of the weekly reporting banks reached their peak level of $23,660,000,000. By last July they had been cut $18,420,000,000, or 22 per cent, representing a severe deflation of credit, through dumping of bonds upon the market, and calling of loans. But the latest statement, as of October 19, shows that the total has now swelled to $19,121,000,000. The deflation from November, 1930, to last July, was much more drastic than the extreme swing of the 1920-1921 depression, when the total was cut from $17,190,000,000, to a low of $14,620,000,000, a shrinkage of little more than 14 per cent. The Guaranty Trust Co., in its current monthly survey, says, "There are still many banks with some frozen assets on their hands, but the general process of liquidation is regarded as having reached the stage where it no longer represents a serious threat to the ability of banks to accommodate business expansion."

Flour Prices Unchanged.

Minneapolis, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Flour unchanged. Carload lots family patents, 3.95@4.05 a barrel in 98-pound cotton sacks. Shipment, 25,907.

THE METAL MARKETS.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Oct. 31.—(A.P.).—COPPER—Steady; electrolytic, spot and future, 5⅜.

TIN—Steady; spot and nearby, 23.38; future, 23.45.

IRON—Quiet; No 2, f. o. b. eastern Pennsylvania, 13.00@13.50; Buffalo, 14.00; Alabama, 10.00@11.00.

LEAD—Dull; spot, New York, 3.00; East St. Louis, 2.90.

ZINC—Quiet; East St. Louis, spot and future, 3.00.

ANTIMONY—5.65.

QUICKSILVER—48.00@50.00.

CURB SINKS LOWER IN LIGHTER TRADING

Utilities Suffer Mild Setback as Turnover Drops to 80,000 Shares.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The curb market today wound up its activity for October with one of the lightest trading sessions that it has experienced in weeks. Transfers totaled about 80,000 shares against 110,000 shares last Friday and prices closed irregularly lower.

The utilities suffered a mild setback in the early trading and started a slow recovery in the afternoon, failing, however, to make up their losses in most cases. Electric Bond & Share common and Commonwealth Edison closed off around 2 points American Gas & Electric, American Superpower, Cities Service and United Light & Power A were fractionally lower. Niagara Hudson Power gained slightly.

Standard of Indiana was fairly active, gaining a fraction. Standard of Kentucky was also a shade higher.

Deere & Co., which in recent sessions has held steadily in the face of declining grain prices drew little speculative attention, closing off ½ in quiet trading.

Raw Silks Easier.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Raw silk Futures closed easier; sales 2,070 bales.

December, 1.44-45; March, 1.45-46; May, 1.45-46.

MONEY MARKETS

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Foreign exchange irregular; Great Britain in dollars, others in cents.

Great Britain—Demand, 3.28⅝; cables, 3.28⅛; 60-day bills, 3.27¼.
France—Demand, 3.92¾; cables, 3.92⅛.
Italy—Demand, 5.11½; cables, 5.12.
Belgium—Demand, 13.90.
Germany—Demand 23.74½.
Holland—Demand 40.20½.
Norway—Demand, 16.77.
Sweden—Demand, 17.21.
Denmark—Demand, 17.14.
Switzerland—Demand, 19.27.
Spain—Demand, 8.19.
Portugal—Demand, 3.08.
*Greece—Demand, 1.59⅞.
*Poland—Demand, 11.18.
*Czechoslovakia—Demand, 2.96¼.
*Jugoslavia—Demand, 1.34¾.
*Austria—Demand, 14.00.
*Roumania—Demand, .59¾.
Argentine—Demand, 25.79.
*Brazil—Demand, 7.59.
Tokyo—Demand, 21.00.
Shanghai—Demand, 29.68¾.
Montreal—Demand 90.37½.
Mexico City—Demand (silver peso), 32.20.
*Nominal.

NEW YORK.

Call money steady; 1 per cent all day. Time loans steady; 60 days, ½; 3 to 4 mos., ¾; 5 to 6 mos., 1 per cent.
Prime commercial paper, 1½.
Bankers' acceptances unchanged; 30 days, ⅝@½; 60 to 90 days, ⅝@½; 4 mos., ¾@⅞; 5 to 6 mos., 1@1⅛.
Bar silver easier, ⅛ lower at 26⅞.

LONDON.

Money, ½. Discount rates—Short bills, 1⅛@¾; three-month bills, ¾@11/16 per cent.
Bar silver quiet unchanged at 18⅛d.

PARIS.

Markets closed.

GOLD MOVEMENT.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Today's gold statement of the New York Federal Reserve bank showed an importation of $59,-700 from Mexico and a gain of $501,200 through release from foreign earmark.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS.

(Quotations furnished by Waggaman, Brawner & Co., Inc., and Slauson & White Co.)

	Bid	Asked
American Bankstocks Corp.	1¾	2.00
Corp. Tr. Shs., accum. ser.	1.62	1.85
Corp. Tr. Shs., AA ser.	1.62	1.85
Corp. Tr. Shs., old ser.	1.70	....
Cumulative Trust Shs.	2.69	....
Diversified Trust. Shs., ser. C.	2.15	2.40
Dividend Shs., inc.	1.05	1.14
Independence Trust Shs.	1.70	2.00
Nationwide, ser. B.	2.40	2.65
No. Am. Trust Shs., ser. 1953.	1.79	....
No. Am. Trust Shs., ser. 1955.	1.82	2.00
No. Am. Trust Shs., ser. 1956.	1.82	2.00
Sup. Corp. of Am., ser. AA & BB	1.55	1.75
Super Corp. of Amer., ser. C.	4.45	4.95
Super Corp. of Amer., ser. D.	4.15	4.65
U. S. E. L. P. S., ser. B.	2.50	2.75
U. S. E. L. P. S., voting	8¾	9⅛

Cotton Consumption Up To 1,108,000 Bales

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The New York Cotton Exchange Service estimates world consumption of American cotton in September at 1,108,000 bales, compared with 1,028,000 in August and 1,-019,000 in September, 1931.

Consumption for the two months ended September 30, at 2,136,000 bales compared with 1,952,000 in the like period of last year.

Wall Street Briefs

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The statistical position of rubber is steadily improving and increases in the prices of crude rubber and tires are likely to come with any increase in demand, William O'Neill, president of the General Tire & Rubber Co., said today. "Just now," he asserted, "there is a surplus of rubber, but that surplus will not look big once demand comes back to normal."

R. G. Dun & Co. reports that business failures last week numbered 550 against 535 in the previous week and 530 a year ago. The total was slightly higher for the South and the Pacific Coast States, but smaller in the West.

Reynolds Spring Co. annouces plans for a 300 per cent increase in the capacity of one of its Jackson, Mich., plants.

Harold A. White, naturalist, explorer and patron of the Field Museum, Chicago, and Julian S. Bach have formed the New York Stock Exchange firm of Bach, White & Co. Bach has been a member of the exchange since 1926.

Of the several important dividend meetings scheduled for this week, major interest attaches to the session of the General Motors board on Wednesday. Three months ago the company ordered a quarterly payment of 25 cents. There was a heavy shrinkage of earnings in the September quarter.

Third quarter earnings of the food companies made a fairly good record, showing in many cases an ability to maintain satisfactory profit margins in the face of a considerable drop in gross sales.

International Cement Corporation reports a net loss of 515,424 in the third quarter, against a loss of $349,-528 in the second quarter and net profit of $531,480 in the third quarterly period of 1931.

Graham-Paige Motors Co. reports for the nine months ended September 30, net loss of $965,777, compared with net loss of $2,233,447 in the like 1931 period.

Goods Markets Quiet.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Cotton goods opened quietly today in finished and unfinished lines. Silk merchants are holding back spring lines until after election. Burlaps are quiet, although firmer, with steadier exchange. Filling-in orders for overcoatings and coatings were more general. More active business in rayon yarns is forecast by the readiness to take future business.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

(Associated Press.)

London—Business was moderate on the Stock Exchange today owing to the holiday tomorrow. All Saints' Day. Gilt-edged securities were a good feature, in anticipation of reinvestment of forthcoming dividends. Textile shares were weak, following the spinners' strike in Manchester, while oil and transatlantic issues were easy. The closing was quiet.

Berlin—The small gains registered at the opening on the boerse were lost again during the course of the session, but the closing was sustained.

Paris—Closed.

WHEAT GAINS ROUT EARLY RECORD DROP

Slump to Lowest Level in History Overcome; Corn and Oats Steadied.

Chicago, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Overwhelmed by a stop-loss selling rush in a market swept empty of buyers, wheat and rye outdid the world's history of low prices.

Before the day ended, however, the new record-breaking of values, the third within four days, had been practically conquered by rallies. A substantial decrease of almost 2,000,-000 bushels shown in the United States wheat visible served as a streak of daylight for believers in better prices ahead.

Wheat closed nervous at precisely the same as Saturday's finish to ¾ of a cent decline, after having fallen as low today as 43⅛ cents for December contracts, with every future delivery pulled down to 50 cents or less, slashing in twain the old-time standard of $1 a bushel. Corn closed at a shade decline to ⅝ advance, oats unchanged to ⅛ higher and provisions unchanged to a setback of 2 cents.

Price Tumble Is Fast.

Tumbling of breadstuff prices came fast as soon as business began, and the famous Roman Colliseum signal of thumbs down appeared to onlookers but little less fateful today than in the time of the Caesars. The thumbs down signal today, though, was not a verdict, but merely a method by which excited brokers crowded on the top edge of the wheat pit communicated to their telephone operators the fact that prices were in a new collapse. The onset of selling, though, quickly subsided, and during the rest of the day the course of the market was irregularly upgrade, climbing at the last ¼ cent higher than Saturday's close but falling back somewhat again at the final gong.

Leading trade specialists said that although previous low prices in terms of cents per bushel have been reached in bygone centuries, such prices failed to take into consideration the relatively higher buying efficacy of cash as compared with the present. Judged by wages and purchasing power of money, today, prices for breadstuffs were never heretofore outdone either on or off of the organized exchanges for grain dealings. Today's quotations were reported as affording United States growers more than 6 cents a bushel less than at this time last year, with news still coming of excellent weather for growth of new crops in Argentina and for the harvest of big fresh wheat yields in Australia.

Corn and oats were steadied by possibilities of action to bring about emergency rail rates for the export of corn.

Provisions were eased a little by cheapness of corn and other feeds.

Futures Price Range.

	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—			
December	44¼	43⅛	44 @44⅛
May	49⅜	48⅝	49⅜@49½
July	50¾	50	50½
Corn—			
December	24⅝	24	24½@24⅝
May	29⅞	28⅞	29⅜
July	31¼	30¾	31¼
Oats—			
December	15½	15¼	15⅜@15½
May	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞
July	No trading.		

Cash Grain.

WHEAT — No. 2 mixed (weevily), 43¼.

CORN — New, No. 3 mixed, 23½; No. 3 yellow, 23¼@24; No. 4 yellow, 22¾@23½; No. 3 white, 23½@23¾; No. 4 white, 23@23¼. Old, No. 1 mixed, 25⅛; No. 2 mixed, 25@25⅛; No. 1 yellow, 25¼@25½; No. 2 yellow, 25¼@25½; No. 2 white, 25@25¼.

OATS—No. 4 mixed, 13.

RYE—No. 3, 27¼.

BARLEY—24@35.

TIMOTHY SEED—2.25@2.50 per 100 pounds.

CLOVER SEED—7.50@8.75 per 100 pounds.

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Brewood
Engravers and Stationers
611-12th St. N.W.

$10 A MONTH
Saved at 5% Interest
WILL TOTAL $679.60 IN 5 YEARS . . . $1,546.90 in 10 YEARS . . . and $4,066.45 IN 20 YEARS. START YOUR ACCOUNT TODAY!
- Open Daily 9 to 5 Saturdays Until Noon
NATIONAL PERMANENT BUILDING ASSOCIATION
949-951 ST. N.W.
UNDER SUPERVISION U.S. TREASURY

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS OF YESTERDAY

Total sales, 385,060 shares; previous day, 359,820 shares; week ago, 555,241 shares; year ago, 1,458,188 shares; two years ago, 1,253,650 shares; January 1 to date, 378,955,884 shares; year ago, 490,936,157 shares; two years ago, 696,167,955 shares.

Sales in hundreds	High	Low	Last	Chg.	Bid
A					
7 Adams Exp	5¾	5¾	5¾	— ¼	5¾
1 Addressog	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛	10⅛
1 Advance Rume	2¾	2¾	2¾	----	2¾
2 Air Reduc (3)	54⅛	53½	53½	— 1	54½
9 Alaska Jun (½)	11⅝	11⅜	11½	— ⅛	11⅝
5 Alleghany	1½	⅝	1	----	1
26 Al Chem & Dye (6)	74	72¼	73¾	+ ¼	73⅝
4 Allis-Ch Mfg	8	7⅜	8	----	7¾
11 Am Bank Note	12⅛	12	12	— ⅛	12
1 Am Brake Shoe (.60)	11¼	11¼	11¼	— ⅛	10⅛
60 Am Can (4) XD	52	51	52	— ¼	51⅜
1 Am Can pf (7)	119⅞	119⅞	119⅞	+ 2⅛	118
2 Am Car & F pf	21½	21¼	21¼	+ ¼	21
2 Am Chain	3½	3½	3½	+ ⅛	3⅛
5 Am Chicle (3b)	35	34⅜	35	----	35
1 Am Colortype	6	6	6	----	5½
13 Am Comi Alco	21	20⅛	21	----	21
13 Am & For Pow	7¾	7½	7¾	----	7½
1 Am & F P 2 pf	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ¼	9½
56 Am Home Prod (4.20)	37¾	37	37¾	----	37½
1 Am Ice (1)	7	7	7	----	7
1 Am Internat	7	7	7	----	6¾
1 Am Loco	8	8	8	----	7½
1 Am Mach & Fdy (.80)	12	12	12	----	11¾
1 Am Metal	5¼	5¼	5¼	+ ⅛	5
3.20 Am Met 6% pf	20¾	20¼	20¾	+ ½	20¼
8 Am P & L (2)	10	9¼	9⅝	+ ⅛	9⅛
3 Am P & L $6 pf (6)	31⅜	31	31	+ ⅛	30
4 Am P&L $5 pf (5)	25¾	25	25¾	+ ⅜	24½
20 Am Rad Std San	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛	7⅛
6 Am Roll Mill	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅜	10⅝
4 Am Smelt & R	15	14⅞	14½	+ ¼	14⅜
2 Am Snuff (3m)	30¾	30½	30¾	+ ¼	29¼
1 Am Stl Fdrs	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛	7¼
1 Am Sugar Ref (2)	21	20¾	21	+ ⅛	20¾
2 Am Sugar pf (7)	77¼	76¾	77¼	+ 2⅛	77
1 Am Sumat Tob	7¼	7¼	7¼	+ ⅛	6¾
92 Am Tel & Tel (9)	104	102¾	103⅝	— ⅜	103½
3 Am Tob (5m)	64	63¾	64	— 1	63
16 Am Tob B (5m)	67½	66¾	66¾	— ⅛	66⅜
2 Am Wat Wks (2)	22	22	22	— 1	22
4 Am Wat Wks ctf (3)	20	19¼	20	+ ⅛	18¾
3 Am Woolen	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞	— ¼	4⅝
1 Am Zinc Ld & S	3¼	3¼	3¼	----	3⅛
1 Am Zinc Ld & S pf	19⅜	19¼	19⅜	— 1⅛	18⅜
32 Anaconda	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	----	8¾
1 Ancho Cap (1.20)	10¼	10¼	10¼	----	10
1 A P W Paper	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛	2⅜
1 Arm Ill A	1½	1½	1½	----	1⅜
1 Arm Ill B	⅞	⅞	⅞	----

CHRYSLER MOTORS DIVIDEND REGULAR

25 Cents on Common Shares Will Be Paid on Dec. 31; Loss Reported.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Chrysler Corporation directors today ordered distribution of the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents a share on the common stock, payable December 31 to stock of record December 1.

Distribution of the dividend was decided upon, despite the quarterly earnings report, showing a net loss for the three-month period ended September 30 of $5,346,146, in contrast to a net profit of $1,186,052, equal to 27 cents a share on the common stock in the previous quarter and in the like quarter of last year profit of $1,518,966, or 34 cents a share.

The net loss for the entire first nine months of 1932 was $6,226,578, against a net profit of $3,771,002 in the like period of last year, or 85 cents a common share.

The corporation reported its current assets on September 30 last at $67,220,170, and current liabilities at $7,854,449. A year previously current assets were $87,892,615, and current liabilities $13,565,279.

The current assets included cash and marketable securities of $50,915,652, against $60,186,165 a year previously.

During the first nine months of this year, sales to distributors and dealers of the corporation's automobiles, trucks and other products, totaled 174,530 units, to a value of $110,555,859. This compares with 243,251 units, valued at $162,410,520 in the like period of last year.

Stanolind Crude Oil Purchasing Co., controlled by Standard Oil of Indiana, had net profit of $303,449 for the September quarter against $815,903 in the June quarter of this year.

This week's most important dividend meeting is that of General Motors, on Wednesday. In view of the virtual disappearance of profits in the industry in the third quarter, some quarters in Wall street have been inclined to look for a reduction in the 25-cent quarterly payment on the common shares, but since U. S. Steel ordered its regular preferred payment, usually well-informed quarters in Wall street have turned to the view that the General Motors directors would probably order the regular common dividend this time.

Chicago, Oct. 30 (A.P.).—Consolidated gross revenues of $50,857,429 for twelve months ended June 30, 1932, compared with $51,469,482 for the twelve months ended March 31 are shown in a report to be issued tomorrow by the Utilities Power & Light Corporation audits of public utility subsidiaries. Net income was $4,071,700, against $4,294,367. Harley L. Clarke, president, said.

Ottawa, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Gross revenues of Canadian railways for August amounted to $23,099,931, as compared with $28,072,358 in August, 1931.

This was less than half of the earnings of August, 1928 ($48,202,731), the peak year. Operating expenses were reduced from $26,407,322 in August to $21,921,624, and the net operating revenues were reduced by $486,728, or from $1,665,035 to $1,178,306.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Amerada Corporation had net profit of $957,972 for the first nine months of 1932, equal to $1.25 a share, against net loss of $968,060 in the same 1931 period. Third quarter profit was $405,427 against loss of $489,835 a year ago.

Visible Supply of Grain.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The visible supply of American grain shows the following changes in bushels: Wheat decreased 1,996,000; corn increased 185,000; oats decreased 519,000; rye increased 27,000; barley increased 20,000.

Washington Stocks

(Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co.)
Sales—Regular call, 11:15 a. m.
Capital Traction Co., 10 at 6, 10 at 6, 10 at 6, 5 at 6, 5 at 6.
Washington Gas 6s "A," $1,000 at 90¾.

BONDS.
PUBLIC UTILITY.

	Bid.	Asked
Amn. Tel. & Tel. 4½s, '39	106	.....
Amn. Tel. & Tel. gtl. tr. 5s	104	.....
Anacostia & Pot R. R. 5s	44	.....
Ana & Pot Guar 5s	91	.....
C. & P. Tel. of Va. 5s, '52	102	.....
Cap. Traction R. R. 5s	50	55
City & Suburban 5s	43	50
Georgetown Gas 1st 5s	100½	102
Potomac Elec Cons 5½s	.....	.....
Potomac Elec 1st 6s, 1953	102	.....
Wash Alex & Mt V gtd	2	.....
Washington Gas 4½s	99	99½
Washington Gas 5s	101	101½
Washington Gas 6s, Series A	100¾	101¾
Wash. Gas 6s, Series B	102	.....
Wash. Ry. & Elec. 4s	88	89

MISCELLANEOUS.

Barber & Ross, Inc., 6½s	50	.....
Chevy Chase Club 5½s	100	.....
Columbia Country Club 5½s	100	103
Dwight Mfg 6s	15	.....
W M Cold Storage 5½s	91	94

STOCKS.
PUBLIC UTILITY.

Amn. Tel. & Tel (9)	103¼	.....
Capital Traction Co	5¾	7
*Wash. Gas Light Co	63	68
Nor. & Wash. Steamboat	99	110
Pot. Elec. Power 6% pfd	109½	111
Pot. Elec. Power 5½% pfd	103½	.....
Wash Rwy & Elec com (7)	295	.....
Wash. Ry. & Elec. pfd. (5)	87½	91

The following figures are not bids, but merely represent minimum prices fixed by the Washington Stock Exchange.

NATIONAL BANK.

	Min. price.
Capital (14)	175
Columbia (12)	375
Commercial (stamped) (6)	183
District (6)	196
Fed.-Amer Natl Bank & Tr (2)	42½
*Liberty (7)	100
Lincoln (10)	400
Metropolitan (14)	275
Riggs (15)	350
Second (9)	165
Washington (8)	180

TRUST COMPANY.

Amer Sec & Tr Co (15)	299
Natl Sav & Tr (12)	375
Prince Georges Bk & Tr (6)	28
†Union Trust (8)	191
Wash Loan & Tr (14)	400

SAVINGS BANKS.

*Bank of Bethesda (6)	52
Com & Savings (10)	325
East Washington (12)	20
Potomac	55
Sec. Sav & Com Bank	435
Seventh Street	225
United States (30)	530
Wash Mechanics (20)	50

FIRE INSURANCE.

American (12)	275
Corcoran (10)	150
Firemen's (8)	30
National Union (15)	14½

TITLE INSURANCE.

†Columbia (6)	7
†Real Estate (6)	145

MISCELLANEOUS.

Col Medical Bldg Corp (6)	90
Dist. Natl Sec. pfd	60
Emerson Bromo Seltzer "A" (2)	25½
Federal Storage pfd	80
†Fed-Am Co com (60)	15
Fed-Am Co pfd (6)	80
Lanston Monotype (6)	58
Mer Tr & Stge com	50
Mer Tr & Stge pfd	74½
Mergenthaler Linotype (1.60)	42
Natl Mtge & Inv pfd (6)	3
Peoples Drug Stores pfd (6½)	75
Real Est M & G pfd (6)	4¼
*Security Storage (5)	97¾
Ter Ref & Wh Corp (3)	42
The Carpel Corp (2)	9½
W. Mech Mtge com (8)	8
Wash Med Bldg Corp (7)	90
Wood & Lothrop com (1.20)	29½
Woodward & Lothrop pfd. (7)	105

*Ex dividend. †Books closed. 125c extra. ‡30c extra. (1) 1½ extra. (2) 5% extra. (3) 2½% extra. (r) 3% extra. (h) 4% extra. (l) 5% extra.

BOND SALES ON NEW YORK EXCHANGE

Total sales, $5,789,000; previous day, $3,986,000; week ago, $6,897,000; year ago, $10,405,000; two years ago, $6,393,000: Jan. 1 to date, $2,562,477,000; same year ago, $2,502,383,000; same two years ago, $2,349,535,000.

U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS.
(Dollars and thirty-seconds.)
(Sales in $1,000.)

Sale		High.	Low.	Last.
24	L 3½ '32-47	101.19	101.16	101.16
7	L 1st 4¼ '32-47	102.10	102.9	102.9
140	L 4th 4¼ '33-38	103.16	103.13	103.16
1	Tr 4¼ '47-52	107.6	107	107.6
1	Tr 4¼ r '47-52	106.26	106.26	106.26
7	Tr 4 '44-54	104.4	104.1	104.1
49	Tr 3¾ '46-56	102.18	102.14	102.15
1	Tr 3¾ '40-43 Je	101.3	101.3	101.3
3	Tr 3⅜ r '40-43	100.22	100.22	100.22
13	Tr 3⅜ '41-43Mh	101.5	101.2	101.4
65	Tr 3⅛ '48-49	98.2	97.30	97.31
82	Tr 3 '51-55	96.17	96.13	96.14

CORPORATION BONDS.

Sale		High.	Low.	Last.
	A			
10	Alleghany 5 '44	23½	23	23
4	Am&For P 5 2030	31⅜	31	31⅜
4	Am I G Ch 5½ '49	77½	77½	77½
5	Am Internat 5½ '49	80¼	80¼	80¼
5	Am Metal 5½ '34	65½	65	65
7	Am Smelt 5 '47	88¾	88	88
14	Am Sug Ref 6 '37	105	104¾	105
39	Am T & T 5½ '43	107	106½	106½
32	Am T & T 5 '65	102½	102½	102¾
3	Am WW&El 5 '34	92½	92¼	92¼
19	Atm Del 5½ '43	73¾	72¾	72¾
3	AT&SF cvt 4½ '48	90½	90¼	90¼
18	AT&SF gen 4 '95	92	91	91
	B			
1	B & O rfg 6 '95	50¾	50¾	50¾
20	B & O 4½ '33	64	63	64
2	B & O cvt 4½ '60	32¾	31¼	32¾
4	Bell TPa 5 '60 C	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜
4	Beth Stl pm 5 '36	96	95¾	95¾
25	Bklyn Ed 5 '52 E	106	105¼	106
22	Bklyn M Trans 6'65	85¼	85¼	85¼
4	Buf Gen El 4½'81 B	102	102	102
	C			
14	Can N Ry 4½ '57	88¾	88¼	88¾
5	Can Nor 7 '40	103¾	103¼	103¼
6	Can Pac deb 4 per	69¼	69	69
4	Cen Ill E & G 5 '51	73¾	73⅛	73⅛
3	Cen Pac 1st gtd 4'49	82½	82½	82½
5	Certain-teed 5½ '48	39⅞	39¼	39¼
4	Cheap Corp 5 '47	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞
5	C&O gen 4½ '92	95⅜	95¼	95¼
5	CB&Q 4½ '77	83¼	83¼	83¼
11	Chi & E Ill 5 '51	13	12½	13
21	Chic Gt W 4 '59	42	41½	41½
18	CM&StP Pac 5 '75	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞
13	CMStP&P adj 5 2000	8	7⅞	8
13	Chi&NW cv 4¾ '49	19	18¼	18½
13	CRI&P cvt 4½ '60	20¼	19½	19½
19	CRI&P rfg 4 '34	34¼	34	34¼
6	Chile Cop 5 '47	33	32¾	33
13	Col G&E 5 '52 May	81½	81	81½
21	Coml Inv Tr 5½ '49	95	95	95
8	Con Gas NY 5½ '45	105½	105¼	105½
	D			
4	Del & H rfg 4 '43	80½	80¾	80½
2	Det. Ed 5 '49 A	101¾	101¾	101¾
18	Det. Ed 4½ '61 D	96½	96¼	96¼
5	Dodge Bros 6 '40	87	87	87
19	Duquc Lt 4½ '67 A	103¾	103	103
	E			
5	Erie rf & imp 5 '67	29⅜	28¾	29¾
3	Erie gen lien 4	96	45	44¼
	G			
5	Gen Am In 5 '52	79½	79½	79½
5	Gen Cable 5½ '47	63⅛	63	63⅛
14	Gen M Ac 6 '37	102¾	102½	102¾
3	Gen St C 5½ '49	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛
1	Gen Th 6 '40	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
4	Goodr T&R 5 '47	80	80	80
5	Goodyr T&R 5 '57	79¼	79	79
26	Gr T R C 6 '36	101¼	101	101¼
14	Gt N R 7 '36 A	69½	69	69
	H			
2	Hudson C 5 '62 A	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛
1	H & M rfg 5 '57 A	82⅛	82⅛	82⅛
9	H&M adj inc 5 '57	50½	50	50
	I			
16	Illinois B T 5 '56	105½	105¼	105½
3	Ill Cen 4¾ '66	38	37⅞	38
7	IC&CSL&NOrl5'63A	45⅛	45	45⅛
2	Interb R Tran 7 '32	54½	54½	54½
32	Interb R T rfg 5 '66	47¼	46¾	47¼
3	Int Cent 5 '48	64½	63½	63½
8	Int Hyd Sec 6 '44	44½	43	44½
21	Int Pap cvt 5 '47A	44	41	42⅝
2	Int T&T deb 5 '55	36¼	36	36
	K			
10	K C P&L 4½ '61	102	101⅝	101⅝
10	K C South rfg 5 '50	46½	46	46
3	K C Term 1st 4 '60	89¼	89	89
1	Kans G&E 4½ '80	88¾	88¾	88¾
	L			
3	Lautaro Nitra 8 '54	5½	5¼	5½
4	Ligg & M 5 '51	105¾	105¾	105¾
2	Lorillard Co 5 '51	96¼	96¼	96¼
	M			
14	McKes&R 5½ '50	37	36½	37
2	MidvaleSti cv 5 '36	96	95¾	95¾
3	MilEIRy&L 1 5 '61B	81½	81½	81½
5	MSP&SSM con 4 '38	47	45	47
17	No Pac cvt 5½ '49	14⅜	13⅞	14¼
14	Mo Pac 5 '77 F	28½	27⅝	28½
6	Mo Pac gen 4 '75	15¾	15¼	15¼
18	Mo Pac 1 5 '81	28½	27½	28
	N			
14	Nat Dairy 5¼ '48	85¾	84¾	85½
4	Nat Steel 5 '56	78	78	78
1	New Eng T&T 5 '52	106½	106½	106½
5	NO Pub Svc 5 '55B	62½	62½	62½
	(NO Tex&M 5½ '54	29	29	29
1	NYC rf&imp 5 2043	50	50	50
19	NYC&HR deb 4 '34	71½	71	71
29	NY Chi&StL 6 '32	40¾	37½	39½
9	NYC&StL 4½ '78 C	19½	18¼	19½
12	NY Ed rfg 6½ '41	112	111½	111½
4	NY Tel gen 4½ '39	103	103	103
2	NYW&B 4½ '46	50⅝	50¼	50⅞
21	Nor Am Co 5 '61	83	82¼	82¼
7	Nor Am Ed 5½ '63	82	82	82
12	Nor P 6 2047 B	78½	78	78½
5	Nor P pr lien 4 '97	83⅝	83	83
5	Nor St P 5 '41 A	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
	O			
10	Ore-W RR&N 4 '61	81½	81	81
8	Otis Steel 6 '41	31	30⅝	31
	P			
12	Pac G & E 5 '42	103¼	103	103¼
49	Para Pub 5½ '50	19½	16	17
45	Pa P&L 4½ '81	91⅜	91	91⅜
4	Pa R R 4¾ '63	84¼	84	84¼
4	Pa R R gen 4½ '65	81	80½	80½
4	Pa R R 4½ '70 D	83¾	83½	83½
4	Phila Co 5 '67	84¾	84	84¾
4	Phil R C & I 6 '49	51½	50¼	51⅛
14	Phillips Pet 5½ '39	69¾	69	69
83	Port Gen El 4½ '60	56½	55	55¾
22	Postal T & C 5 '53	32½	31¼	31½
10	Pub E Edo 4½ '67	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
1	Pure Oil 5½ '37	73	73	73
	R			
2	Reading gen 4½ A	84	84	84
1	Rem Rand 5½ '47	53	53	53
	S			
40	St L S F 4½ '78	11¼	11	11
2	St L S F 4 '50 A	13¼	12¼	13¼
8	Seab AL con 6 '45	4	4	4
22	Shell Pipe L 5 '52	79¾	78½	79
44	Shell Un 5 '49 ww	79	78	79
4	Sinc O Oil con '37	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
11	Sinc Cr Oil 5½ '38	102¾	102	102
3	Sou Pac 4½ '68	49	48	48
4	Sou Pac 4½ '69 ww	48½	47¾	48½
1	South Ry con 5 '94	63	63	63
3	South Ry gen 4 '56	25½	25½	25½
2	SW Bell Tel 5 '54	105¾	105¾	105¾
20	St Oil NJ deb 5 '46	104¾	103¾	104
8	St Oil NY 4½ '51	96¾	96	96⅜
	T			
14	Tex Corp 5 cvt '44	90	89½	90
5	Tob Pr NJ 6½ 2022	95	95	95
	U			
10	Un Pac 1st 4 '47	96⅝	95½	96¼
37	Unit D D 5 '53	51	49½	50
9	U S Rub 5 '47	45¼	45	45
1	Utah P&L 5 '44	69	69	69
31	Util P&L 5 '59 ww	28¾	27¾	28¼
	V			
5	Vanadium 5 '41	49	48½	48½
1	Virgin Ry 5 '62	93½	93½	93½
	W			
13	Western El 5 '44	100½	100¼	100¼
2	Western Un 5 '51	57½	57	57
6	Western Un 5 '60	57½	56½	57½
5	Wheel St 4½ '53 B	58	58	58
7	Wil & Co 1st 6 '41	86	85½	85½
	Y			
1	Youngst S&T 5 '78	67½	67½	67½

FOREIGN BONDS.

4	Abitibi P & P 5 '53	16½	16½	16⅝
4	Akershus 5 '63	72	72	72
7	Argentine 6 '57 A	52	51	51¾
6	Arg 6 sf '59 June	51	50¾	50¾
9	Arg 6 '61 Feb	52	50½	52
17	Arg 6 '61 May	52	50⅞	51½
58	Australia 5 '55	76	75¼	75¼
30	Australia 5½ '56	70	69¼	69¾
9	Austria gtd 7 '43	91¼	91¼	91¼
2	Batav Pet 4½ '42	91½	91½	91½
8	Belgium 7 '56	102¾	102½	102⅝
4	Belgium 6 '55	96¾	96¼	96¼
33	Berlin C El 6½ '51	50½	50	50
5	Bolivia 8 '47	7¾	6½	6⅝
8	Bordeaux 6 '34	104	104	104
6	Brazil 8 '41	21	21	21
1	Brazil 6½ '26-57	18	18	18
5	Brazil 6½ '27-57	18	18	18
171	British 5½ '37	105¾	105⅛	105½
4	Budapest 7 '27-62	24¾	24¾	24¾
22	Buenos A 6 '61	28	27	28
2	Bulgaria 7½ '68	25½	25½	25½
31	Canada 5 '52	100¼	99⅝	99⅝
24	Canada 4 '60	89¼	88⅞	88⅞
10	Chile M Bk 6¾ '61	12¾	12⅜	12⅜
1	Chile 6 '60	7½	7½	7½
1	Chile 6 '61	7½	7½	7½
9	Colomb 6 '61 Oct	33	32½	33
6	Copenhag 5 '52	73½	72½	73¼
17	Denmark 4½ '62	76	74¼	74¾
4	Denkaus Bk 6 '32	84½	83	84
9	Duke Price P 6 '66	50¾	50¾	50¾
1	Finland 5½ '58	66	66	66
1	Fin M L 6½ '54 B	61	61	61
5	French 7½ '41	121½	121	121
2	French 7 '49	115⅝	115⅛	115⅝
6	Ger C Ag Bk 6 Apr	53	52½	52½
15	Ger C Ag Bk 6 Oct	46¾	46	46¼
125	Ger Govt Int 5½	50	49½	49¾
59	Ger Rep 7 '49	70	68¾	68¾
5	Ger Gen El 6 '48	35	34¼	34⅝
9	Gt Con Pet Jap 7	45½	44½	45
3	Ital Pub Ut 7 '52	86	86	86
26	Italy 7 '51	97	96¼	97
17	Japan 6½ '54	61	60⅛	61
1	Marseilles 6 '34	104	104	104
4	Met Wat 5½ '50	68	68	68
41	Milan City 6½ '52	82⅜	81	81
31	Mun Geraes 6½ '59	15	14½	15
12	New S W 5 '57	74¼	74¼	74¼
10	North G L 6 '47	40¼	40	40
7	Norway 6 '44	87	86¾	87
7	Norway 5 '63	80½	80	80
8	Nor'w H E 5½ '57	70½	69	69
9	Orient D L 5½ '58	44⅞	44¾	44⅞
6	Panama 5 '63 A	52½	52	52½
2	Peru 6 '60	5	5	5
13	Poland 8 '50	61	60¾	60¾
14	Poland 7 '47	53½	53½	53½
1	Queensld 6 '47	87½	87½	87½
82	Rhine W 6 '55 ww	48	47	47¾
2	Rio de Jan 6½ '53	8¾	8¾	8¾
9	Rome 6½ '52	85¾	85	85
9	Royal Dutch 4 '45	85⅝	85½	85½
16	Sao Paulo St 7 '40	54¾	54¾	54¾
2	Sax Pub Wks 7 '45	53½	53½	53½
2	Sax PubWk 6½ '51	45½	45½	45½
7	Serbs Cts Slov 7 '62	16	14	14
26	Sweden 5½ '54	96	95¾	95¾
7	Swiss 5½ '46	104½	104	104½
5	Sydney 5½ '55	69¼	69¼	69¼
3	Tokyo City 5½ '61	46	46	46
33	Tokyo El L 6 '53	37¼	36¾	36¾
1	Ujigawa El Pow 7'45	51¼	51¼	51¼
17	Un Stl Wks 6½'51 A	34¾	34½	34½
5	Uruguay 6 '60	34½	34½	34½
10	Vienna City 6 '52	45½	45	45
25	Westph U El P 6 '53	36½	36	36½
2	Yokohama 6 '61	48¼	48¼	48¼

WASHINGTON PRODUCE

EGGS—Prices f. o. b. Washington, D. C.: Current receipts, 24@26; white henneries, 29@31; Government graded and dated, white eggs: U. S. extras, large, 38@39; U. S. extras, mediums, 30@31; U. S. standards, large, 33@34.

LIVE POULTRY—Prices f. o. b. Washington, D. C.: Young chickens: Rocks, fancy, 13@16; Rocks, average to poor, 12@14; mixed colors, 10@12; Leghorns, 11@12. Fowl: Colored, large, 13@16; colored, light, 10@13; Leghorns, 10; roosters, 7@9; spring turkeys, 18@21; ducks, 9@13; capons, nominal, 20@30; guineas, young, 50@70 pair; old, 40@50 pair.

DRESSED POULTRY—Prices f. o. b. Washington, D. C.: Young chickens: Plymouth Rocks, fancy, 3 lbs. and over, 16@20; 2-3 lbs., 15@18; under, 14@17; fowls, medium, 15@17; under, 14½@16; Leghorns, 12@13; roosters, 12@14.

MEATS—Beef, 13@14; lambs, 13@13½; veal, 11@12½; pork loins, 13@14; fresh hams, 12@13; smoked hams, 13@15; lard, bulk, pure, 7½; compound, 7.

LIVE STOCK—Prices f. o. b. Washington, D. C.: Hogs, light, 4.00@4.25; medium, 4.00; heavy, 3.75@4.00; pigs, 3.75@4.25; calves, 3.00@5.50; lambs, 3.00@6.00.

FRUITS.

HONEYDEWS — California, standard, crates, 1.25@1.50.

APPLES—Maryland and Virginia, bushel tubs, Grimes, U. S. No. 1, 75@1.25; Jonathans, U. S. No. 1, 60@1.00; Staymans, 60@1.25; Delicious, U. S. No. 1, 75@1.50; Yorks, U. S. No. 1, 60@1.50. Boxes: Washington, extra fancy, medium to large size, Delicious, 2.00@2.25; Jonathans, medium to large size, 1.25@1.50.

GRAPES—California, Thompson Seedless, lugs, containing 9 pans, 1.50@1.60; Flame Tokays, 1.25; New York, 12-quart climax baskets, U. S. No. 1, table stock, Niagaras, 10; Concords, 10@11; 12-quart climax baskets, Michigan, No. 1, Concords, 33; 12-quart climax baskets, Delawares, Concords and Niagaras, 2.00@2.25; Isabellas, 2.00@2.25.

PEARS—New York, U. S. No. 1, bushel baskets, Bartletts, 1.00@1.15; Clapp Favorites, 1.00@1.25; Seckels, 1.30@1.80; Boscs, 1.25@1.50; Anjous, 75@1.00; Oregon boxes, Bartletts, U. S. No. 1, 150s, 2.00; Washington, fancy Bartletts, 156s and larger, 1.75@2.00.

WINTER BANANAS—Combination of extra fancy to fancy, medium to large sizes, 75@1.25.

CRABAPPLES — Michigan, bushel baskets, Hyslops, 1.50.

ORANGES—3.00@4.50.

PEACHES—New York, ½-bushel baskets, U. S. No. 1, Elbertas, 50.

CASABAS—California, standard crates, 1.25; jumbo crates, 1.20@1.40.

CHRISTMAS MELONS—California, jumbo, crates, 1.25.

VEGETABLES.

CAULIFLOWER—New York, Buffalo section, crates, 75@85; Long Island, crates, 1.00@1.25; New Jersey, packed in Long Island style, crates, 1.00@1.25.

CARROTS—California, Western lettuce crates, bunched, 2.25.

TOMATOES—California, lug boxes, ripes and turning, wrapped, 5x5 and 6x7, 1.25@1.50.

POTATOES—New Jersey, 100-lb. sacks, Cobblers, U. S. No. 1, 1.00; New York, 100-lb. sacks, round whites, U. S. No. 1, 1.00@1.10.

SWEET POTATOES — North Carolina, bushel baskets, Jersey type, U. S. No. 1, and Porto Ricans, U. S. No. 1, 30@60.

SNAP BEANS—North Carolina and Virginia, bushel hampers, green, flat type, best, 25@50.

LIMA BEANS—Virginia, bushel hampers, 1.50@2.50.

PEAS—California, bushel hampers, Telephones, 2.25.

SPINACH—Bushel baskets, Savoy type, Maryland, 50; Virginia, 25@50.

OKRA—Florida, bushel hampers, 1.50@2.00.

PEPPERS—New Jersey, bushel hampers, and bushel baskets, green, 50@75.

SQUASH — Bushel hampers, white, 1.00@1.10.

EGGPLANT—Florida, 1½-bushel crates, 1.75@2.25; bushel hampers, small size, 1.00@1.25.

COTTON VALUES CUT UNDER HEDGE SALES

December Closes at 6.06 as Prices Drop 4 to 6 Points; Liverpool Liquidates.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The cotton market was easier today under moderate hedge-selling pressure.

Fairly good trade buying orders were uncovered on slight reactions, but this support tapered off on rallies. Outside demand was restricted with the declines carrying the market into new low ground for the present movement.

December contracts sold off from 6.14 to 6.06 or 8 points net lower and closed at the latter figure with the general market finishing barely steady at net declines of 4 to 6 points.

The opening was 1 to 3 points points lower under moderate Southern selling and scattered liquidation promoted by a reactionary trend at Liverpool and an unfavorable view of the labor situation at Manchester, England, where operatives in the spinning section were going on strike because of reported opposition to wage reduction schedules posted by employers.

Southern advices reported quiet but steady markets. Liverpool cables reported hedging and liquidation because of the unfavorable labor situation with Manchester disorganized by the decline in cotton and prospects for a general strike. Exports today 85,532, making 2,007,694 so far this season. Port receipts, 71,123. U. S. port stocks, 4,274,170.

Futures Price Range.

	High.	Low.	Close.
December	6.14	6.06	6.06@07
January	6.18	6.10	6.10@11
March	6.28	6.21	6.21
May	6.38	6.30	6.30@31
July	6.48	6.41	6.41
October (1933)	6.64	6.55	6.55

Cottonseed Oil.

Cottonseed oil closed steady; prime summer yellow, 3.80; prime crude, 2.62½@2.87½. November, 3.87; December, 8.90; January, 8.94; March, 4.10; May, 4.21; June, 4.20. Sales, 6 contracts.

Chicago Chamber Finds Trade Gains Holding

Chicago, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—The Chamber of Commerce in its reports for the last week said locally it noted the recent gains were maintained and further gains were found in trade conditions.

Electric power production reached a new level and both wholesale and retail trades continued to expand at more than seasonable rates.

Lumber Output at Peak.

New York, Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Lumber production reached its highest point in any week since June during the weeks ending October 15 and October 22, the National Lumber Manufacturers Association reported today. Production for the latter week totaled 120,091,000 feet.

FIFTH RESERVE AREA BUSINESS PROSPERS

Bank at Richmond Reports Larger Than Seasonal Gain in Trade.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 31 (A.P.).—Increase in volume of business in some lines in the Fifth Federal Reserve District during the past month were reported today by the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond to have been larger than seasonal influence alone would explain.

In its monthly review of credit, business and agricultural conditions the bank said that the normal September seasonal upturn in volume of business was generally noted throughout the district, although in banking the developments of September and early October were mostly of an unseasonal nature.

Among these latter factors the bank cited a decline in rediscounts for member banks at the reserve bank, a decline in outstanding loans in reporting member banks in leading cities, a slight decrease in circulation of Federal reserve notes, and practically no net change in deposits in member banks.

Time Deposits Higher.

Time deposits in both member banks and in mutual savings banks increased in September.

Commercial failures in September in the Fifth District compared favorably both in number and aggragate liabilities involved with the record of recent months, and last month's liabilities were reported less than those of September, 1931.

Employment showed some seasonal changes, but there was no material net increase or decrease in the number of employed persons in the district.

Textile pay rolls were increased during September, due chiefly to increased number of days operation per week. Cotton consumption in September increased more than seasonally.

Coal production increased in September by about the normal amount.

Spot cotton prices declined between September 15 and October 15, which the bank attributed in part to the Department of Agriculture's increase of its previous production estimate.

Less Tobacco Sold.

Auction tobacco markets in the Carolinas sold much less tobacco than in September, 1931, but that sold brought better prices than last year.

Agricultural prospects on the whole declined considerably during September because of dry weather, but because of the lateness in the season, the drought did much less damage than the record drought of 1930.

Construction work provided for in building permits issued and contracts awarded last month was in small volume. Retail trade, reflected in sales of 33 leading department stores in the district, increased more than seasonally, and averaged only 10.8 per cent less than sales of September, 1931, while cumulative sales for the first nine months of this year averaged 18.8 per cent below the corresponding period last year.

Wholesale trade reported in five leading lines showed seasonal increases, and shoe sales were ahead of September, 1931, this being the first line

THE DAILY LEGAL RECORD

UNITED STATES COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1932.

Present: Presiding Judge William J. Graham, and Associate Judges Oscar E. Bland, Charles S. Hatfield, Finis J. Garrett and Irvine L. Lenroot.

Edwin A. Packard, Ralph Burch, Truman L. Stirer, James L. Brewrink, Donald W. Parrington, Simon M. Newman, James J. Cook, George L. Wallace, Edward W. Allen, jr., Washington, D. C., were admitted to practice.

CUSTOMS.

No. 506. M. J. Corbett & Co. vs. United States; opinion by Graham, Presiding Judge; reversed and the cause remanded with directions to find if any other dutiable value is shown by the record.

No. 3544. United States vs. A. Wittnauer Co., Inc.; opinion by Graham, Presiding Judge; judgment is reversed.

No. 470. United States vs. Case & Co.; opinion by Bland, Associate Judge; affirmed.

No. 3528. Alexander D. Shaw & Co. vs. United States; opinion by Bland, Associate Judge; judgment is affirmed.

No. 3833. Quong Lee & Co. vs. United States; opinion by Bland, Associate Judge; reversed.

No. 3525. Wonhem, Inc., et al. vs. United States; opinion by Hatfield, Associate Judge; affirmed.

No. 3526. C. R. Laurence vs. United States; opinion by Hatfield, Associate Judge; affirmed.

No. 3547. United States vs. Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co.; opinion by Hatfield, Associate Judge; affirmed.

No. 3550. United States vs. A. Smith Son Co.; opinion by Hatfield, Associate Judge; reversed.

No. 3510. Butler Bros. vs. United States. Opinion by Garrett, associate judge. Reversed.

No. 3553. United States vs. Massee & Co. Opinion by Garrett, associate judge. Reversed.

No. 3500. United States vs. Cartier, Inc. Opinion by Lenroot, associate judge. Affirmed.

No. 3552. United States vs. The Halls Bros. Co. Opinion by Lenroot, associate judge. Affirmed.

No. 3581. Ignazio Ridino vs. United States. Remission—evidence. Dismissed upon stipulation of counsel.

PATENTS.

No. 3028. Ex parte Juan J. Tomadelli. Motion of appellant for leave to file brief on or before April 1, 1933, and to continue case until May session, 1933, granted.

No. 3051. Victor P. Writer vs. Isidor Kiwad. Motion of appellant for leave to file additional papers denied.

No. 3167. Virgil E. Duemler and George R. Koeln vs. Ira E. McCabe. Motion of appellee suggesting diminution and praying for writ of certiorari to the Patent Office granted.

Nos. 3208 and 3209. Ex parte Rupert E. Rundell and Lester Ferenci. Motions of appellant for leave to file supplemental briefs instanter granted.

No. 3002. H. T. Bryan, jr., vs. Wayne Knitting Mills. Trade-mark for hosiery and knitted underwear. Dismissed for failure to prosecute.

No. 2800. Ex parte John L. Creveling. Improvement in lubricating means. Submitted on brief by appellant and argued by Mr. Howard S. Miller for the Patent Office.

No. 2999. Ex parte Cuthbert E. Reeves. Improvement in valuation charts. Argued by Mr. Max D. Farmer for appellant and by Mr. Howard S. Miller for the Patent Office.

No. 3001. Ex parte Karl E. Peller. Improvement in method and apparatus for feeding molten glass. Argued by Mr. S. F. Parham for appellant and by Mr. A. V. Hostetler, solicitor for the Patent Office.

No. 3003. Ex parte Albert R. Thompson. Improvement in canning apparatus. Argued by Mr. Arthur E. Dowell for appellant and by Mr. Howard S. Miller for the Patent Office.

No. 3004. Ex parte Albert R. Thompson. Improvement in canning apparatus. Argued by Mr. Arthur E. Dowell for appellant and by Mr. Howard S. Miller for the Patent Office.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Present—Chief Justice Martin, Associate Justices Robb, Van Orsdel, Hitz and Groner.

Messrs. Paul Bliven, Edwin S. Booth, Estill E. Ezell, A. Milburn Patty, John M. Hoffman, jr., John C. White and James Chase, McKenzie Ware are admitted to this practice.

No. 5507. Jett et al. vs. Montague Manufacturing Co.; judgment affirmed with costs. Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

No. 5555. Beebe vs. Radio Commission; decision affirmed with costs. Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

No. 5720. Ex rel Clifton Manufacturing Co. vs. Burnet, &c.; judgment affirmed. Mr. Chief Justice Martin.

No. 5767. Armstead et al. vs. Union Trust Co., executor; decree affirmed, costs to be taxed against estate. Mr. Justice Robb.

No. 5630. Cissell vs. Cissell; decree reversed with costs and cause remanded for further proceedings. Mr. Justice Hitz. Motion for reduction of alimony denied without prejudice.

No. 5653. U. S. vs. Burroughs et al.; argument commenced by Mr. John J. Wilson for appellant continued for appellee by Mr. Robert H. McNeill and Mr. Levi H. David and concluded by Mr. Wilson.

No. 5718. Robinson et al. vs. U. S. A.; argument commenced for appellant by Mr. E. Russell Kelly; continued for appellee by Mr. John J. Sirica, and concluded by Mr. Kelly.

No. 5683. Barrett vs. U. S. A.; passed to Wednesday.

No. 5760. Ex rel Chestatee Pyrites & Chemical Co. vs. Wilbur; argument commenced by Mr. Edgar Watkins for appellant, continued for appellee by Mr. O. Cleveres, and concluded by Mr. Marion Smith for appellant.

No. 5642. Smith vs. U. S. A.; argument commenced for appellant by Mr. J. William Tomlinson, continued for appellee by Mr. Julian I. Richards.

No. 1974. Wilson vs. Robertson; time to file record extended to December 28.

No. 5722. Abraham vs. Doak and No. 5723. Kowal vs. Doak; each case time to appellant to file brief extended twenty days.

No. 5782. Simmons vs. Security Finance Corporation et al.; ten additional days to make deposit for printing granted.

No. 2026. Michael vs. Smith, &c.; record to be filed by December 1.

No. 5826. Telegraph Herald Co. vs. Radio Commission; petition for stay order denied.

Assignment for Tuesday, November 1:

No. 5642. Smith vs. U. S. A.; on hearing. Attys., J. William Tomlinson—Julian I. Richards.

No. 5526. Phillips Construction Co. et al. vs. Stross et al. Attys., M. H. Campbell—Simon, Koenigsberger, Young & Bres.

No. 5534. Croker, &c., vs. Burnet, &c. Attys., H. Berg—C. M. Charest—G. A. Youngquist, Sewal Key.

No. 5535. Spinks Realty Co. vs. Burnet, &c. Attys., A. H. Gardner—G. A. Youngquist, W. F. Gibbs.

Nos. 5536 and 5537. District of Columbia vs. Leys. Attys., R. E. Lynch, W. W. Bride, E. P. West—Alvin L. Newmyer.

No. 5547. Mausserman vs. Burnet, &c. Attys., A. H. Gardner—C. M. Charest.

No. 5552. Marcum vs. Marcum. Attys., Merrick—A. S. Lawrence. F. D. Rohrer.

No. 5554. Bonner vs. Conklin. Attys., R. H. McNeill, H. W. Winburn—P. B. Morehouse.

No. 5556. Ginder vs Giuffrida. Attys., P. B. Rhodes—L. Hommedieu.

No. 5560. Fidelity Storage Co. et al. vs. Jacques. Attys., C. H. Merillat, G. H. Zeitzeus—E. Hilton Jackson, Godfrey L. Munter.

DISTRICT SUPREME COURT.

ASSIGNMENT COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE. Assignment for Tuesday, November 1.

CIVIL CASES.

No. 370. Allison vs. William Hahn & Co. Attys., E. N. Miller, R. D. Lyons—Simon, Koenigsberger, Young & Bres.

No. 363. Sanford vs. Sanford et al. Attys., M. J. Lane—H. A. Grant.

No. 376. Berry vs. Indep. Taxi Owners Assn. et al. Attys., A. S. Newmyer—F. J. Kelly, V. B. Lowrey, A. D. Smith.

No. 384. Jennings vs. Nickel Cab Co. Attys., R. A. Bogley, C. L. Aiello—H. F. Hawken.

No. 385. Hannon vs. Nickel Cab Co. Attys., R. A. Bogley, C. L. Aiello—H. F. Hawken.

No. 392. Madden, adm., et al. vs. Brady. Attys., Lambert, Yeatman, Canfield—P. B. Morehouse, J. B. Dennis, C. S. Baker, J. C. Wilkes.

No. 393. Post vs. Kenworthy. Attys., A. F. Canfield, Lambert, Yeatman—James J. Hayden.

No. 394. Hollen vs. Nickel Cab Co. et al. Attys., A. L. Newmyer—Hawken, Brown, Jacobson.

No. 395. Deming vs. Brownley, receiver. Attys., C. C. Collins, A. E. Brault—Carlin & Carlin, L. C. Garnett.

No. 396. Parker vs. City Cab Co., Inc. Attys., W. G. Gardiner, S. Trimble, jr.; W. G. Gardiner, jr.—A. W. Jacobson, C. Brown.

No. 398. Dann vs. Wash. Gas Light Co. et al. Attys., J. D. Sullivan—W. J. Lambert.

No. 31575. Kessler vs. Gen. Motors Acceo. Corp. Attys., R. W. McMahon—Bright & Sill.

Nos. 68 and 69. Rabbes vs. Tompkins. Attys., A. L. Newmyer—E. L. Jones.

No. 105. Kline, admr., vs. Carter. Attys., H. P. Blair—H. Bord.

No. 116. Indep. Taxi Owners Assn. vs. Black & White Taxicab Co. Attys., A. D. Smith—Whiteford, Marshall & Hart.

No. 1403. Columbian Wholesalers vs. Royal Valet Shop. Attys., J. J. Wilson—R. M. Hudson.

EQUITY CASES.

No. 635. Jones vs. Rohrbach. Attys., Burton, Marye, O'Leary, Berwin—Quinn, Ottenberg, Brandenburg, Denit.

No. 65. Clark vs. Clark. Attys., J. C. Turco—I. Diener.

No. 75. Taishoff vs. Taishoff. Attys., J. L. Pugh, J. H. Burnett—W. A. Coombe.

No. 108. Thomas vs. Thomas. Attys., R. Neudecker—H. L. McCormick.

No. 54721. Sullivan, trustee, vs. Kennedy Bros. Co. Attys., Douglas, Obear & Douglas, E. D. Campbell—W. G. Gardiner, J. F. Laskey.

No. 125. Tobriner, trustee, vs. Kayden et al. Attys., L. Koenigsberger—G. L. Munter.

No. 126. Sorrell vs. Virginia Paper Co. Attys., Lambert & Yeatman—C. B. Garnett, J. T. Wings.

No. 128. Costello vs. Costello et al. Atty., M. E. Croggan.

No. 129. Jones vs. Jones et al. Attys., Ray Neudecker—H. M. Fowler.

MOTIONS COURT—Mr. Justice O. R. Luhring presiding; William W. Stickney, clerk.

No. 81886. Henry C. Althoff vs. James P. Lancaster et al.; motion to dismiss suit overruled. Atty., Clyde D. Garrett.

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No. 78189. Lillian D. Wallace vs. Edward B. Dean, sr.; motion to strike order of dismissal overruled. Attys., J. J. O'Leary, Albert D. Esher—W. Gwynn Gardiner.

No. 81772. Joseph T. Exnicios vs. William B. Allman, receiver; demurrer to amended plea overruled. Attys., A. W. Jacooson—Coiladay, Clifford, Pettus & Wallace.

No. 79532. Milton T. Colburn vs. Harry B. Sweeney; C. F. Grant permitted to withdraw as attorney for defendant. Attys., Simon, Koenigsberger, Young & Bres.—C. F. Grant.

No. 80323. Totten & Ward, Inc., vs. Rowe Totten; amended particulars to be filed within ten days hereof. Attys., Nelson Wilson—Minor, Gatley & Drury.

No. 81825. William Jerferis vs. Sterrett Operating Service, Inc.; ten days permitted to amend demurrer on condition that demurrer stand as to the amended declaration. Attys., Alvin L. Newmyer—Whiteford, Marshall & Hart.

No. 54694. Russell M. McCartney et al. vs. Summerfield McCartney et al.; cause advanced for hearing. Attys., W. C. English—C. S. Baker, Clepsane, Latimer & Hall.

No. 54976. District National Bank vs. William Frank Tryson et al.; returnable November 7. Attys., E. C. Kris—C. T. Clayton.

No. 53490. Stanley Palfrey Co. et al. vs. Jeffrey Parsons et al.; final decree ordering payment into court registry. Attys., Wheatley & Wheatley—P. M. O'Brien and M. F. O'Donoghue, et al.

No. 53794. Clarence William Burch vs. Elizabeth Smoot et al.; returnable first Friday, &c. Attys., Ray Neudecker—Philip F. Biggins.

No. 54350. Stella F. Sternberg vs. Campbell R. Williams et al.; title established and fee to guardian ad litem ordered. Attys., F. E. Stetson—Simon, Koenigsberger, Bres & Young.

No. 54792. Anastasia La Joe, &c., vs. Marcus La Joe; returnable first Tuesday. Atty., R. Neudecker.

No. 54951. Angela Roach Carman vs. Richard F. Carman, jr.; defendant permitted to leave District. Atty., John Paul Jones.

No. 54796. Charlotte L. Knapp vs. Charles P. Knapp et al.; consolidated with No. 51261 for hearing. Attys., John J. Carmody—Ellis Logan.

No. 54926. Ella Hane Briscoe vs. Samuel M. Briscoe; maintenance and custody of children ordered. Atty., Nita S. Hinman.

No. 15192. Lunacy in re Francis M. Valandingham; committee permitted to surrender certificate of insurance and to receive permanent and total benefit, &c.

No. 52226. Herbert E. Lugenbeel et al. vs. William H. Hickey; exceptions overruled and report of auditor confirmed; appeal noted; bond, $1,000. Attys., Hallock P. Loug—J. P. Lillard.

No. 48204. Ella R. Timberg vs. Frank Timners; returnable November 7. Attys., John Raum—John H. Wilson.

No. 50737. James M. Henderson vs. Pauline A. Henderson et al.; rule discharged. Attys., D. Edward Clarke—Ray Neudecker.

No. 53856. Public Utilities Comm. vs. W. R. & E. Co. et al.; leave granted to C. & P. Tel. Co. to file brief as friend of court. Attys., W. W. Bride, W. A. Roberts—S. R. Bowen, Allen Van Wyck, George P. Hoover et al.

No. 53868. Henry F. Woodard vs. William J. Finley et al.; leave to intervene granted to J. T. Jamison, M. H. Aydlette, Lillian Corbin, Otis C. Merrill, Philip and Lillian Krouse as parties plaintiff. Attys., Douglas, Obear & Douglas.

No. 54304. Anna R. Crawford vs. Howard E. Crawford et al.; rule discharged. Attys., W. W. Medley, G. W. Smith, A. E. Cook—J. A. O'Shea, John H. Burnett.

No. 54457. Du Rite Chemical Co. vs. William H. Hasenfluck; W. A. Coombe permitted to withdraw as attorney for defendant. Attys., W. A. Johnson, C. S. Lawrence.

No. 10938. Lunacy in re James Roley; new bond authorized.

No. 11436. Lunacy in re William Myers; sale of stock authorized.

No. 53689. Ivie Goodson vs. Aaron J. Goodson; returnable November 30. Attys., George C. Warren, jr.—C. T. Clayton.

No. 208. District in re Squire 6037 et al.; payments of money to be deposited in court registry. Attys., H. H. Glassie—J. N. Halper, R. P. Barnard et al.

No. 2691. Bankruptcy in re Ray Weinstein, &c.; reference to referee. Atty., Dora Palkin.

No. 2757. Bankruptcy in re Edward J. Seiler; adjudication and reference to Fred J. Eden, referee. Atty., Charles H. Merillat.

No. 2452. Bankruptcy in re Swartzell, Rheem & Hensey Co.; period for amendment of proofs of claim extended. Attys., Tobriner & Graham—M. C. Doyle.

CIRCUIT COURT 1—Mr. Justice James M. Proctor presiding; R. E. L. Goff, clerk.

No. 79007. Malcolm Walter vs. Carrie E. Campbell, executrix; judgment on verdict for plaintiff as defendant for $593 with interest and costs as admitted. Attys., G. G. McLeish—John D. Fitzgerald.

No. 79068. Samuel Pearl vs. Joseph D. Ashby et al.; trial resumed and verdict for plaintiff for $30. Attys., Charles T. Clayton—Frank B. Hoffman.

No. 79063. James R. Adkins vs. U. S. A.; jury sworn and respited. Attys., James Conlon—John W. Wood.

No. 77644. Elizabeth Ann Smallwood vs. Dorothy S. Geare; judgment on verdict for defendant against plaintiff for costs. Attys., George P. Lemm—Walter C. Clephane.

CIRCUIT COURT 2—Mr. Justice Joseph W. Cox presiding; George A. Watts, clerk.

No. 53756. Joseph A. Burkart vs. Great National Insurance Co.; hearing resumed and continued to Tuesday. Attys., W. Gwynn Gardiner, William E. White, Spencer Gordon—E. B. Christensen.

CIRCUIT COURT 3—Mr. Justice Jesse C. Adkins presiding; J. Wesley Gardner, jr., clerk.

No. 54227. John McKnight Storrow vs. The Concord Club; hearing resumed and continued to Tuesday. Attys., Louis M. Denit—A. B. Fennell, L. W. C. Lamar.

CIRCUIT COURT 4—Mr. Justice Jennings Bailey presiding; Russel P. Belew, clerk.

No. 78200. Clarence M. Davis et al., trustees, vs. Birdie Eriebacher; trial resumed and verdict for defendant. Attys., Simon Hirshman, Shefferman & Aronson—Simon, Koenigsberger, Young & Bres.

No. 76409. Pasquale A. Maccarone vs. G. S. H. Carroll; jury sworn and verdict for defendant. Attys., Joseph C. Turco—Joseph T. Shea.

No. 78797. Rachel Pretzfelder vs. District of Columbia, &c.; consent judgment for plaintiff for $1,000 without interest or costs. Attys., Leon Pretzfelder—Robert E. Lynch.

No. 78932. Seaboard Midland Petroleum Co. vs. Ralph Oil Co., &c.; jury sworn and respited. Attys., Minor, Gatley & Drury—Martin J. McNamara, Martin F. O'Donoghue.

No. 79164. Sadie G. Park, &c., vs. Potomac Builders Supply Co.; motion for new trial filed. Attys., A. L. Newmyer—Elwood H. Seal.

EQUITY COURT 1—Mr. Justice Peyton Gordon presiding; Harry B. Dertzbaugh, clerk.

No. 51456. Dorothy C. Cook, &c., vs. J. Maury Dove Co.; hearing commenced and continued to Tuesday. Attys., Clephane & Latimer, G. L. Hall—Leon Tobriner, W. C. Sullivan, John W. Fisher, Edmund L. Jones.

No. 54304. N. R. Crawford vs. Howard E. Crawford et al.; alimony reduced. Attys., William B. Medley, G. W. Grant—J. A. O'Shea.

EQUITY COURT 2 AND DISTRICT COURT 1—Mr. Justice F. Dickinson Letts presiding; Williams F. Lemon, clerk.

No. 2139. In re square 296; hearing resumed and continued to Tuesday. Attys., H. H. Glassie, A. G. Lambert, A. H. Bell, J. N. Halper, R. P. Barnard et al.

No. 53429. Benjamin F. Dove vs. Mary Thomas Dove; decree for plaintiff ordered. Attys., Bart Clines—Catherine Reaney.

No. 51626. Max Baron vs. Samuel Baron; hearing had and decree ordered for plaintiff. Attys., Jean M. Boardman —George D. Horning, jr.

No. 53433. Howard I. Kingman vs. Edna E. Kingman; interlocutory decree for divorce. Attys., Philip W. Austin—John J. O'Leary.

No. 2120. In re Reservations A and B; opinion sustaining demurrer. Attys., H. H. Glassie et al.

No. 2068. In re square 6027; fund in registry ordered disbursed. Attys., H. H Glassie—R. P. Barnard.

PROBATE COURT—Mr. Justice Adkins presiding.

Estate of Phyllis O. Halloway; petition for probate of will and letters of administration c. t. a. Attys., Barnard & Johnson.

Estate of Ignatius Gwynn Gardiner; will filed dated July 25, 1932.

Estate of Lewis Raymond Bateman; petition for letters of administration; order granting letters of administration to Clarence M. Bateman; undertaking, $1,000. Attys., Lambert & Hart.

Estate of James H. Hughes; petition for letters of administration. Attys., Daniel & Dodson.

Estate of Mildred McL. Dewey; order vesting title of certain personal property in George Goodwin Dewey and directing certain other articles of personality shall be distributed at this time, and further authorizing collectors to turn over said personality to George Goodwin Dewey upon payment by him of $200.00 toward the cost of maintaining and storing the various items, all other costs to be charged to the estate.

Estate of Catherine W. Dorsey; will filed dated June 17, 1932.

Estate of Robert C. Howard; will filed dated August 4, 1919.

Estate of Hester W. Maurry; order admitting will to probate and granting letters testamentary to Charles Cloudesay; special bond, $1,000. Attys., Sacks & Yockelson.

Estate of John M. Hennessey; order admitting will to probate and granting letters testamentary to Helen A. Brandau; undertaking, $800. Atty., J. C. Suraci.

Estate of Lillyan Manley; order granting letters of administration to Roy T. Manley; undertaking, $4,000. Attys., Richmond & Carmody.

Estate of Clarency A. Miller; order admitting will to probate and granting letters of administration c. t. a. to Cyril A. Miller; special bond, $1,000. Atty., M. W. Hendry.

Estate of Daniel Culver; order granting letters of administration to Ivan Heidman; undertaking, $1,500. Atty., I. Heidman.

Estate of Katherine M. McCormick; petition for guardian ad litem fee; order authorizing payment of $200 fee to guardian ad litem, R. D. Quinter.

Estate of Malcolm Hufty; petition to extend real estate note; order authorizing same. Atty., J. J. Carmody.

Estate of Mary F. Rives; petition for sale of securities; order authorizing same. Atty., N. T. Henson.

CRIMINAL COURT 1—Mr. Chief Justice Alfred A. Wheat presiding; William S. Adkins, clerk.

No. 51652. U. S. vs. James Proctor; discharged November 2, 1932.

No. 52107. U. S. vs. William A. Raymond; violation section 826-b; jury sworn; verdict guilty as indicted. Atty., George Rose.

Nos. 51643 and 51725. U. S. vs. Edward Miller; grand larceny; nolle prosequi.

No. 52432. U. S. vs. Raymond Johnson; housebreaking and larceny; plea guilty entered to second count; grand larceny; nolle entered to first count. Atty., Raymond E. Bable.

No. 52541. U. S. vs. James Miller; violation 826-b D. C. code; plea guilty and cause referred.

U. S. vs. George W. Crouch; assault; recognizance, $1,500 taken, with Milton S. Kronheim surety.

No. 52066. U. S. vs. Chester C. Cay; assault; motion for new trial filed. Atty., Cedric F. Johnson.

No. 52534. U. S. vs. Edward L. Carroll; appearance of William J. Crane entered.

No. 52304. U. S. vs. Mark Werner; violation national prohibition act; bench warrant issued.

No. 52271. U. S. vs. James Dyson; nonsupport; defendant committed to W. A. and jail.

No. 52240. U. S. vs. Marshall J. Colston; assault; jury sworn; verdict guilty as indicted and defendant committed. Atty., Robert L. Miller.

Assignment for Tuesday, November 1, 1932:

Empanelling of petit jury.

CRIMINAL COURT 2—Mr. Justice Daniel O'Donoghue presiding; Richard Kirkland, clerk.

No. 52363-87. U. S. vs. Henry T. Snowden; robbery and receiving stolen property; each plea guilty entered.

No. 52395. U. S. vs. Raymond L. Schreiner; embezzlement; plea guilty entered and cause referred. Atty., Larry L. Cobb.

No. 52380. U. S. vs. James H. McGowan; assault; jury sworn; verdict guilty as indicted. Attys., Michael J. Colbert and J. William Shea.

No. 52415-34. U. S. vs. Archie Lyles; violation section 826-b and housebreaking and larceny; jury sworn and cause gone to jury. Atty., James K. Hughes.

No assignment for Tuesday.

LAWSUITS.

No. 81994. James G. Powell vs. U. S. of A.; policy. Atty., W. C. Miller.

No. 81995. Audrey McCleary, a minor, by Harry C. McCleary, her father and next friend, vs. Luther E. Schreiner; damages, $25,000. Attys., George C. Shinn and J. O. Hodges, jr.

No. 81996. Audrey McCleary, &c., vs. Jack Schreiner, a minor, et al.; damages, $25,000. Attys., George C. Shinn and J. O. Hodges, jr.

No. 81997. Charles Rappaport vs. Thomas E. Franklin; damages, $7,500. Attys., I. M. Lavine and H. H. Lavine.

No. 81998. Samuel Menah vs. Union Station Garage, Inc.; debt, $2,700. Atty., James Sherier.

No. 81999. Samuel Kolker et al. vs. Central Trust Co.; damages, $25,000. Atty., Alvin L. Newmyer.

No. 82000. Fidelity Contracting Co. vs. Automobile Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn.; policy. Attys., H. O. Espey and C. V. Diedel.

No. 82502. Sam Drinkard vs. United States of America; policy.

No. 82503. Nellie G. Baltimore, Admx., &c., vs. U. S. of A.; policy.

DOCKETED JUDGMENTS.

No. 2468. Realty Associates, Inc., vs. Henry B. Thuman et al.; $100. Atty., Louis Ottenburg.

No. 2469. The Morris Plan Bank of Washington vs. John R. Kleny et al.; $288.75. Atty., George C. Shinn.

BANKRUPTCY PETITIONS.

No. 2757. In re Edward J. Seiler; voluntary; liabilities, $9,500; assets, none. Atty., C. M. Merillat.

AUCTION SALES

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1932—

THOS. J. OWEN & SON, Auctioneers. 1431 Eye Street Northwest.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, BEING A TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING CONTAINING FIVE ROOMS AND BATH, KNOWN AS 753 KENYON STREET NORTHWEST.

By virtue of a certain deed of trust duly recorded in Liber No. 6488, Folio 441 et seq., of the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned trustees will sell, at public auction in front of the premises, on MONDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1932, AT TWO O'CLOCK P. M., the following-described land and premises, situate in the District of Columbia, and designated as and being lot numbered ninety (90) in square numbered two thousand eight hundred and ninety-two (2892), being further described by metes and bounds in said deed of trust.

TERMS—Sold subject to a prior Building Association deed of trust for $2,660.00; also subject to a second deed of trust, paid, but not released of record, for the sum of seven hundred and twenty dollars ($720.00), further particulars of which will be announced at time of sale; the purchase price above said trust to be paid in cash. A deposit of $200.00 required. Conveyancing, recording, &c., at purchaser's cost. Terms to be complied with within thirty (30) days, otherwise deposit forfeited and the property may be advertised and resold at the discretion of the trustees.

WILBUR C. WILEY.
MAURICE M. GRUDD.
P—Oc.26.29,no.1.3.5.7. Trustees.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1932—

THOS. J. OWEN & SON. Auctioneers. 1431 Eye Street N.W.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED REAL ESTATE, BEING PREMISES NO 725 ROXBORO PLACE NORTHWEST.

By virtue of a certain deed of trust duly recorded in Liber No. 6589 Folio 75 et seq., of the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned trustees will sell at public auction, in front of the premises, on TUESDAY, THE EIGHTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1932, AT FOUR-THIRTY O'CLOCK P. M., the following described land and premises, situate in the county of Washington, District of Columbia and designated as and being all of Lot numbered fifty (50) in Square numbered Three thousand one hundred sixty-one (3161) in the Subdivision made by Harry Wardman and Thomas P. Bones as per plat recorded in the office of the Surveyor for the District of Columbia in Liber 38 at folio 29.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash, the balance in two equal installments, payable in one and two years, with interest at six per centum per annum, payable semiannually, from day of sale, secured by deed of trust upon the property sold, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. A deposit of $500 will be required at time of sale. All conveyancing, recording, etc., at cost of purchaser. Terms of sale to be complied with within thirty days from day of sale, otherwise the trustees reserve the right to resell the property at the risk of defaulting purchaser, after five days' advertisement of such resale in some newspaper published in Washington, D. C.

GEORGE Y. WORTHINGTON, JR.
H. ROZIER DULANY, JR.,
P—oc.26.29.no.1.3.5.7. Trustees.

LOST 1

BRWASTPIN—BROWN CAMEO; ON FRIDAY. REWARD. CALL GREENWOOD 2128.

WRIST WATCH—Gruen, with initials V. H. R., betw. Fox Theater and 17th and R sts., Sunday evening. Reward. No. 9634.

FOUND 2

IN DIAMOND CABS:
Camera—Small box, by Driver 116. Call Lost and Found Dept., North 2868.

PERSONALS 3

BODY MASSAGE—Masseur from New York City; gentlemen only. Nat. 5058.

HEMORRHOIDS (piles) eradicated by own method; results guaranteed for life or money back; write for booklet, Dr. Sommerwerck, 1365 Columbia road.

CLAIRVOYANTS 4

LICENSED BY DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

MADAM ZARA HOURS, 10-10
320 D NE.
Cards, Palm; $2 Readings, $1.

D'ASHMAN 704 13th NW., Near G NA. 9381.
Advice on all affairs of life.

MADAM NAOMA PALMIST MEDIUM
Tells anything you want to know; who and when you'll marry; makes up lovers' quarrels and family troubles, how to gain and hold a good position, overcome troubles, bad luck. Hours, 9 to 9. $2 readings, $1. 623 7TH ST. NW. (BET. F & G STS.)

MME. DILL GIFTED LIFE READER
Challenges the world for her great readings and power as a gift by birth to her to help those who are in trouble, giving names, dates, facts; guides you to success, health and happiness. Special Reading Thursday. Hrs. 9-9. 739 7TH ST. NW

29 Years' Successful Practice in Washington

Martha Spencer

THE ADVICE OF A TRUE, RELIABLE READER IS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY AND VALUABLE AT THIS TIME OF WORRY AND DEPRESSION.

MY MANY YEARS OF EXPERIENCE AND HONORABLE DEALINGS IN WASHINGTON SHOULD GIVE YOU A FEELING OF GENUINE CONFIDENCE IN ALL I AM ABLE TO ADVISE AND HELP YOU WITH.

Martha Spencer has been consulted by the most prominent people from all parts of the world, with open statements for your own inspection, each bearing their own signature.

WITHOUT A QUESTION I WILL TELL YOU THE OBJECT OF YOUR CALL, NAMES OF FRIENDS, RELATIVES AND ACTUAL FACTS CONCERNING YOUR LIFE AND CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH YOU KNOW TO BE ABSOLUTELY TRUE. PERFECT SATISFACTION OR NO FEE.

924 14th St. N.W.

Cut this out for future success & reference.

SPIRITUALISTS 5

DR. JANE B. COATES for month of November will give $1 readings to help the depressed; by appt. Col. 6227.

AUTOMOBILES for SALE 7

BUICK—1925 touring car; sport model, in good running condition, with excellent motor; if sold at once, $35. Can be seen any time. 1344 Kenyon st. nw. Phone Col. 5190.

CADILLAC 1928 custom-built, 5-pass. sedan, 6 w. w. and trunk rack. Perfect condition throughout; low mileage. $695
STANLEY H. HORNER, INC.,
1015 & 1111 14th St. Na. 5800.

CORD Convertible de luxe sedan; a beauty. Cord convertible coupe; very smart and fast. Rolls Royce custom-built phaeton; air brakes; de luxe equipped. Real bargains. Private owner. Col. 2800.

DISPLAY Cars all carry a new-car guarantee — your present car in trade—savings as much as $425
GRAHAM MOTOR SALES,
1326 14th St.

ESSEX 1930 SEDAN LIKE NEW.
Must be seen to be appreciated. Only $28 down; balance easy terms arranged.
CENTURY MOTORS, INC.
1805 14th St. NW. Nor. 9232.

FORD 1930 COUPE.
Just the car for the business man or woman. Excellent condition; fast and reliable. A real value for $245
someone's money. See it. for
DONOHOE CHEVROLET
1620 M St. N.W. DIst. 8300.

PONTIAC—1932 "8" convertible coupe. Very low mileage; easy terms; new-car guarantee; will accept small trade. Call Georgia 2888-J.

USED CARS 77 to choose from. Many makes, many models, and at the price you want to pay.
H. B. LEARY, JR., & BROS.,
1321 14th St. NW.

Final Clearance
USED CAR STOCK
REDUCED UP TO
$100
See Us Before Buying Any Used Car
TAYLOR MOTOR CO.
3 Showrooms
14th and T Sts.

OLDSMOBILE

1931 Oldsmobile Sport Coupe	$595
1929 Hupp 4-Pass. Coupe, Century 6	$345
1931 Chevrolet Sport Roadster	$295
1928 Oldsmobile De Luxe Sedan	$275
1929 Hudson Sport Sedan	$295

Wisconsin Motors, Inc.
Used Car Lot
2901 M St. DE. 5540
Open Evenings Until 10 P.M.

$79.00 FORD 1929 ROADSTER
$139.00 FORD 1930 ROADSTER
That's All You Pay
NOLAN
1111 18th St. N.W.

WANTED—AUTOMOBILES 13

WE BUY any make car; highest prices paid. See us before you sell. Auto Mart. Open evenings and Sundays. North 8127.
1333 14TH ST. N.W.

CASH FOR YOUR CAR
Without a doubt I pay highest price. If your car is not paid for, will pay your undue balance, give you the difference in cash. No delay. Drive to 1726 14th st. nw.
SEE MR. BARNES

HELP WANTED—FEMALE 17

APPEX HAIR DRESSERS—Wanted at 327 Florida ave. nw. Decatur 0620. Mrs. Jones.

EXPERT marcel and finger waver. Bob's Beauty Shoppe, 223 Upshur st. nw.

YOUNG GIRL—Wanted for general housework; must have refs. Apply Standard Upholstering Co., 430 11th st. nw.

YOUNG WOMEN—$18 and com. conditional to start; steady and pleasant work. Apply before 8 or after 4 p. m. 826 Investment Bldg.

PERMANENT and profitable positions for women with attractive personality explaining our plan to Federal and District employes and veterans. Leads furnished, exclusive territory. Government employes and ex-service men and women can earn money enrolling fellow-workers. National Cooperative Association. 429 Homer Bldg.

HELP WANTED—MALE 18

MEN (3), to assist manager in taking orders; neat appearance; about $20 week to start. Apply room 603, 1319 F st. nw.

SZVERAL neat appearing young men, $18 and com. conditional to start; steady work. Apply before 8 or after 4 p. m. 826 Investment Bldg.

STRANGE AS IT SEEMS —By John Hix

STOLEN when a small child from his owners, a nameless Negro slave who later adopted the name of George Washington Carver and became one of the world's leading living scientists, was ransomed from his captors with a broken down race horse, valued at about $300. Dr. Carver's work in reclaiming waste products from the farm, his methods in efficient farming, and commercial chemical achievements particularly in the field of dyes, have brought to light the vast potential wealth on "valueless" farm lands.

Dr. Carver was ransomed by his owner after he and his mother were kidnaped. His mother was never returned. The nameless Negro slave took the surname of his owners, and the given name of George Washington. He worked his way through school, earning his degree at the Iowa State College. Then he returned to the South to begin his work at the Tuskegee Institute at Tuskegee, Ala. Chief among his many accomplishments is his work in making more than 300 useful products from peanuts and sweet potatoes—among them foodstuffs, building materials, cosmetics, paints, lubricants and ink.

• • • •

On one of the ancient Roman ships recently recovered from Lake Nemi in Italy, Emperor Caligula gave his famous party that resulted in death for all his guests. Caligula, whose reign in later years was marked by cruelties, ordered seacocks in the palatial floats opened at the height of one of his extravagant parties on board. He fled in a waiting boat, leaving his guests to drown.

Colors give added realism to strange things and happenings illustrated by John Hix on a full page in The Sunday Post.

HELP WANTED—MALE 18

SALESMAN—Experienced vacuum cleaner; splendid contract; new stock. Apply 3337 Conn. ave. nw

The Washington Post.

NOVEMBER 1, 1932

BROWN TRANSFERS 26 POLICE TO BOOST FORCE ON STREETS

Capt. Kelly Goes to Third Precinct as Crime Unit Is Hard Hit.

To place more uniformed men on the street, Superintendent of Police Ernest W. Brown yesterday ordered 26 personnel transfers in the department, including the reassignment of three captains, all effective at 8 a. m. today.

On his own request, Capt. Edward J. Kelly was transferred from the Crime Prevention Bureau to the Third Precinct, relieving Capt. J. A. Sullivan, who is to take command of the Fourth Precinct. Capt. Sullivan will relieve Capt. J. E. Bobo, who is to be assigned to administrative headquarters.

Transfer of the captains had been announced Saturday by Maj. Brown, and the orders yesterday were the formal executions of the shifts. Under the orders the Crime Prevention Bureau is virtually abolished and becomes an adjunct of the Detective Bureau. Formerly it was a separate unit of the department.

Switch of Sergeants.

Lieut. Fred Sandberg and his aids in the Identification Bureau, formerly a part of the Crime Prevention Bureau, were transferred to the jurisdiction of the Detective Bureau, where they were originally.

The following sergeants were shifted: E. W. Reed, from administrative headquarters to the Detective Bureau; R. C. Pearce, from the Second District to the Sixth Precinct; R. J. Fraser, from administrative headquarters to the Ninth Precinct; J. L. Kelly, from administrative headquarters to the Detective Bureau.

Privates transferred from administrative headquarters are: J. C. Broderick, to the Sixth Precinct; O. S. Hunt, to the Detective Bureau; Guy Rone, to the Eleventh Precinct; John Apostolides, to the Detective Bureau; J. O. Patton, to the Detective Bureau; A. E. Fredette, to the Detective Bureau; S. M. Scott, to the Detective Bureau; W. T. Murphy, to the Detective Bureau, and C. J. Sullivan, to the Detective Bureau. These men were formerly assigned to the Crime Prevention Bureau.

Other Changes.

The other changes are:

C. R. Blick, from Second District Headquarters to Detective Bureau; J. V. McKone, from Detective Bureau to Third District; Paul Sullivan, from Traffic Bureau to Tenth Precinct; W. F. Als, from Fourth Precinct to Second District Headquarters; Precinct Detective W. B. Satterthwaite, from Sixth to Ninth Precinct; E. O. Murray, from Detective Bureau to Sixth Precinct for duty, as precnct detective; V. A. Larsen, from Administrative Headquarters to Detective Bureau; C. E. Goldstein, from Administrative Headquarters to Detective Bureau; Photographer I. N. Gullichson, from Administrative Headquarters to Detective Bureau.

The Weather

TODAY'S SUN AND TIDE TABLE

	A.M.	P.M.
Sun rises	6:35	
High tide	9:49	10:15
Sun sets	5:08	
Low tide	4:17	4:22

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, Monday, Oct. 31—8 p. m.

Forecast for the District of Columbia—Cloudy, with rain, Tuesday; colder Tuesday night; Wednesday partly cloudy; fresh south, shifting to west winds.

For Maryland—Rain Tuesday, colder Tuesday night; Wednesday partly cloudy.

For Virginia—Cloudy, preceded by rain Tuesday, colder in afternoon or at night; Wednesday partly cloudy.

The tropical disturbance is central tonight about 60 miles southwest of St. Kitts, Leeward Islands. It is of slight to moderate intensity and apparently moving westward.

The disturbance that was over northern Texas Sunday night has advanced eastward to Georgia, and a secondary has developed over Ohio. Cleveland, 29.78 inches, whence it will move northeastward. An area of high pressure is moving eastward over Quebec and the Gulf of St. Lawrence. Chatham, 30.50 inches, and another high-pressure area is moving eastward over the southern Plains States and the interior of the west Gulf States. Concordia, Kans., 30.28 inches. Rains have occurred in the middle and east Gulf States, the South Atlantic States, the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys, the Lake region, the middle and southern Appalachian region, and in the North Pacific States. Temperatures have fallen in the interior of the middle and west Gulf States, and have risen in the lower Lake region, the upper Ohio Valley, along the south Atlantic coast, and over the northern Rocky Mountain region.

Local Weather Report.

Temperature—Midnight, 42; 2 a. m., 38; 4 a. m., 36; 6 a. m., 36; 8 a. m., 37; 10 a. m., 50; 12 noon, 53; 2 p. m., 54; 4 p. m., 55; 6 p. m., 54; 8 p. m., 53; 10 p. m., 52. Highest, 56; lowest, 36. Relative humidity—8 a. m., 83; 2 p. m., 52; 8 p. m., 57. Rainfall (8 p. m. to 8 p. m.), none. Hours of sunshine, 2. Per cent of possible sunshine, 19.

DEPARTURES FROM NORMAL.

Accumulated excess of temperature since January 1, 1932, 792 degrees.

Excess of temperature since October 1, 1932, 19 degrees.

Accumulated excess of precipitation since January 1, 1932, 2.56 inches.

Excess of precipitation since October 1, 1932, 4.50 inches.

Temperatures and Precipitation.

Temperatures and precipitation for 24 hours ended 8 p. m. Monday.

	Highest Mon.	Lowest night.	Sun. 8 p.m.	Mon. Rain-fall.
Washington, D. C.	56	36	53	
Asheville, N. C.	52	52	50	1.50
Atlanta, Ga.	68	58	60	0.96
Atlantic City, N. J.	56	38	52	....
Baltimore, Md.	54	38	52	....
Birmingham, Ala.	74	62	62	1.06
Bismarck, N. Dak.	42	24	34	....
Boston, Mass.	50	40	48	....
Buffalo, N. Y.	50	34	50	....
Chicago, Ill.	44	40	42	0.08
Cincinnati, Ohio	54	40	52	0.94
Cheyenne, Wyo.	48	16	36	0.01
Cleveland, Ohio	52	38	52	0.44
Davenport, Iowa	44	40	40	....
Denver, Colo.	48	26	46	....
Des Moines, Iowa	44	34	40	....
Detroit, Mich.	48	38	48	0.54
Duluth, Minn.	34	28	30	....
El Paso, Tex.	68	48	62	....
Galveston, Tex.	82	72	70	0.28
Helena, Mont.	46	26	42	....
Indianapolis, Ind.	48	40	40	0.48
Jacksonville, Fla.	78	70	74	....
Kansas City, Mo.	48	36	40	....
Little Rock, Ark.	56	52	46	0.30
Los Angeles, Calif.	76	52	64	....
Louisville, Ky.	58	44	50	0.96
Marquette, Mich.	34	30	34	0.04
Memphis, Tenn.	56	54	46	0.28
Miami, Fla.	82	76	78	0.94
Mobile, Ala.	80	68	66	0.88
New Orleans, La.	82	70	66	0.82
New York, N. Y.	54	40	50	....
North Platte, Nebr.	46	22	40	....
Omaha, Nebr.	38	32	36	....
Philadelphia, Pa.	56	42	50	....
Phoenix, Ariz.	84	52	74	....
Pittsburgh, Pa.	64	36	56	0.01
Portland, Me.	44	38	44	....
Portland, Oreg.	52	48	52	0.44
Salt Lake City, Utah	56	28	52	....
St. Louis, Mo.	46	40	46	0.07
St. Paul, Minn.	34	30	32	....
San Antonio, Tex.	76	70	68	....
San Diego, Calif.	66	54	62	....
San Francisco, Calif.	68	52	60	....
Santa Fe, N. Mex.	52	26	44	....
Savannah, Ga.	76	66	74	....
Seattle, Wash.	52	46	50	0.12
Springfield, Ill.	46	40	44	0.02
Tampa, Fla.	84	70	78	....
Toledo, Ohio	44	38	44	0.70
Vicksburg, Miss.	70	62	58	0.72

River Bulletin.

Harpers Ferry, W. Va., Oct. 31.—Potomac River clear and Shenandoah slightly muddy.

TRAFFIC TOLL

As the death toll of traffic passed the 100 mark yesterday, statistics indicated that there were 35 more deaths and 206 more injuries up to date than during the corresponding period of 1931. The total number of accidents have decreased by 410. The figures are:

	1931	1932
Deaths	66	101
Injuries	2,995	3,201
Accidents	7,041	6,631

"Be Careful!"

BOARD OF EDUCATION BACKS FOXHALL SITE

Today May Urge Retention of Plot Purchased; Last Conference Held.

The Board of Education is expected to recommend to the District Commissioners today that the site for the new Foxhall Village elementary school already selected be definitely retained, thus clearing the way for immediate construction of the school.

Members of the board indicated late yesterday afternoon that they would make this recommendation following a conference with a delegation of citizens from Foxhall Village.

Award of contract for the school has been held up by objection from a number of residents in the community against the site purchased on Foxhall road between Volta place and Q street northwest. Yesterday's conference was announced as the last preceding definite recommandation by the School Board to the Commissioners. The delegation present and opposed to the site was in the minority.

Bids have been received for the work by the Commissioners and the award is expected to be made as soon as the recommendation is received from the School Board. Immediate construction of the school will make it available for occupancy next September.

Lack of an elementary school in Foxhall has resulted in congestion at the Fillmore School at Thirty-fifth and R streets northwest. Yesterday's conference was held under the joint auspices of the superintendent and the School Board's committee on buildings, grounds and equipment.

Jury Absolves Driver In Death of Woman

A verdict of accidental death was returned by a coroner's jury yesterday, after investigating the fatal injuries of Mrs. Anna Seidel, 55, of 5029 Conduit road northwest, who was killed Saturday afternoon by an automobile while crossing the road near her home.

David L. Wagley, 59, of 5413 Conduit road, driver of the car, was absolved of blame by the verdict. Henry J. Seidel, 26, son of the dead woman, told the jury that he was driving past the scene of the accident and stopped to offer assistance, only to find the victim was his mother. Mrs. Seidel is survived by a daughter, Miss Mary J. Seidel; her son, and her husband, Rudolph Seidel.

Smoke Screen Suspect Faces 3 More Charges

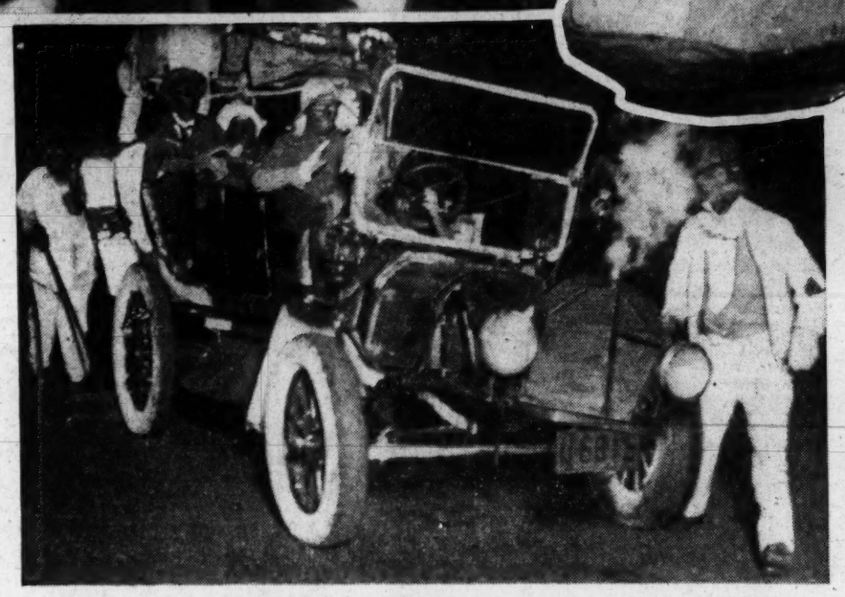
Three additional charges were put against Stanley Beaner of Washington, when he was returned to Prince Georges County yesterday on a warrant charging him with assault with intent to kill on County Policeman Ralph Brown. Beaner is accused of driving an auto whose occupants released a cloud of gas and smoke on Policeman Brown near College Park on July 12.

In addition to the assault charges, Policeman Brown yesterday swore out warrants against him for exceeding 60 miles per hour, failing to keep to the right of the road, and turning off lights to avoid arrest. Beaner was arrested in Washington by Lieut. George Little, of the liquor squad, on a lookout sent out by Brown.

FIRE RECORD.

12:53 a. m.—732 Lamont street northwest: trash.
1:33 p. m.—6036 Daniels road northwest: garage.
7:19 a. m.—Connecticut avenue and Rodman street northwest: street car.
9:36 a. m.—Woodward Building: awnings.
10:15 a. m.—1820 L street northwest: shed.
11:08 a. m.—3510 Fourteenth street northwest: awnings.
12:30 p. m.—1316 New Hampshire avenue northwest: furniture.
1:07 p. m.—2306 Sixteenth street southeast: woods.
3:44 p. m.—2035 Q street northwest: fence.
4:08 p. m.—1708 Lamont street northwest: automobile.
5:38 p. m.—1915 Calvert street northwest: awnings.
6:52 p. m.—404 First street northwest: bed.
7:19 p. m.—3814 Military road northwest: leaves.
7:31 p. m.—4836 Thirty-sixth street northwest: furniture.
7:43 p. m.—629 Longfellow street northwest: house.
7:46 p. m.—5802 Georgia avenue northwest: automobile.
9:49 p. m.—600 Twenty-second street northwest: awnings.

CROSS-SECTION OF ALL HALLOWEEN GAYETY IN CAPITAL



Post Staff Photos.

Halloween celebrants dancing on Constitution avenue after last night's parade are shown in the upper left picture. On the right is the Old Woman in the Shoe float entered by Friendship House and, below, the Amos 'n Andy automobile entered by Lewis A. McCrea, of 1325 Fifteenth street northwest.

NEGLECT OF RIVER DRAWS CRITICISM

Potomac Promotion Is Urged in Committee Report to Local Chamber.

The lack of public interest in the Potomac River, classed as one of Washington's greatest scenic and historic assets, was deplored yesterday at a meting of the transportation committee of the Washington Chamber of Commerce. Increased efforts to promote the use of the river for passenger, freight and recreational purposes, was recommended in a resolution adopted by the committee.

The action was taken following a report submitted by E. S. Wilson, jr., chairman of a special committee appointed to investigate the matter.

Pointing out that the Potomac has played an outstanding part in the upbuilding of one of the oldest and most famous sections of the United States, the committee urged the support of present movements for river beautification.

Declaring that the Potomac is today an important medium for passenger and freight transportation, with numerous points of scenic and historic interest along its banks, the committee requested the Chamber of Commerce to direct its efforts to the promotion of the river to its rightful place in the sun.

The appointment of Maj. Ernest W. Brown, as superintendent of police, and Inspector B. A. Lamb, as head of the Traffic Bureau, was upheld by the committee.

400 Children Attend P.-T.A. Halloween Party

More than 400 children, about 250 of them in costumes, attended the Halloween party sponsored by the Parent-Teacher Association yesterday at the Janny School, Albemarle and Forty-first streets northwest.

Prizes were awarded to three boys and three girls for the best, most original and funniest costumes. The boys were Sammy Flickberger, John Flattery and Dent Farr. The girls were Margaret Downey, Evelyn Cave and Eugenia Jacobs.

Sibley Will Hold Roll Call Friday

Mrs. Samuel A. Mooers Is to Preside at Ceremony of Woman's Guild.

The Annual Roll Call of the Woman's Guild of Sibley Hospital will be held Friday night at 8 o'clock in Rust Hall, adjoining the hospital. Mrs. Samuel A. Mooers, president, will preside.

The roll call, one of two events held annually by the guild, will feature reports from its 44 circles. The circles are under the following division leaders: Mrs. R. L. Ross, Mrs. S. Stellwagen, Mrs. A. M. Talbert and Mrs. Carl Ratliff.

The address of the evening will be made by Bishop Edwin H. Hughes. There will be a musical program, which will include selections by the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co. Glee Club. Dr. Charles S. Cole, hospital president, will talk.

BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES

BIRTHS REPORTED.

George and Mena Gardner, girl.

DEATHS REPORTED.

Lucretia J. Lamson, 92 yrs., 1290 Crittenden st. nw.
George B. Starkweather, 85 yrs., 1619 Seventeenth st. nw.
Michael A. Caughlan, 79 yrs., Gar. Hos.
Catherine W. Godey, 75 yrs., 3006 32d st. nw.
John Lewis, 73 yrs., Gall. Hosp.
Alice H. Babbitt, 71 yrs., 4209 Ill. ave., nw.
Barney Harris, 71 yrs., 3215 20th st. ne.
Corah I. Myers, 70 yrs., 1745 Mass. ave. se.
Margaret Wilson, 70 yrs., Gall. Hosp.
Broadus Wood, 68 yrs., Emerg. Hosp.
Sadie C. Nairn, 61 yrs., G. W. Hosp.
Olin B. Howard, 56 yrs., Potomac River.
Stanley H. Ridings, 54 yrs., 619 E ne.
Daniel McDonald, 54 yrs., 921 19th nw.
Mary E. Burhans, 53 yrs., 4417 7th nw.
May V. Mothershead, 53 yrs., 1206 4½ st. nw.
Isadore L. Kahn, 52 yrs., 5709 16th nw.
Ruth Thomas, 40 yrs., Gall. Hosp.
Jennie Werdig, 34 yrs., Sibley Hosp.
Elmer J. Bleienberger, 25 yrs., Em. Hos.
Thomas E. Roche, 20 yrs., 1713 Euclid st. nw.
Delores Stout, 4 yrs., Children's Hosp.
Henry Young, 70 yrs., Gall. Hosp.
Henry T. Swann, 60 yrs., 1137 Fairmont st. nw.
Daniel Ford, 54 yrs., St. Eliz. Hosp.
William O. Grigsby, 38 yrs., Walter Reed Hosp.
David Crickett, 19 yrs., T. B. Hosp.

LICENSED TO MARRY.

Frank Cisler, 49, and Janet P. Williams, 33. The Rev. E. O. Clark.
Roger Contesi, 30, New York City, and Louise Vivian Spencer, 23. The Rev. Robert Johnson.
Stephen D. Lefas, 51, and Anna E. McVew, 47. The Rev. Gerhard Lenski.
Jack Terlitsky, 22, and Sarah King, 19, both of Baltimore, Md. Rabbi J. T. Loeb.
David Paul Meyers, 28, and Anna Jacob, 23, both of Baltimore, Md. Judge R. E. Mattingly.
Howard Russell Norris, 27, and Helen Catherine Jaworski, 25, both of Baltimore, Md. The Rev. A. F. Poore.
Carl F. Langley, 21, Bradbury Heights, Md., and Mary Louise Kaldenback, 18, College Park, Md. The Rev. J. T. Kennedy.
Theodore Lowrey, 22, and Inez Thurston, 22, both of Columbia, Va. The Rev. L. J. McDoualle.
Walker Kennedy, 31, and Almiar Pearse, 29. The Rev. C. L. Smallwood.
William H. Burton, 23, and Elizabeth F. Douglass, 20. The Rev. W. D. Jarvis.
Charles Butler, 29, and Adelle K. Jones, 24. The Rev. B. S. Askew.
John T. Jackson, 21, and Alma M. Belle, 19. The Rev. Leo Michael.
Mustafa A. Gzzet, 30, and Alice K. Febrey, 22, Park avenue, New York City. Judge R. E. Mattingly.
Harry Smith, 37, and Sara L. Thompson, 30. The Rev. John Weidley.

Marriage licenses issued in Arlington County:

Arthur Charles Reynolds, 33, and Leone Hardy, 33, both of Rosslyn, Va. Bryan Gordon.
Frank P. Boggess, 31, of Fort Myer Heights, Va., and Anne Greer Gibson, 29, of Clarendon, Va. The Rev. Perry L. Mitchell.

Licenses issued at Rockville, Md.:

Grant W. Clinton, 28, and Elizabeth V. Harris, 21, both of Arlington, Va.
Spencer Henderson, 21, and Virginia Lefeged, 16, both of Rockville, Md.

Rent Debt Drives Woman to Suicide

Washington Girl Takes Poison and Dies Before Aid Reaches Her.

Despondent because she had been unable to pay the rent for her apartment at 3701 Sixteenth street northwest, Miss Val Kovacs, who celebrated her twenty-ninth birthday two weeks ago, swallowed a quantity of poison and was discovered dead by the resident manager of the apartment house yesterday afternoon.

Her employer, alarmed because Miss Kovacs did not come to work and did not inform him that she would be absent, phoned her apartment and, when he received no ansker, he asked Mrs. D. Andrews, manager of the building, to locate Miss Kovacs.

Mrs. Andrews discovered the young woman lying on the floor with a bottle of poison close by. An Emergency Hospital physician pronounced her dead. A certificate of suicide was issued by the coroner. Her father and mother, both of Claiborne, Tex., survive her.

Wife Given Reversal In Maintenance Suit

The District Court of Appeals yesterday reversed a ruling of the District Supreme Court, which had, in effect, denied a claim of temporary maintenance to Mrs. Ellen M. Cissell, in a suit against her husband, William Eugene Cissell.

The District Supreme Court had held that Mrs. Cissell's suit did not make out a basis for maintenance, and the higher court held that it did. Justice William Hitz, who wrote the opinion of the appellate court, said that under the statutes the bill stated a cause of action, and he ordered the case reversed and remanded for the proper action. Attorneys O'Shea, Burnett and Goldstein appeared for Mrs. Cissell.

Adequate Leave to Vote Asked of Government

Chief clerks of various Government departments have before them proposals that adequate leave be granted voters from nearby Maryland and Virginia who wish to cast their ballots at the polls.

The Arlington County Republican committee, through its chairman, L. C. MacPherson has specifically requested time off for voting. Polls open at 7 a. m. and close at 5:01 p. m. election day. MacPherson claims congestion in the early morning and late afternoon makes it impossible for many Government workers to vote.

18,000 Eggs Stolen, Crates, Truck and All

If they have ham, somebody will surely have ham and eggs, for they have the eggs.

Police were looking last night for a truck loaded with 125 crates of eggs—18,000 eggs, provided the crates held 12 dozen each and were all filled. The truck was reported stolen early last night from 1209 Morse street southeast.

Pranks' Reign Keeps Police Autos on Run

Ghosts, goblins and the mischievous—both young and old—made life miserable for police and slumber uneasy for householders last night.

Police scout cars were kept scurrying hither and yon from early until late. The police radio announcer was kept busy announcing places where pranks and stunts had become obnoxious. It was "Police Number so-and-so. At address so-and-so. Trouble." More than 100 messages had been transmitted over the radio by midnight, which was about three times the usual nightly number.

The pranks perpetrated included everything within the ingenuity of Halloween prankers. No section of the city escaped. On Wisconsin avenue motorists were drenched with water from a garden hose, on North Capitol street traffic was tied up by a wooden hobby-horse under a street car, and thus it went throughout the night for the police, while the householder who failed to muffle his door bell undoubtedly knew no peace of mind or sweetness of slumber.

Undoubtedly every one will agree that the fellow who started this Halloween business was a pagan who lived before the Christian era.

Woman Succumbs To Auto Injuries

Mrs. B. E. Rogers Was Hurt in October 22 Accident Near Fairfax.

Mrs. B. E. Rogers, 77, of 5407 Kansas avenue northwest, died last night in the Georgetown Hospital from injuries sustained in an automobile accident in the cutoff on the Lee Highway, one mile west of Fairfax, Va., October 22.

Mrs. Rogers was a passenger in the car driven by her son-in-law, John W. Walsh, of the same address. The car collided with one driven by Peyton L. Hinkle, of Southport, Conn., and both machines turned over several times.

Hinkle was arrested by the Fairfax County police on charges of being drunk and in the possession of ardent spirits. He was released on $1,000 bond, pending the outcome of injuries to the occupants of both cars.

Chest Information Institute Will Open

Various Relief Angles Will Be Discussed During 3-Day Session.

First hand information regarding the work of all agencies of the Community Chest will be available at a three-day information institute, opening tomorrow in the Willard Hotel, and continuing through Friday. The first session will be devoted to discussions of "Public and Private Relief." Mrs. Dwight Clark, chairman of the information unit, will preside.

General topics of character building and health will be discussed at the second day's meeting, while the Community Chest campaign will be the order of business at the final meeting Friday morning.

Speakers will include Leroy A. Halbert, supervisor of the emergency relief division of the Board of Public Welfare; Arthur S. Rosichan, director of the United Hebrew Relief Society, and the Rev. Laurence J. Shehan, assistant director of Catholic Charities.

$100 in Jewelry Stolen As Window Is Smashed

Vincent L. Gulli, manager of a jewelry store at 923 G street northwest, reported to police yesterday that a window to the store was broken Sunday night and jewelry valued at about $100 was stolen.

Police also received a report from Isador Engle, 311 H street northwest, that his store was similarly entered and a $20 watch, $3.50 in dimes and $1.50 in pennies stolen.

Apartment Fire Loss Is Estimated at $3,000

Fire of unknown origin yesterday afternoon in the apartment of Russell Smith at 1328 New Hampshire avenue northwest did damage estimated at $3,000.

Although the apartment is located on the seventh floor of the building, firemen succeeded in preventing the fire from spreading.

Girl Knocked Down by Car.

Isabelle Thurston, 14 years old, of Takoma Park, Md., was taken to Casualty Hospital last night to be treated for lacerations after being struck by an auto on the Baltimore boulevard in Hyattsville. According to police, the machine which struck her was driven by H. H. Hendrickson, of Riverdale.

Capital Panhandlers Collect $1,460,000, Chest Head Says

The handout harvest, garnered by more than 2,000 panhandlers in Washington, totals $1,460,000 in a year.

Expressed differently, this figure means that generous Washingtonians are reaching into their pockets and giving $4,000 a day to the men of the street who "want a dime for a cup of coffee."

The authority for the statements is the Washington Community Chest, which yesterday announced the conclusions drawn from a survey of professional begging in the city.

The total sum, Chest officials noted, is two-thirds of the amount necessary to support the 63 chest agencies for a year.

The panhandling practice, it was pointed out, is carried on in the face of a strict vagrancy law making any person asking alms subject to arrest; but the professional beggar has reduced his art to a fine point. He keeps track of the policemen and is always gone before a citizen can report him.

"There is only one way to cope with this situation," Elwood Street, Chest director, said. "That is to refuse to give money to these panhandlers."

BRIDE FILES BRIEF ON SUBMETERING IN APPEALS COURT

Phone Service Regulation Is Seen Hinging Upon Decision.

A case in public utility litigation that may gain added significance if the Public Utilities Commission is finally sustained entered what will probably be its last phase yesterday when Corporation Counsel William W. Bride and his special assistant, William A. Roberts, filed a bried as intervenor for the commission in District Court of Appeals in the celebrated submetering legal battle.

The litigation concerns the two-year fight of the commission, assisted by the Potomac Electric Power Co., to break up the practice of submetering electric current. The opportunity an affirmative decision may give the utilities body to apply the same regulation to telephone service throughout the District, however, makes the case of interest to other utilities.

While the commission has taken no active steps to prevent private exchanges from charging extra for telephone calls, it has received complaints of the practice. The most common charge is 5 cents additional for a local call, though some apartment houses asses each subscriber to the exchange service 50 cents, $1 or more a month.

Order Not Sustained.

The submetering case concerning electric current goes back more than two years to the time when the commission sought unsuccesafully to prohibit submetering by regulation. Its order was not sustained by the District Supreme Court. Undaunted, the commission then approved a rule adopted by the Potomac Electric Power Co. refusing to sell current to groups which resold it to private consumers. It is this fight that is now in the courts, the District Supreme Court last spring having upheld the commission and the power company.

People's Counsel Richmond B. Keech and the power company have previously filed a brief in the Court of Appeals.

Three Grounds Cited.

The commission's counsel explains its interest in the matter in the preface to the brief on three grounds: First, that a submetering company would not come under the authority of the commission. Second, that submetering results "in gross discrimination and poor service." Third, that the system sets up "individual middle men intervening between the public utility and the consumer, antagonistic to both and profiting without the performance of any useful economic function."

The practice of submetering, once very prevalent among apartment houses and business establishments, has decreased considerably since the setting up of the last electric rate schedule, according to the commission, as provision was made to make it unprofitable to the operator.

Col. Fauntleroy Resigns Airport Vice Presidency

Col. C. E. Fauntleroy, Washington aviation leader, resigned yesterday as vice president of the Washington Hoover Airport.

He expects to leave the city this week for a month of hunting in Mississippi, returning to Washington probably in December. The vacancy which he leaves open will not be filled, as an economy measure.

Rankin Speaks at Tonight's Rally.

Representative John E. Rankin, of Mississippi, will be the chief speaker at a Democratic rally tonight at 8:30 o'clock at local Democratic headquarters, 1320 G street northwest. An entertainment feature will be a boxing bout.

ELDERLY MAN DIES ABOARD STREET CAR

Ambulance Doctor Refuses to Remove Body and End Traffic Jam.

An elderly man, tentatively identified as Henry C. Metcalf, an assistant foreman in the office of Public Buildings and Public Parks, died suddenly last night while en route to work aboard a Capital Traction street car.

Apparently stricken with a heart attack, the man's plight was first noticed by Policeman C. F. Lowery, attached to the Third Precinct, who was also a passenger on the car. Lowery said he at first thought the man was asleep, but closer examination revealed he was ill.

The car was stopped at Fourteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue northwest and an ambulance summoned. Before its arrival, however, Policeman B. T. Chew, of the Traffic Bureau, boarded the car and applied artificial respiration to the stricken man.

A number of papers in the man's pocket bore the initials "H. C. M." The name Henry C. Metcalf appeared on several other slips of papers.

He was pronounced dead by Dr. S. J. Gordon, of Emergency Hospital. Dr. Gordon, however, refused to remove his body in the ambulance so street car traffic, tied up for nearly half an hour, could be resumed.

Metcalf lived in Rosslyn, Va.

Child Burned Lighting Her Jack-o-Lantern

Danger may lie in a pumpkin hollowed out into a Jack-o-lantern. Ten-year-old Katherine Summers, of 718 P street southwest, found this out when she was painfully burned yesterday.

As she was lighting the candle inside the pumpkin, her dress caught fire and she received second degree burns on the left thigh and knee. At Casualty Hospital she missed the after-dark celebration of Halloween.

NEW! The McGregor

Bag-Pipe Jacket

With an Imported Briar Pipe and Waterproof Zipper Tobacco Pocket

$10.95

It's made of very fine suede, and cut like a cossack jacket. It has leather cuffs, and turn-down leather collar. Zipper front. And for full measure, McGregor has included in imported briar pipe and waterproof zipper tobacco pocket. Complete, $10.95.

Main Floor, Men's Sport Shop.

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